COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

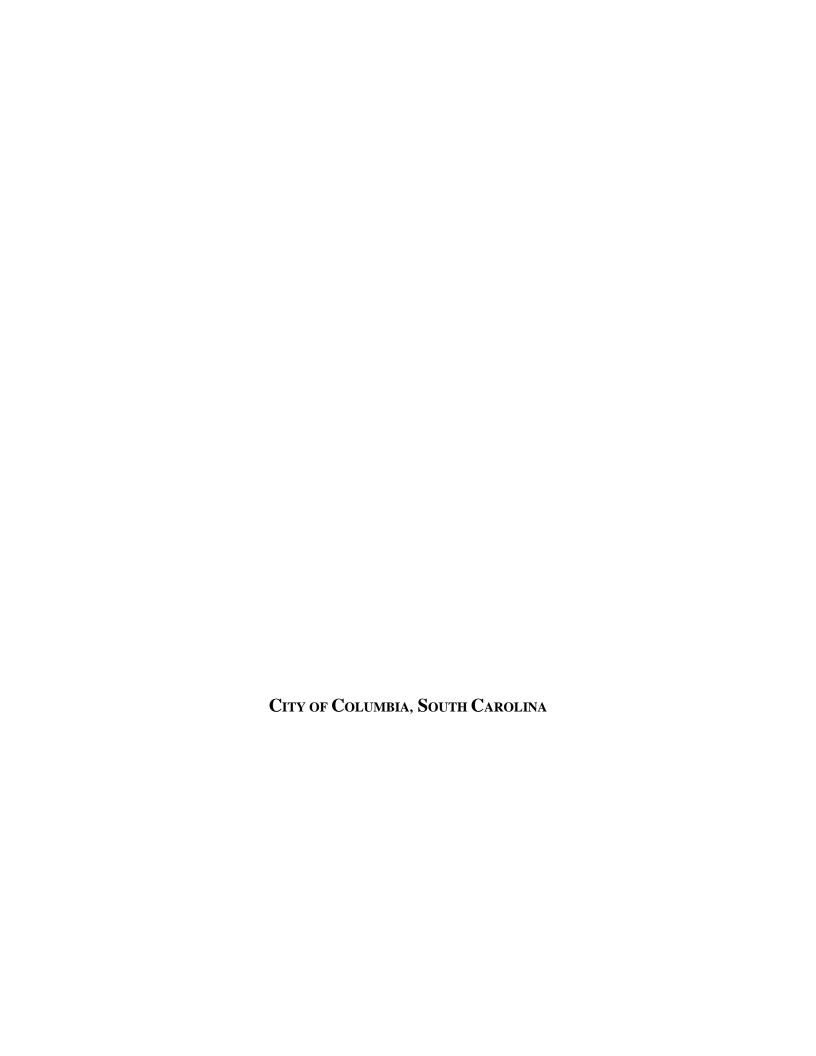
City Manager Charles P. Austin, Sr.

Finance Director Catherine Alexander

Accounting Administrator Tawana Shine

Prepared by the Finance Department

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA



December 15, 2005

Honorable Robert D. Coble, Mayor Members of City Council City of Columbia, South Carolina

Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is our pleasure to submit this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Columbia, South Carolina for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005. The organization, form, and content of this report, and the accompanying financial statements and statistical tables, were formulated according to the principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the Government Finance Officers Association. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The City of Columbia's financial statements have been audited by J.W. Hunt & Company, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Columbia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Columbia's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2005, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. We believe that the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects and presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position of the City, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. We believe that the report includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a thorough understanding of the City's financial affairs. Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City.

PRESENTATION

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory Section, which is unaudited, includes this Letter of Transmittal, the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, a list of the City of Columbia's elected officials and organizational charts of City staff and the Finance Division. The Financial Section includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Government-wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements and notes to the financial statements, combining schedules as well as the independent auditor's report on these financial statements and schedules. The Statistical Section, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The City of Columbia is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, revised June 24, 1997, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." Information related to this single audit, including a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the independent auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs will be included in a separately issued single audit report.

General Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Columbia's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds and account groups of the Primary Government (i.e., the City of Columbia as legally defined), as well as its Component Units. The Component Units of the City of Columbia are legally separate entities for which the Primary Government is financially accountable. The government provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, certain judicial services, community development and promotion, water and sewer services, solid waste services, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, recreational activities and cultural events.

Discretely Presented Component Units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Primary Government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations.

The City and its Organization

The City of Columbia is the largest city and the capital of South Carolina. It serves as the cultural, educational, and commercial center of the State. Columbia, located in the geographic center of South Carolina and is served by three interstate highways, and is a comfortable drive to a number of other southeastern metropolitan areas. There are 131.5 square miles of land within the corporate boundaries of the City. The City's estimated population is 117,394 with 565,666 in the metro area.

The City of Columbia has a Council – Manager form of government. The seven member City Council, including an elected Mayor, oversees a City Manager who is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and manages the day-to-day operations including budgeting and finances.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

The Greater Columbia Area has a business-friendly operating environment, a well-trained labor force, an excellent transportation network and support infrastructure that is pro-business. This results in steady growth for the Columbia economy. A balanced economic base, including federal, state and local governments, plus a large medical community provides a stable source of jobs for the growing workforce. The number of jobs in the region increased from 273,458 to 290,023.

The country's largest military training facility, Fort Jackson, is also located in Columbia. Annual expenditures by Fort Jackson exceed \$716 million, and over 100,000 family members visit the Midlands area each year to attend basic training graduation activities These visitors have a solid impact on the local economy, supporting local hotels, restaurants and shopping areas. Fort Jackson is currently planning new infrastructure projects of approximately \$150 million.

A major economic "partner", The University of South Carolina has launched a major 56-acre Research Campus expansion program in Columbia's City Center. Being promoted as "The Innovista Campus", the research conducted will concentrate on nanotechnology, hydrogen fuel cell research, bio-medical and environmental sciences. The University will add 600 new faculty members in the next six years and five million square feet of new research-lab, classroom, administrative, residential and retail space. The City of Columbia will build two new parking facilities to support this expansion. The economic impact of new construction, \$141 million in Phase I, and the long-term effect of the new research, including the creation of new companies and new-high paying jobs using the new technology, will have a positive impact on the local and state economy.

The renaissance of Columbia's City Center continues with the occupancy of the new 300,000 square foot Meridian Tower office building and the construction of the new state headquarters of First Citizens Bank & Trust Company on Main Street that will be completed in early 2006. The 25-acre Canalside project

and the 180-acre redevelopment of the S.C. Mental Health property, as well as a number of infill projects will dramatically increase the availability of residential home ownership in Columbia's City Center within the next several years.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City's Master Plan highlights the strengths and opportunities available to support the continued growth of Columbia. The Master Plan sets forth a list of development opportunities, principles and strategies to guide public and private investment in the future, and focus on creating a vibrant urban core with a mixture of residential, retail and office space along with cultural and entertainment opportunities.

A partnership of local area governments, private business owners and landowners along the Midlands three rivers, are building a series of greenways, parks and trails. The Three Rivers Greenway is providing the long-awaited river access to the public while preserving the natural beauty and protecting the rivers as an asset for the local communities. The \$4 million Canalside Esplanade and \$6 million Canalfront project give evidence of the City's commitment to riverfront development.

The Congaree Vista district (The Vista) continues to be a major economic force in Columbia's City Center. The area stretches eight blocks from the riverfront to Main Street and naturally ties downtown to the new riverfront development. The Vista area is a mix of antique and retail shops, dining and entertainment establishments, as well as residential development. A new Publix grocery store was opened in an old historic warehouse in the Vista in August 2004. Over \$175 million in new development projects have begun within three blocks of Publix and more development is being planned.

The current revitalization effort in the North Columbia area involves business development, neighborhood redevelopment and major corridor streetscaping. Within this area specific targeted and programmed activities, exceeding \$35 million, have begun to facilitate job creation through investments in retail, commercial, industrial and manufacturing projects and residential housing initiatives.

With a mixture of revenue sources, the City of Columbia has embarked on a variety of infrastructure projects. These projects allow cabling for underground utilities, replacing or moving old water, sewer and storm drain utilities, redesigning streets, and updating gateways into the City. Streetscape improvements include Harden Street, Lady Street, Two Notch, North Main Street and Main Street. The projects will also include new sidewalks, period street lighting, and major landscaping, as well as infrastructure improvements.

The long anticipated construction of the new Charles R. Drew Wellness Center began in November 2003, and has been completed. The new center includes an indoor 25-meter swimming pool for competition, as well as instruction and general use, a large gymnasium, meeting rooms, offices and showers. The 39,953 square foot facility includes space for fitness activities including a wellness/health room. The Charles R. Drew Park Wellness Center enhances the City of Columbia's ability to provide instructional, recreational and competitive swimming and fitness activities for all of its citizens.

With the opening in September 2004 of the \$35 million Convention Center, the City has selected a private developer who is currently building a new 222 room Convention Center Hotel. The Hilton is expected to open in 2007. The City has recently issued \$45 million in Parking Revenue Bonds to pay for three new parking garages. The garages will be located near the Convention Center, two in the Main Street area and one in the Vista.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

Internal controls are procedures that are designed to protect assets from loss, theft or misuse; to check the accuracy and reliability of accounting data; to promote operational efficiency; and to encourage compliance with managerial policies. The management of the City is responsible for establishing a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurances these objectives are met.

In addition to the examination of controls performed by members of the finance and accounting department, the City's internal auditors review and assess financial transactions for accuracy, completeness, and authorization.

Federal and State financial assistance programs require recipients to comply with many laws and regulations. Administrative controls are procedures designed to ensure compliance with these regulations. The City maintains budgetary controls, which are designed to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the annual budget as adopted by Council. The City's budget process provides for input from department administrators, top management, elected officials, and the public to determine the City's programs and services for the year. Transfers between funds are approved by the City Manager. The general fund has a formally adopted legal budget. Other funds have approved budgets for management purposes.

CASH MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The decision to split the \$140 million investment portfolio between four asset managers continues to be successful. This decision maximized the earnings potential on the portfolio. During an uncertain year in the market, the City of Columbia was able to minimize loss on market earnings with less portfolio risk with our management diversity. Additionally, the City maintains \$73 million in yield restricted money market funds for arbitrage purposes. These funds represent debt service reserve funds and the balance of bond proceeds. Our working capital is invested daily at a negotiated Federal Funds rate. Unrealized loss of \$1.3 million has been reported as a decrease in investment income in the year ended June 30, 2005.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Columbia for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. This was the tenth consecutive year that the City of Columbia has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. City management believes that this 2005 CAFR conforms to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for their review.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report represents countless hours of preparation. Many individuals are responsible for its completion. The utmost appreciation is extended to the many City employees throughout the organization who daily maintain the financial records upon which this document is based. Special recognition is given to the employees of the finance and accounting department who worked diligently to insure the accuracy of the report.

These efforts and this kind of interest should indicate that our financial integrity is uppermost. Our commitment to sound financial management will continue, and with your support we feel that our City will remain dedicated and responsible.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles P. Austin, Sr.

City Manager

Steven A. Gantt

Senior Assistant City Manager

Catherine G. Alexander

Finance Director

Tawana Shine

Accounting Administrator

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Columbia, South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES

CORPORATION

(anex L. Zielle President

Executive Director

Kuy R. Ener

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2005

MAYOR

Robert D. Coble

COUNCIL MEMBERS

District 1	Sam Davis
District 2	E. W. Cromartie, II
District 3	Anne M. Sinclair
District 4	Hamilton Osborne, Jr.
At Large	Tameika Isaac-Devine
At Large	Daniel J. Rickenmann

CITY MANAGER

Charles P. Austin, Sr.

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER

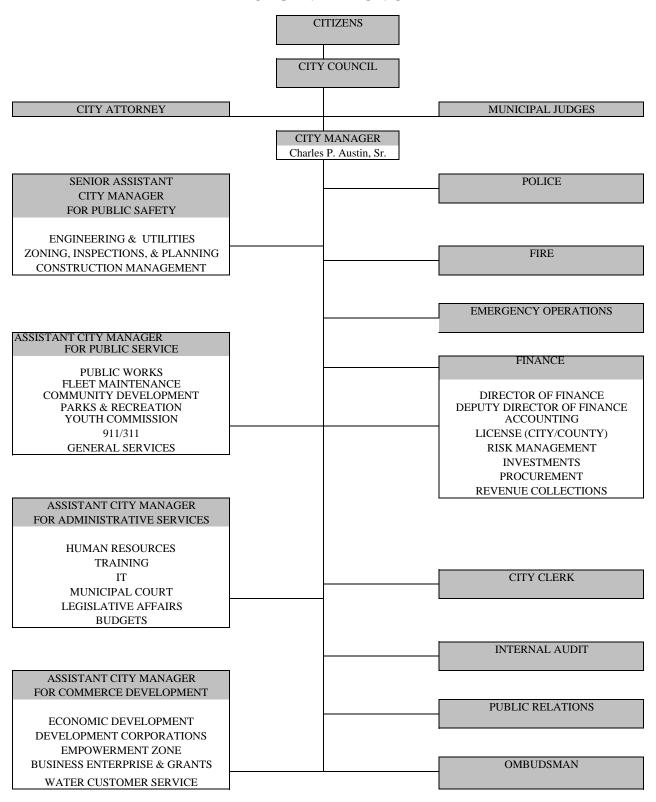
Senior Assistant City Manager for Operations	Steven A. Gantt
Assistant City Manager for Public Services	S. Allison Baker
Assistant City Manager for Administrative Services	Gladys L. Brown
Assistant City Manager for Commerce & Development	Dana D. Turner

DEPARTMENT HEADS

City Attorney	James S. Meggs
Community Development Director	Richard J. Semon
Court Administrator	Gladys L. Brown
Develoment Services/Zoning Director	Marc S. Mylott
Economic Development	James B. Gambrell
Finance Director	Catherine G. Alexander
Fire Chief	Wm. Bradley Anderson
General Services	John David Spade
Human Resources Director	Jacques A. Gilliam
Information Technology	Robert Hecker
Parks and Recreation Director	S. Allison Baker
Planning Director	Nathaniel B. Land
Police Chief	H. Dean Crisp, Jr.
Public Relations Director	Leshia Utsey
Public Works Director	Melissa Smith Gentry
Utilities & Engineering Director	John J. Dooley, Jr., P.E.

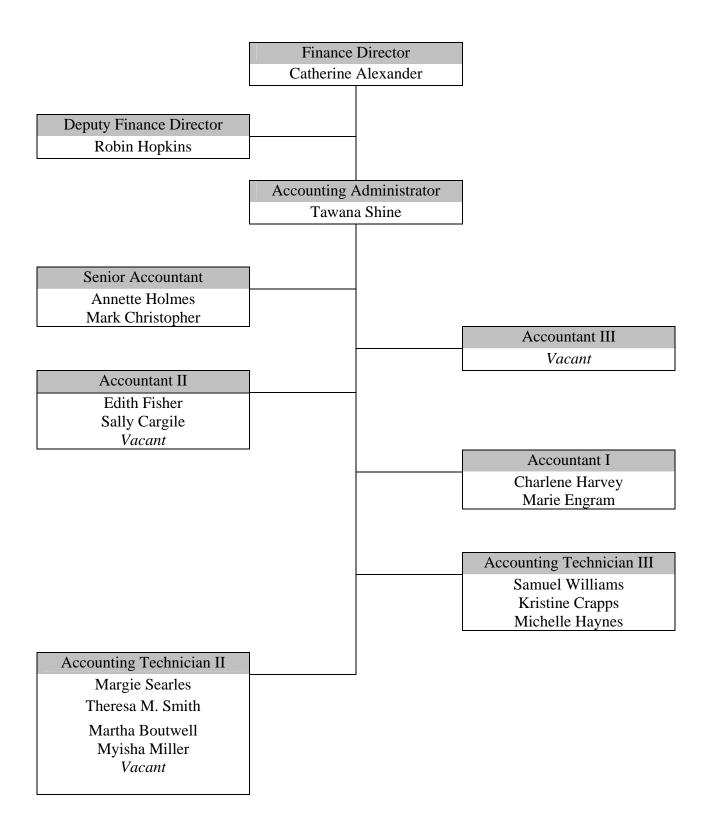
CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

ORGANIZATION CHART



CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

FINANCE DEPARTMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

J. W. HUNT AND COMPANY, LLP

JOHN C. CREECH, JR., CPA ANNE H. ROSS, CPA WILLIAM F. QUATTLEBAUM, CPA, CVA WILLIAM T. POUNCEY, CPA DAVID G. SHEFFIELD, CPA, CVA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION AND
CENTER FOR PUBLIC COMPANY AUDIT FIRMS

CPA ASSOCIATES INTERNATIONAL, INC.,
A WORLDWIDE NETWORK OF ACCOUNTING FIRMS

MIDDLEBURG OFFICE PARK 1607 ST. JULIAN PLACE POST OFFICE BOX 265 COLUMBIA, SC 29202-0265 803-254-8196 FAX 803-256-1524 iwhunt.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Columbia, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbia, South Carolina (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(Continued)

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will also issue our report on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplemental Information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

J. W. thent and Company, LLP

Columbia, South Carolina December 15, 2005

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of the City of Columbia (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$678,679,556 (net assets).
- The government's total net assets increased by \$57,991,339.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$56,363,763, a decrease of \$11,332,259 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$35,947,754 is classified as unreserved. Additional information on the City's governmental fund balance is can be found in note I F on page 54 of this report.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$15,196,044, or 20 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt increased by \$42,798,066 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City 's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, finance, community development, public safety, parks and recreation, public services, general services, and community promotion. The business-type activities of the City include a water and sewer facility, a hydroelectric plant, storm water operations, parking facilities, transportation operations, and redevelopment programs.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also eight legally separate component units. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-28 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains twenty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the county services fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-31 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains six different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer facilities, hydro electric plant, storm water operations, parking facilities, transportation operations, and redevelopment programs. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, support services including inventory, and its risk management. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer facilities, which is considered a major fund of the City. The hydro electric plant, storm water operations, parking facilities, transportation operations, and the redevelopment programs, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the nonmajor proprietary funds and the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-35 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 36 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 40-73 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on general fund. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 91-105 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects the condensed comparative Statement of Net Assets for 2005 and 2004.

City of Columbia Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-t	ype Activities	<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	2004	<u>2005</u>	2004
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 95,216,134	\$ 118,890,899	\$ 189,936,917	\$ 143,835,376	\$ 285,153,051	\$ 262,726,275
Capital assets	157,930,199	116,003,331	501,318,280	471,140,514	659,248,479	587,143,845
Total assets	253,146,333	234,894,230	691,255,197	614,975,890	944,401,530	849,870,120
Liabilities						
Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	38,723,196	46,611,088	165,571,042	123,693,460	204,294,238	170,304,548
Other liabilities	30,824,953	35,980,157	30,602,783	22,285,422	61,427,736	58,265,579
Total liabilities	69,548,149	82,591,245	196,173,825	145,978,882	265,721,974	228,570,127
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, ne	t					
of related debt	45,224,118	13,958,745	323,319,938	347,215,982	368,544,056	361,174,727
Restricted	54,858,328	88,268,459	18,553,749	33,854,487	73,412,077	122,122,946
Unrestricted	83,515,738	50,075,781	153,207,685	87,926,539	236,723,423	138,002,320
Total net assets	\$ 183,598,184	\$ 152,302,985	\$ 495,081,372	\$ 468,997,008	\$ 678,679,556	\$ 621,299,993

Over half of the City's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

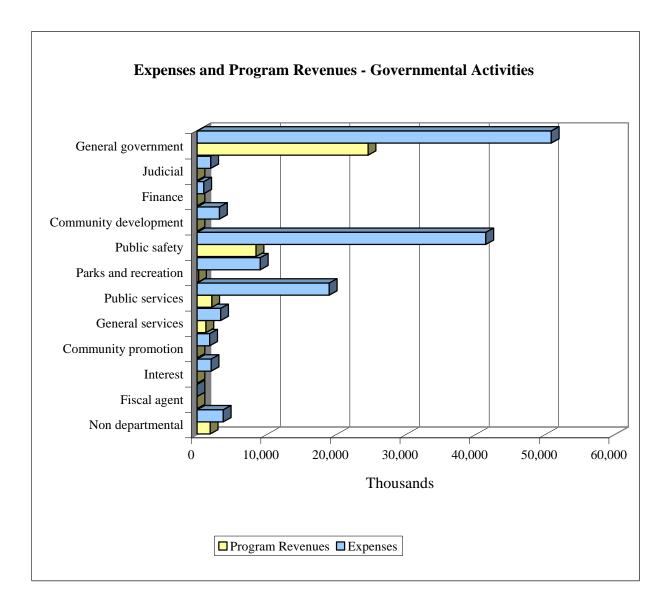
The table below provides a summary of the changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004:

City of Columbia Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2005 and 2004

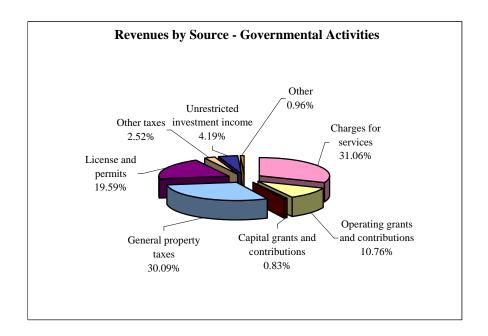
	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues	2003	2001	2003	2001	2003	2001
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 62,989,276	\$ 62,344,228	\$ 96,099,207	\$ 93,091,866	\$ 159,088,483	\$ 155,436,094
Operating grants &	Ψ 02,707,270	Ψ 02,344,220	Ψ 20,022,207	Ψ 73,071,000	Ψ 137,000,403	Ψ 133,430,074
Contributions	25,839,940	16,251,273	-	-	25,839,940	16,251,273
Capital grants & contributions	-	872,341	-	-	-	872,341
General revenues						
Property taxes	36,597,464	38,407,974	-	-	36,597,464	38,407,974
Other taxes	3,155,799	3,060,124	-	-	3,155,799	3,060,124
Unrestricted investment income	2,625,477	12,996	3,368,514	1,218,796	5,993,991	1,231,792
Other	1,134,362	1,106,034	58,153	306,755	1,192,515	1,412,789
Total revenues	132,342,318	122,054,970	99,525,874	94,617,417	231,868,192	216,672,387
E						
Expenses	6.012.007	12.020.600			6.012.007	42.820.600
General government	6,912,887	43,839,690	-	-	6,912,887	43,839,690
Judicial	1,967,326	2,219,739	-	-	1,967,326	2,219,739
Finance department	1,194,909	1,232,327	-	-	1,194,909	1,232,327
Community development	3,082,389	3,479,088	-	-	3,082,389	3,479,088
Public safety	38,027,339	43,635,426	-	-	38,027,339	43,635,426
Parks & recreation	13,169,502	8,982,103	-	-	13,169,502	8,982,103
Public services	25,910,346	25,123,790	-	-	25,910,346	25,123,790
General services	2,630,296	2,948,912	-	-	2,630,296	2,948,912
Community promotion	781,376	1,108,589	-	-	781,376	1,108,589
Interest on bonds	3,131,666	3,861,176	-	-	3,131,666	3,861,176
Fiscal agent charges	-	4,078	-	-	-	4,078
Non departmental	3,956,106	4,385,198	-	-	3,956,106	4,385,198
Water/sewer facilities	-	-	67,586,282	68,234,546	67,586,282	68,234,546
Hydro electric plant	-	-	903,114	935,515	903,114	935,515
Storm water operating	-	-	1,518,394	1,537,867	1,518,394	1,537,867
Parking facilities	-	-	2,745,011	2,887,975	2,745,011	2,887,975
Transportation operations	-	-	121,363	130,053	121,363	130,053
Redevelopment programs			238,547	624,323	238,547	624,323
Total expenses	100,764,142	140,820,116	73,112,711	74,350,279	173,876,853	215,170,395
Increase (decrease) in net assets						
before transfers	31,578,176	(18,765,146)	26,413,163	20,267,138	57,991,339	1,501,992
Transfers	243,168	1,906,389	(243,168)	(1,906,389)		
Change in net assets	31,821,344	16,858,757	26,169,995	18,360,749	57,852,369	1,501,992
Net assets 7/1/04	152,302,985	169,161,742	468,997,008	450,636,259	621,299,993	619,798,001
Prior period adjustment	(526,145)					019,790,001
Net assets 7/1/04 as restated	151,776,840	160 161 742	<u>(85,631)</u>	450 636 250	(611,776)	610 709 001
ivet assets //1/04 as restated	131,//0,840	169,161,742	468,911,377	450,636,259	620,688,217	619,798,001
Net assets 6/30/05	<u>\$ 183,598,184</u>	\$ 152,302,985	\$ 495,081,372	\$ 468,997,008	<u>\$ 678,679,556</u>	\$ 621,299,993

The City's net assets increased \$56,363,763 during the current fiscal year. The following tables and graphs provide information regarding the government's change in net assets for the year ending June 30, 2005.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities					
		Expenses		Program Revenues	
General government	\$	6,912,887	\$	48,426,361	
Judicial		1,967,326		-	
Finance department		1,194,909		24,770,726	
Community development		3,082,389		1,895,324	
Public safety		38,027,339		10,074,367	
Parks and recreation		13,169,502		246,831	
Public services		25,910,346		1,291,775	
General services		2,630,296		-	
Community promotion		781,376		-	
Interest on bonds		3,131,666		-	
Non departmental		3,956,106		2,123,832	



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities					
Charges for services	\$	62,989,276			
Operating grants and contributions		25,839,940			
Capital grants and contributions		-			
General property taxes		36,597,464			
License and permits		-			
Other taxes		3,155,799			
Unrestricted investment income		2,625,477			
Other		1,134,362			



Governmental Activities. Net assets increased by \$31,821,344 in 2005.

Revenues

The general fund revenues increased by \$1,273,544 from the prior year. Increased collections for licenses and permits of approximately \$1 million during the year accounts for the overall increase. Special revenue fund revenue increased by \$1.6 million from the prior year while other grant revenue increased by \$1.8 million. Capital project fund revenue increased \$4.9 million from the prior year with the general capital projects fund increasing by \$3.2 million.

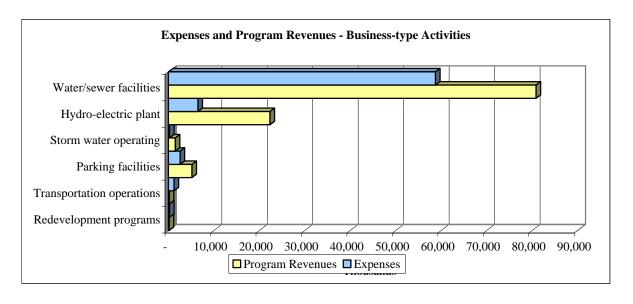
Expenses

The general fund had the largest increase in operating expenditures of \$1.12 million from the prior year. The largest increase of approximately \$1.9 million was in public services.

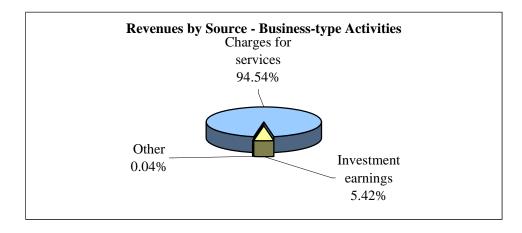
Transfers

Governmental funds had a net transfer in from business-type funds of \$243,168.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business type Activities					
		Expenses		Program Revenues	
Water/sewer facilities	\$	67,586,282	\$	84,981,926	
Hydro electric plant		903,114		635,608	
Storm water operating		1,518,394		3,679,426	
Parking facilities		2,745,011		6,737,387	
Transportation operations		121,363		360	
Redevelopment programs		238,547		64,500	



<u>Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities</u>				
Charges for services	\$	96,099,207		
Investment earnings		3,368,514		
Other		58,153		



Business-type Activities. Net assets increased by \$26,169,995.

Revenues

Operating revenues increased over the prior year by \$1.6 million or 1.9 percent. Storm water fund revenues accounted for a \$1.7 million increase in revenue from the prior year while the water and sewer fund had a \$.6 million decrease in revenue from the prior year.

Expenses

Business-type funds had an increase in expenses (less depreciation) of \$3.1 million or 6.8 percent. The largest increase was in the water and sewer fund with an increase of approximately \$2.6 million in personal service costs.

Transfers

Business-type funds had a net transfer out to governmental funds of \$243,168.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$56,363,763, a decrease of \$11,332,259 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 64 percent of this total amount (\$35,947,754) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1} to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$15,031,213), 2} to pay debt service (\$4,979,073), 3} to pay long-term notes (\$400,000) or 4} for other restricted purposes (\$5,723).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$15,196,044, while total fund balance reached \$16,843,510. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 20 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 22 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$366,961 during the current fiscal year. Operating revenues increased from prior year in the general fund by \$1,273,544. The largest increase was in license and permits of \$1.23 million. Operating expenditures increased from the prior year in the general fund by \$1.18 million.

Fund balance in special revenue funds increased by \$1.9 million.

Capital projects fund balance decreased by \$14.2 million.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The water and sewer facilities fund accounts for 47 percent of the total change in net assets of \$26 million.

The water and sewer facilities fund shows an operating income of \$76.6 million. The fund had capital contributions of \$8.2 million for this fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general fund variance of revenues collected over the budget is \$5,051,720. Actual revenues collected for business licenses and permits exceeded the budget by \$5,264,702. The largest portion of the increase in business license is reflected in the insurance industry rate increase, the ability to better monitor companies through multiple referencing, and companies more accurately reporting income.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2005 amounts to \$659,248,479 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 12 percent (a 36 percent increase for governmental activities and a 6 percent increase for business-type activities).

In lieu of annual depreciation, the City has elected to use the "modified approach" for its infrastructure assets. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale. Roads rating a 100 to 80 are classified as being in good condition while roads earning a rating of 79 to 50 are considered in serviceable condition and roads rating below 50 are considered in poor condition. Approximately 20 percent of the City's roads are in good condition. Approximately 75 percent are in serviceable condition

and the remaining 5 percent are in poor condition. Target condition levels are 25 percent good and 75 percent serviceable with no roads in poor condition.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Improvements to the water treatment plants increased construction in progress by \$28,572,235.
- Improvements to the water treatment plants were completed and added to capital assets (\$18.4 million).
- Contributed capital was added to capital assets of \$8.2 million.

City's Capita	al Assets	(net of	depreciation)
---------------	-----------	---------	---------------

_	Governmental Activities				Business-	Activities	Total				
	2005		2004	•	2005		2004	,	2005		2004
Land	\$ 39,276,883	\$	39,245,971	\$	13,676,365	\$	9,641,445	\$	52,953,248	\$	48,887,416
Construction											
work-in-progress	41,954,477		9,334,975		83,560,817		62,066,655		125,515,294		71,401,630
Infrastructure	3,740,440		2,180,880		-		-		3,740,440		2,180,880
Buildings	81,854,577		72,158,339		603,780,415		583,975,098		685,634,992		656,133,437
Machinery and											
equipment	37,634,615		35,915,605		20,586,052		19,574,517		58,220,667		55,490,122
Accumulated											
depreciation	(46,530,793)	_	(42,832,439)	-	(220,285,369)		(204,117,201)		(266,816,162)	_	(246,949,640)
Total	\$ 157,930,199	\$	116,003,331	\$	501,318,280	\$	471,140,514	\$	659,248,479	\$	587,143,845

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note III H on pages 63-64 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$221,786,210. Of this amount, \$20,320,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government and \$19,311,392 is tax increment debt for which the City is liable for the full amount of the debt but the debt service is paid through incremental tax revenues from property owners located in specific areas. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

The City's total debt increased by \$42,734,556 during the current fiscal year. This increase consisted of principal payments of \$26.5 million and addition of revenue bonds of \$64.1 million.

The City maintains an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "Aaa" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt. The revenue bonds of the City have been rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and a "Aa2" by Moody's.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its total assessed valuation without referendum. The current debt limitation for the City is \$27,040,507, which is in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note III K on pages 64-69 of this report.

Economic Factors and Subsequent Events

- The unemployment rate for the City of Columbia is currently 6 percent. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 6.9 percent but falls below the national average of 5 percent.
- The South Carolina leading index has fluctuated since January, 2005; this inconsistent pattern is expected to continue. The variation suggests an economy that is growing by historical standards.

Additional information regarding the City's subsequent events can be found in note VIII on page 73. These factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2005 fiscal year.

The City has an unreserved fund balance of \$12,211,089, which is 10 percent of the next year appropriation.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance, City of Columbia, PO Box 147, 1136 Washington Street, Columbia, South Carolina, 29217.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2005

		Primary Government		-
	Governmental	Component		
	Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Units
ASSETS	71011711100	7.0	. 544.	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,915,198	\$ 19,893,256	\$ 55,808,454	\$ 12,289,404
Investments	41,473,510	64,425,409	105,898,919	18,259,564
Receivables	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Property taxes	1,547,956	0	1,547,956	0
Federal government	3,091,547	0	3,091,547	0
State government	1,428,670	0	1,428,670	0
Other	6,140,472	0	6,140,472	0
Accounts	689,943	7,049,691	7,739,634	508,056
Accrued interest receivable	345,543	692,714	1,038,257	105,117
Notes receivable, net of allowance	400,000	3,815,662	4,215,662	202,789
Inventory	4,305,722	0	4,305,722	1,643
Internal balances	(449,187)	449.187	0	0
Due from component units	17,063	934,580	951,643	0
Due from primary government	0	0	0	28,502
Prepaid expenses	0	0	0	99,037
Escrow deposit	0	0	0	0
Unamortized bond costs	309,697	0	309,697	0
Real estate held for resale	. 0	555,941	555,941	4,650,371
Cash and cash equivalents restricted	0	17,831,143	17,831,143	0
Total current assets	95,216,134	115,647,583	210,863,717	36,144,483
Noncurrent assets				
Cash and cash equivalents restricted	0	50,316,148	50,316,148	0
Mortgage note receivable, net	0	17,938,985	17,938,985	789,227
Notes receivable	0	914,412		
Unamortized bond discounts and costs	0	2,383,734	2,383,734	1,430,912
Investment in partnership	0	0	0	613,092
Other	0	0	0	16,205
Contract receivable	0	2,736,055	2,736,055	0
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	39,276,883	13,676,365	52,953,248	1,445,547
Construction in progress	41,954,477	83,560,817	125,515,294	3,410,620
Infrastructure	3,740,440	0	3,740,440	0
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:			, ,	
Buildings, improvements and utility plant	62,074,724	396,116,379	458,191,103	43,671,496
Machinery and equipment	10,883,675	7,964,719	18,848,394	0
Total noncurrent assets	157,930,199	575,607,614	733,537,813	51,377,099
Total assets	\$ 253,146,333	\$ 691,255,197	\$ 944,401,530	\$ 87,521,582

(Continued)

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2005

	Primary Government							
	Governmental	Component						
	Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Units				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable \$	5,455,734	\$ 5,122,367	\$ 10,578,101	\$ 1,595,028				
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,794,697	1,200,777	3,995,474	0				
Accrued liability for claims	9,061,335	1,503,468	10,564,803	0				
Accrued interest	248,171	0	248,171	0				
Retainage payable	37	2,769,242	2,769,279	0				
Deferred revenue	1,762,991	0	1,762,991	83,859				
Due to component unit	2,008,242	0	2,008,242	0				
Due to primary government	0	0	0	937,697				
Compensated absences	5,149,073	0	5,149,073	0				
Current notes payable	0	114,825	114,825	5,902,051				
Current contracts payable	0	792,921	792,921	0				
Capital lease payable (due in one year)	690,244	1,091,638	1,781,882	0				
Bonds and notes (due in one year)	3,654,429	0	3,654,429	0				
Payable from restricted assets:								
Accrued interest	0	2,495,372	2,495,372	0				
General obligation bonds payable	0	210,000	210,000	0				
Revenue bonds payable	0	15,297,477	15,297,477	0				
Customer deposits	0	4,696	4,696	0				
Total current liabilities	30,824,953	30,602,783	61,427,736	8,518,635				
Noncurrent liabilities		040.000	040.000	50 FTT 500				
Noncurrent notes payable	0	640,000	640,000	58,577,588				
Capital lease purchase	2,956,233	0	2,956,233	0				
Bonds and notes (due after one year)	35,177,951	161,364,402	196,542,353	0				
Contracts payable	0	3,566,640	3,566,640	0				
Unamortized premium	589,012	0	589,012	0				
Total non current liabilities	38,723,196	165,571,042	204,294,238	58,577,588				
Total Hori Garretti Habilitios	00,720,700	100,011,042	204,204,200	00,011,000				
Total liabilities	69,548,149	196,173,825	265,721,974	67,096,223				
Not appete								
Net assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of	45 004 440	222 240 020	200 544 050	E 0E 4 7E0				
related debt Restricted for encumbrances	45,224,118	323,319,938	368,544,056	5,654,756				
	15,031,213	18 550 040	15,031,213	409 397				
Restricted for debt service	39,421,392	18,550,049	57,971,441	498,387				
Restricted for deposits	400,000	3,700	3,700	0				
Reserved for long-term loans receivable	400,000	0	400,000	0				
Held in trust	5 000		F 000	•				
Nonexpendable	5,000	0	5,000	0				
Expendable	723	452 207 605	723	44.070.040				
Unrestricted	83,515,738	153,207,685	236,723,423	14,272,216				
Total net assets	183,598,184	495,081,372	678,679,556	20,425,359				
Total liabilities and not assets	252 446 222	¢ 604.255.407	¢ 044 404 530	¢ 97.534.599				
Total liabilities and net assets	253,146,333	\$ 691,255,197	\$ 944,401,530	\$ <u>87,521,582</u>				

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net (Expenses) Revenues and

			Program Reve	nues		Changes in Net Assets					
			Operating	Capital	Prin	nary Government	Government				
		Charges for		Grants and	Governmen	tal Business-type		Component			
	Expenses	Services	Contribution	s Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS											
Primary government											
Governmental activities											
General government	\$ 6,912,887	\$ 22,917,241	\$ 25,509,120	0 \$ 0	\$ 41,513,4	74 \$ 0	\$ 41,513,474	\$ 0			
Judicial	1,967,326	0		0	(1,967,3	326) 0	(1,967,326)	0			
Finance department	1,194,909	24,770,726	(0	23,575,8	317 0	23,575,817	0			
Community development	3,082,389	1,895,324	(0	(1,187,0	065) 0	(1,187,065)	0			
Public safety	38,027,339	10,074,367	(0	(27,952,9	072) 0	(27,952,972)	0			
Parks and recreation	13,169,502	246,831	(0	(12,922,6	571) 0	(12,922,671)	0			
Public services	25,910,346	960,955	330,82	0	(24,618,5	571) 0	(24,618,571)	0			
General services	2,630,296	0	(0	(2,630,2	.96) 0	(2,630,296)	0			
Community promotion	781,376	0	(0	(781,3	376) 0	(781,376)	0			
Interest on bonds	3,131,666	0	(0	(3,131,6	666) 0	(3,131,666)	0			
Non departmental	3,956,106	2,123,832		0	(1,832,2	274) 0	(1,832,274)	0			
Total governmental activities	100,764,142	62,989,276	25,839,94	0 0	(11,934,9	026) 0	(11,934,926)	0			
Business-type activities											
Water/sewer facilities	67,586,282	84,981,926	,	0		0 17,395,644	17,395,644	0			
Hydro-electric plant	903,114	635,608		0		0 (267,506)		U			
Storm water operating	1,518,394	3,679,426		0		0 (207,300)	2,161,032				
Parking facilities	2,745,011	6,737,387		0		0 3,992,376	3,992,376	0			
Transportation operating	121,363	360		0		0 (121,003)		0			
Redevelopment programs	238,547	64,500		0		0 (174,047)		0			
riodovolopinom programo	200,047		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
Total business-type activities	73,112,711	96,099,207		0	_	0 22,986,496	22,986,496	0			
Total primary government	\$ <u>173,876,853</u>	\$ <u>159,088,483</u>	\$ 25,839,94	0 \$0	(11,934,9	22,986,496	11,051,570	0			
COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 11,257,288	\$ 5,368,283	\$ 4,054,05	5 \$ 588,185		0 0	0	(1,246,765)			
	General revenues	s									
	General prope	erty taxes			36,597,4	164 0	36,597,464	0			
	Alcoholic bev	erage taxes			3,131,6	07	3,131,607	0			
	Motor fuel tax	es			14,2	239 0	14,239	0			
	Miscellaneous	s state taxes			9,9	053	9,953	0			
	Fines and forf				903,7		903,730	0			
	Unrestricted i	nvestment earnii	ngs		2,625,4		5,993,991	596,813			
	Amortization	•			91,7		91,788	0			
	Gain on sale of	of capital assets			138,8	58,153	196,997	0			
	Transfers				243,1	68 (243,168)	0	0			
	Total general rev	enues and trans	fers		43,756,2	3,183,499	46,939,769	(649,952)			
	Change in net as	sets			31,821,3	26,169,995	57,991,339	(649,952)			
	Net assets - begi	nning			152,302,9	985 468,997,008	621,299,993	20,450,311			
	Prior Period Adju	ıstment			(526,1	45) (85,631)	(611,776)	625,000			
	Net assets - begi	nning, as restate	ed		151,776,8		620,688,217	21,075,311			
	Net assets - endi	ng		28	183,598,1	<u>84</u> \$ <u>495,081,372</u>	\$ 678,679,556	\$ <u>20,425,359</u>			

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2005

	-					Other		Tatal
				County		Other Governmental		Total Governmental
		General		Services		Funds		Funds
ASSETS	_							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,260,308	\$	366,544	\$	22,236,900	\$	25,863,752
Investments		10,270,867		0		14,351,262		24,622,129
Receivables Property taxes		1,494,392		0		53,564		1,547,956
Federal government		0		0		3,091,547		3,091,547
State government		788,765		0		639,905		1,428,670
Other		622		1,029,243		4,982,132		6,011,997
Accounts		608,521		0		0		608,521
Accrued interest receivable		118,879		0		109,104		227,983
Notes receivable		400,000		0		0		400,000
Due from other funds		3,318,987		0		4,806,798		8,125,785
Due from component units	-	15,054	_	0		2,009		17,063
Total assets	\$_	20,276,395	\$_	1,395,787	\$	50,273,221	\$	71,945,403
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	837,475	\$	456,365	\$	2,936,347	\$	4,230,187
Accrued salaries and benefits		2,024,515		295,632		76,491		2,396,638
Retainage payable		0		0		37		37
Deferred revenue		379,694		0		1,003,603		1,383,297
Due to other funds		191,201		643,790		4,728,248		5,563,239
Due to component unit	-	0	_	0		2,008,242	1	2,008,242
Total liabilities	_	3,432,885	_	1,395,787		10,752,968		15,581,640
Fund balance								
Reserved for encumbrances		1,247,466		0		13,783,747		15,031,213
Reserved for debt service		0		0		4,979,073		4,979,073
Reserved for long-term loans receivable		400,000		0		0		400,000
Held in trust		•		•		700		700
Nonexpendable		0		0		723		723 5 000
Expendable Unreserved, reported in		U		U		5,000		5,000
General fund		15,196,044		0		0		15,196,044
Special revenue funds		0		0		8,152,704		8,152,704
Capital projects funds	_	0	_	0		12,599,006		12,599,006
Total fund balance	_	16,843,510	_	0		39,520,253		56,363,763
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	20,276,395	\$_	1,395,787	\$	50,273,221		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the	statement of r	net a	ssets are dif	fere	ent because:		
Internal Service funds are used by management								
support services, and risk management to inc		_			_	•		
internal service funds are included in governi	men	tal activities ir	the	statement o	of ne	et assets		18,632,688
Capital assets used in governmental activities an reported in the funds	e no	ot financial res	our	ces and, the	refo	re, are not		153,490,366
Certain other assets are not available to pay for	Clirr.	ent neriod ove	nen d	litures and 4	her	ofore are		
deferred in the funds		po. 100 0xp	. J. IU	a. oo ana, t		,		
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance t	or d	oubtful accou	nts	of \$660,516.0	00			(379,694)
Unamortized bond costs				. ,				309,697
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, a	re n	ot due and pay	yabl	e in the curre	ent	period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds								
Accrued compensated absences								(5,149,073)
Accrued interest								(248,171)
Accrued bonds and notes payable								(38,832,380)
Unamortized premium								(589,012)
Net assets of governmental activities							\$	183,598,184

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	_					Other		Total
				County		Governmental		Governmental
	_	General		Services		Funds		Funds
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	31,285,819	\$	0	\$	0	\$	31,285,819
License and permits	Ψ	26,666,050	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	26,666,050
Intergovernmental revenue		8,728,588		0		0		8,728,588
Charges for services		6,059,904		0		0		6,059,904
Fines and forfeitures		903,730		0		0		903,730
Federal government		903,730		0		5,053,074		5,053,074
		0		0		3,378,397		3,378,397
State government County government		0		10,191,739		6,580,448		16,772,187
Promotions		0		0,191,739		264,974		264,974
Confiscated funds		0		0		40,488		40,488
Current taxes		0		0		5,243,537		5,243,537
Investment income		353,198		U		761,040		1,114,238
Other revenues		258,160		7,660,537		11,779,588		19,698,285
Revenue from component units		82,107		0 000,337		11,779,366		82,107
•		3,208,450		0		0		
Cost recovery fees	-	3,208,430		U	-			3,208,450
Total revenues	_	77,546,006		17,852,276	-	33,101,546		128,499,828
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		5,572,898		17,775,548		22,442,196		45,790,642
Judicial		1,888,129		0		0		1,888,129
Finance department		1,192,351		0		0		1,192,351
Community development		3,161,595		0		0		3,161,595
Public safety		37,124,426		0		424,123		37,548,549
Parks and recreation		6,404,335		0		6,658,673		13,063,008
Public services		17,040,356		0		8,047,104		25,087,460
General services		2,366,418		0		0		2,366,418
Community promotion		781,376		0		0		781,376
Non departmental		1,823,582		0		0		1,823,582
Paid to component units		41,861		0		805,836		847,697
Debt service								
Principal retirement		0		0		4,914,429		4,914,429
Interest on bonds		0		0		1,847,366		1,847,366
Fiscal agent charges		0		0		3,684		3,684
Capital outlay		_						
Capital outlay	_	0		76,728	-	431,381		508,109
Total expenditures	_	77,397,327		17,852,276	-	45,574,792		140,824,395
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		148,679		0		(12,473,246)		(12,324,567)
(under) experiences	-	140,010			-	(12,410,240)		(12,024,001)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		5,610,000		0		11,688,701		17,298,701
Transfers (out)		(5,391,718)		0		(10,914,675)		(16,306,393)
Transfer (Sus,	-	(0,001,110)			-	(10,011,010)		(10,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	218,282	-	0		774,026		992,308
Change in net assets		366,961		0		(11,699,220)		(11,332,259)
Beginning fund balance		16,476,549		0		51,745,618		68,222,167
Prior Period Adjustment		10,410,043 A		0		(526,145)		(526,145)
Beginning fund balance, as restated	-	16,476,549	-	0	-	51,219,473	ŀ	67,696,022
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	16,843,510	\$	0	\$	39,520,253	\$	56,363,763

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	(11,332,259)
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, support services, and risk management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities		(169,946)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		42,364,963
Depreciation expense		(3,838,451)
Capital asset sold-loss		(356,000)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest		(213,936) 27,648
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		68,108
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, government funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	al	5,271,217

31,821,344

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2005

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water/Sewer Facilities Fund		Other Proprietary Funds		Total	•	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS								
Current assets:			_			40.000.000		40.0=4.440
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,929,484	\$	4,963,772	\$	19,893,256	\$	10,051,446
Investments		47,058,279		17,367,130		64,425,409		16,851,381
Accounts receivable, net		5,854,408		1,195,283		7,049,691		81,422
Mortgage notes receivable, net		180,000		3,635,662		3,815,662		0
Accrued interest receivable		442,853		249,861		692,714		117,560
Deposits		0		0		0		128,475
Due from other funds		1,810,306		0		1,810,306		361,969
Due from component unit		934,580		0		934,580		0
Inventory		0		0		0		4,305,722
Real estate held for resale		0		555,941		555,941		0
Restricted Investments:								
Bond and interest redemption funds	_	17,152,602	_	678,541		17,831,143	_	0
Total current assets	_	88,362,512	_	28,646,190		117,008,702	-	31,897,975
Noncurrent assets								
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		49,597,242		718,906		50,316,148		0
Capital assets:	_			·			-	
Land Land		4,232,349		9,444,016		13,676,365		0
Construction in progress		78,608,517		4,952,300		83,560,817		0
Buildings, improvements and utility plant		572,904,632		30,875,783		603,780,415		903,585
Machinery and equipment		19,153,785		1,432,267		20,586,052		6,694,843
Less, accumulated depreciation		(213,153,530)		(7,131,839)		(220,285,369)		(3,158,595)
Net capital assets	_	461,745,753	_	39,572,527	•	501,318,280	-	4,439,833
Mortgage notes receivable, net	_	. 0	_	17,938,985		17,938,985	-	
Notes receivable		914,412		0		914,412		0
Contract receivable		0		2,736,055		2,736,055		0
Unamortized bond discounts and costs		2,290,987		92,747		2,383,734		0
Total noncurrent assets	_	514,548,394	_	61,059,220		575,607,614	-	4,439,833
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_				•	

(Continued)

602,910,906 \$

Total assets

692,616,316

36,337,808

89,705,410

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

June 30, 2005

	Business-tvi	oe Activities - Enterp	rise Funds	
	Water/Sewer Facilities Fund	Other Proprietary Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	i unu	i ulius	Total	Service i unus
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable \$	4,525,059	\$ 597,308	\$ 5,122,367	\$ 1,225,547
Accrued salaries and benefits	1,071,247	129,530	1,200,777	149,595
Accrued vacation pay	1,388,542	114,926	1,503,468	248,464
Retainage	2,689,629	79,613	2,769,242	0
Due to other funds	107,714	14,511	122,225	3,707,917
Accrued liability for claims	0	0	0	9,061,335
Note payable	34,825	80,000	114,825	0
Contract payable	. 0	792,921	792.921	0
Capital lease payable short term	1,091,638	0	1,091,638	690,244
Payables from restricted assets				
Accrued interest payable	2,291,425	203,947	2,495,372	0
General obligation bonds payable	0	210,000	210,000	0
Revenue bonds payable	14,857,477	440,000	15,297,477	0
Customer deposits	3,700	996	4,696	
Total current liabilities payable from current assets	28,061,256	2,663,752	30,725,008	15,083,102
Long-term liabilities:				
Note payable	0	640,000	640,000	0
Capital lease payable	0	040,000	040,000	2,956,233
Contract payable	ŏ	3,566,640	3,566,640	2,300,200
Revenue bonds payable, net	157,147,619	4,216,783	161,364,402	0
Total long-term liabilities	157,147,619	8,423,423	165,571,042	2,956,233
Total liabilities	185,208,875	11,087,175	196,296,050	18,039,335
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	288,614,194	34,705,744	323,319,938	4,439,833
Restricted for debt service	17,152,602	1,397,447	18,550,049	0
Restricted for deposits	3,700	0	3,700	0
Unrestricted	111,931,535	42,515,044	154,446,579	13,858,640
Total net assets	417,702,031	78,618,235	496,320,266	18,298,473
Total liabilities and net assets	602,910,906	\$ 89,705,410	\$ 692,616,316	36,337,808
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of interna to enterprise fund	I service fund activ	ities related	(1,238,894)	
Net assets of business type activities			495,081,372	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Business-	type A	Activities - Ente	rpris	se Funds		
-						٠	Governmental
	Water/Sewe	r	Other				Activities
	Facilities		Proprietary				Internal
-	Fund		Funds	-	Total		Service Funds
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 75,148,77	7 \$	7,934,644	\$	83,083,421	\$	23,050,342
Other operating revenue	1,451,91	2	2,383,116		3,835,028		0
Total operating revenue	76,600,68	9	10,317,760		86,918,449		23,050,342
Operating expenses:							
Personal services	21,845,44	2	2,631,452		24,476,894		3,005,420
Materials and supplies	4,672,31		181,545		4,853,863		5,562,752
Contractural services		0	0		0		1,729,249
Other services and charges	9,645,38	3	607,300		10,252,683		3,227,922
Heat, light and power	4,626,10		489,760		5,115,863		62,078
Claims and premiums		0	0		0,110,000		10,549,012
Indirect costs	3,200,00	•	0		3,200,000		0
			-		16,175,014		
Depreciation	15,277,63		897,383				893,274
Bad debt expense	823,05	1	39,349		862,400	•	0
Total operating expenses	60,089,92	8_	4,846,789	-	64,936,717		25,029,707
Operating income (loss)	16,510,76	1_	5,470,971		21,981,732		(1,979,365)
Nononorating royanuas (avnoncas)							
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	0.000.07		4 005 440		2 200 544		750 000
Investment income (loss)	2,063,37		1,305,143		3,368,514		756,836
Other nonoperating revenue	144,14		29,644		173,786		0
Gain (loss) from sale of assets	55,86		2,290		58,153		1,700
Interest expense	(6,869,70	-	(577,507)		(7,447,209)		0
Amortization of bond costs	(412,82	<u>2)</u>	(67,379)	-	(480,201)		0
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(5,019,14	8)	692,191	1	(4,326,957)		758,536
Income before contributions and transfers	11,491,61	3	6,163,162		17,654,775		(1,220,829)
Transfers in	1,841,66	5	4,581,189		6,422,854		716,668
Transfers (out)	(9,137,04		(1,104,813)		(10,241,853)		0
Capital contributions	8,237,09	-	769,877		9,006,972		0
Capital Colliniations		<u> </u>	100,011		0,000,012	•	
Change in net assets	12,433,33	3	10,409,415		22,842,748		(504,161)
Total net assets - beginning net assets	405,354,32	9	68,208,820				18,802,634
Prior Period Adjustment	(85,63	1)	0		85,631		0
Total net assets- ending net assets	\$ 417,702,03	<u>1</u> \$	78,618,235			\$	18,298,473
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of interr to enterprise fund	nal service fund	activi	ties related	ı	3,241,616		
Change in net assts of business-type activities				\$_	26,169,995		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Business-	type Activities - Enterpris	e Funds	
		Water/Sewer Facilities Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	_	Tund	1 Toprictary 1 unus	Total	Oct vice i dilas
ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users	\$	78,196,795 \$	10,068,846 \$	88,265,641 \$	(2,997,455)
Payments to suppliers		(17,718,530)	(1,320,545)	(19,039,075)	0
Payments to employees	_	(21,590,130)	(2,639,936)	(24,230,066)	(7,688,040)
Net Cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	38,888,135	6,108,365	44,996,500	0
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Due to (from) others Transfers in		1,751,441 1,841,665	548,178 4,581,189	2,299,619 6.422.854	716,668 0
Transfers out	_	(9,737,040)	(1,104,813)	(10,841,853)	0
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities		(6,143,934)	4,024,554	(2,119,380)	716,668
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	_				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of capital assets		(38,540,355) 0	(8,014,694)	(46,555,049)	1,700 0
Capital contributions Proceeds from sale of capital assets		0	769,877 0	769,877 0	0
Proceeds from sale of bonds		64,129,234	0	64,129,234	0
Principle paid on capital lease Principal paid on bonds and notes		(1,043,803) (13,897,229)	0 (1,561,969)	(1,043,803) (15,459,198)	0
Interest paid on debt	_	(6,268,738)	(615,332)	(6,884,070)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and					
related financing activities	_	4,379,109	(9,422,118)	(5,043,009)	1,700
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of investments		(4,065,053)	(4,464,956)	(8,530,009)	0
Proceeds from sale of investments Principal received on debt		55,863 420,153	3,455,345 793,433	3,511,208 1,213,586	0
Interest received		2,174,871	1,302,822	3,477,693	0
Rent received		144,142	29,644	173,786	0
Purchase of inventory for resale	_	0_	(215,168)	(215,168)	0
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	(1,270,024)	901,120	(368,904)	0
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		35,853,286	1,611,921	37,465,207	718,368
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1 (including \$21,462,882 In Water/Sewer and \$718,906 in Parking restricted cash)		28,673,440	4,070,757	32,744,197	0
•	_	20,010,440	4,010,101	02,144,101	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30 (including \$49,597,242 In Water/Sewer and \$718,906 in Parking restricted cash)	\$	64,526,726 \$	5,682,678 \$	70,209,404 \$	718,368
,	* =	04,020,120	σ,σσ2,σ1σ φ	10,200,404	110,000
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income	\$_	16,510,764 \$	5,470,971 \$	21,981,735 \$	0
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Depreciation		15,277,631	897,383	16,175,014	0
Indirect costs		3,200,000	0	3,200,000	0
Bad debt expense Change in operating assets and liabilities		823,051	39,349	862,400	U
Accounts Receivable		1,596,106 0	(248,914) 0	1,347,192 0	618,469
Inventory Accounts Payable		1,225,274	(41,940)	1,183,334	13,446 (5,481)
Accrued salaries		164,105	19,448	183,553	(6,868,584)
Accrued vacation Accrued liability for claims		91,204 0	(27,932) 0	63,272 0	0
Total adjustments	_	22,377,371	637,394	23,014,765	(6,242,150)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	38,888,135 \$	6,108,365 \$	44,996,500 \$	(6,242,150)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	=				
Decrease in fair value of investments		227,096	29,254	256,350	0
Contribution of capital assets from developers		8,226,497	0	8,226,497	0
Amortization of bond cost		412,822	62,374	475,196	0

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2005

<u>ASSETS</u>	AGENCY
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 88,810
Total assets	\$ 88,810
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 88,810
Total liabilities	88,810
Net Assets	0
Total equity	0
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 88,810

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2005

	Columbia Action Council	Columbia Development Corporation	Columbia Housing Development Corporation	Eau Claire Development Corporation	Midlands Regional Convention Center Authority	Public Facilities Corporation	South Columbia Development Corporation	TN Development Corporation	Total
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,646	\$ 74,585	\$ 302,377	\$ 53,212	\$ 8,178,530	\$ 2,628,158	\$ 0	\$ 438,896	\$ 11,689,404
Certificates of deposit	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	0	0	100,000	100,000	600,000
Investments	0	235,080	0	0	857,256	17,167,228	0	0	18,259,564
Accounts receivable	0	0	4,469	15,943	251,146	229,283	0	7,215	508,056
Accrued interest receivable	0	1,638	0	4,110	5,991	92,569	809	0	105,117
Mortgage notes receivable, current portion	0	80,349	90,943	0	27,083	0	4,414	0	202,789
Inventory	.0	0	0	0	1,643	0	0	0	1,643
Prepaid expenses	7,513	1,123	6,973	0	54,866	0	0	28,562	99,037
Due from primary government	0		21,965		0	0	6,537	0	28,502
Real estate held for sale and development	0	1,062,485	1,552,876	2,035,010	0	0	0	0	4,650,371
Total current assets	121,159	1,555,260	2,079,603	2,208,275	9,376,515	20,117,238	111,760	574,673	36,144,483
Capital assets:									
Land	0	0	4,000	637,323	0	0	115,493	688,731	1,445,547
Construction in process	0	0	0	0	0	3,410,620	0	0	3,410,620
Other capital assets, net of									
accummulated depreciation	605	10,291	22,704	1,951,864	66,260	35,395,216	162,214	6,062,342	43,671,496
Net capital assets	605	10,291	26,704	2,589,187	66,260	38,805,836	277,707	6,751,073	48,527,663
Other assets:									
Unamortized bond issue costs	0	0	0	0	0	1,430,912	0	0	1,430,912
Mortgage note receivable, net of allowance	0	0	726,096	0	31,250	0	31,881	0	789,227
Investment in partnerships	0	613,092	0	0	0	0	0	0	613,092
Other	0	0_	0_	0	0	0	0	16,205	16,205
Total other assets	0	613,092	726,096	0	31,250	1,430,912	31,881	16,205	2,849,436
Total assets	\$ 121,764	\$ 2,178,643	\$ 2,832,403	\$ 4,797,462	\$ 9,474,025	\$ 60,353,986	\$ 421,348	\$ 7,341,951	\$ 87,521,582

(Continued)

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (Continued)

June 30, 2005

	Columbia Action Council	Columbia Development Corporation	Columbia Housing Development Corporation	Eau Claire Development Corporation	Midlands Regional Convention Center Authority	Public Facilities Corporation	South Columbia Development Corporation	TN Development Corporation	Total
<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
Current liabilities: Cash overdraft Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to primary government Mortgage/bonds/notes payable - current portion Deferred revenue	\$ 0 11,444 100,170 0	\$ 0 34,873 100,313 0 0	\$ 0 40,191 110,929 841,017	\$ 0 35,645 409,999 3,169,688 480	\$ 0 165,212 0 0 79,613	\$ 0 770,491 0 1,825,000	\$ 6,425 19,283 100,308 0 850	\$ 0 511,464 115,978 66,346 2,916	\$ 6,425 1,588,603 937,697 5,902,051 83,859
Total current liabilities	111,614	135,186	992,137	3,615,812	244,825	2,595,491	126,866	696,704	8,518,635
Other liabilities: Mortgage/bonds payable	0	0	0	0_	0	53,849,488	66,000	4,662,100	58,577,588
Total other liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	53,849,488	66,000	4,662,100	58,577,588
Total liabilities	111,614	135,186	992,137	3,615,812	244,825	56,444,979	192,866	5,358,804	67,096,223
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	605 0 9,545	10,291 0 2,033,166	26,704 0 1,813,562	189,477 0 992,173	29,040 0 9,200,160	3,410,620 498,387 	277,707 0 (49,225)	1,710,312 0 272,835	5,654,756 498,387 14,272,216
Total net assets	10,150	2,043,457	1,840,266	1,181,650	9,229,200	3,909,007	228,482	1,983,147	20,425,359
Total liabilities and net assets See accompanying notes to financial statements.	\$121,764	\$ 2,178,643	\$	\$	\$9,474,025	\$ 60,353,986	\$ 421,348	\$ 7,341,951	\$ 87,521,582

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Pr	ogram Revenue					Net (Expense Changes i	e) Revenues and in Net Assets				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Columbia Action Council	Columbia Development Corporation	Columbia Housing Development Corporation	Eau Claire Development Corporation	Midlands Regional Convention Center Authority	Public Facilities Corporation	South Columbia Development Corporation	TN Development Corporation	Totals
Columbia Action Council Parks and recreation	\$ 329,356 \$	92,468 \$	191,000 \$	0 \$	(45,888)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 9	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$	(45,888)
Columbia Development Corporation Community development	696,050	20,445	340,035	0	0	(335,570)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(335,570)
Columbia Housing Development Corporation Community development	336,184	34,714	323,364	37,811	0	0	59,705	0	0	0	0	0	59,705
Eau Claire Development Corporation Community development	333,296	111,684	142,001	550,374	0	0	0	470,763	0	0	0	0	470,763
Midlands Regional Convention Center Authority Community promotions	4,349,640	2,871,633	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,478,007)	0	0	0	(1,478,007)
Public Facilities Corporation General government	3,871,535	1,767,606	2,373,220	0	0	0	0	0	0	269,291	0	0	269,291
South Columbia Development Corporation Community development	527,845	1,700	291,951	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(234,194)	0	(234,194)
TN Development Corporation Community development	813,382	468,033	392,484	0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47,135	47,135
Total component units	11,257,288	5,368,283	4,054,055	588,185	(45,888)	(335,570)	59,705	470,763	(1,478,007)	269,291	(234,194)	47,135	(1,246,765)
		General revenues: Transfers (to) from Investment earning Total general reve	ıs .		0 0	0 4,424 4,424	(6,072) 3,251 (2,821)	0 214 214	(16,280) 189,109 172,829	16,280 386,338 402,618	0 4,645 4,645	6,072 8,832 14,904	0 596,813 596,813
		Change in net as	sets		(45,888)	(331,146)	56,884	470,977	(1,305,178)	671,909	(229,549)	62,039	(649,952)
		Beginning net asset Prior period adjustm Beginning net asset	ent		56,038 0 56,038	1,749,603 625,000 2,374,603	1,783,382 0 1,783,382	710,673 0 710,673	10,534,378 0 10,534,378	3,237,098 0 3,237,098	458,031 0 458,031	1,921,108 0 1,921,108	20,450,311 625,000 21,075,311
		Ending net assets	o, uo residitu		10,150	\$ 2,043,457	\$ 1,840,266	\$ 1,181,650	\$ 9,229,200	3,909,007	\$ 228,482	\$ 1,983,147 \$	20,425,359
See accompanying notes to financial statements				•	10,100	2,040,437	1,070,200	1,101,000	÷ 3,223,200	0,000,001	+ 220,702	1,000,147	20,720,003

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2005

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I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Columbia, a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina incorporated in 1854, is located in the central part of South Carolina. Columbia is the state capital as well as the county seat of Richland County. The City has a population of 117,394 living within an area of 131.5 square miles. The Greater Columbia Metropolitan Area consists of Lexington and Richland Counties and has an estimated population of 565,666. The City's economy is driven by education, government, military, finance, and industry. In 1950, the City approved a charter adopting a Council-Manager form of government and is governed by a six (6) member council and Mayor.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Using the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units," the basic financial statements of the City present the reporting entity that consists of the primary government and those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units are legally separate entities that are, substantially, part of the government's operations and data from such units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. The City does not have any blended component units. Its discretely presented component units have the same fiscal year end as the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

• Columbia Action Council (CAC)

The CAC, incorporated in 1979, provides support to the community through the sponsorship and promotion of community programs and festivals. The Board of Directors has fifteen members of which eight members are appointed by City Council, including the City Manager. Partial funding is supplied by the City.

• Columbia Development Corporation (CDC)

Incorporated in 1980, the CDC was formed to assist the City in promoting and monitoring the growth and development of business concerns through the strengthening of the economic and residential base of the community. The nine member Board of Directors is composed of three members of City Council, the Mayor, the City Manager and four members that are appointed by City Council. The Executive Director of the CDC serves as an ex-officio Administrative Secretary. Funding for the CDC is derived from rentals, contributions, appropriations from the City, and U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Grants that are passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

• Columbia Housing Development Corporation (CHDC)

The CHDC, an eleemosynary organization, was formed in 1980, to assist the City in the development of housing and to promote growth in the residential base of the community. The twelve members Board of Directors is composed of three members of City Council, the Mayor, the City Manager, and seven members that are appointed by City Council. In an ex-officio capacity, city staff serves as the Secretary/Treasurer and the Executive Director. Funding for the CHDC is derived from sale of properties, interest income, mortgages receivable, and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund.

• Eau Claire Development Corporation (ECDC)

Incorporated in 1993, the ECDC provides assistance in the conservation and redevelopment of neighborhoods located in North Columbia. The nine member Board of Directors is composed of three Council members and six members appointed by City Council. Current funding is derived from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund and the City of Columbia.

• Midlands Regional Convention Center Authority (MRCCA)

The MRCCA, incorporated in July 2001 was formed to oversee the development of a regional convention center and operate the convention center under a long-term management arrangement for the mutual benefit of the City and Richland and Lexington Counties of South Carolina (the Governmental Entities). The Governmental Entities have pledged their tourism development fees to support this project. However, outside of this pledge of revenues, the City is responsible for issuing the initial debt to fund this project and will retain title to the Convention Center.

• Public Facilities Corporation (PFC)

The Corporation was formed in 2002 as a non-profit corporation to undertake certain obligations with respect to the acquisition of real and personal property and the design, construction, operation and financing of a multi purpose conference/convention center.

• South Columbia Development Corporation (SCDC)

The SCDC, incorporated in 1994, was formed to strengthen the livability, improve the tax base, and enhance the quality of housing in the South Columbia area. The ten member Board of Directors is composed of three Council members and seven members appointed by City Council. Funding sources for SCDC are the City of Columbia and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Funds.

• TN Development Corporation (TNDC)

Incorporated in 1993, as an eleemosynary organization, the TNDC was organized to promote growth and develop opportunities for affordable rental housing. The ten member Board of Directors is composed of three members from Council and seven members appointed by City Council. Funding for the TNDC is derived from rental income, the State of South Carolina Housing Trust Fund, the Federal Home Loan Bank, HOME Program funds passed through the Columbia Housing Development Organization (CHDO), and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund.

Complete financial statements of the individual Component Units can be requested from the City's Finance Director.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The City's internal funds do not provide outside uses or grant use. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City uses funds to report financial position and the results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary as follows:

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City that accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, governmental grants and other revenue sources that are designated to finance particular functions or activities of the City. Special Revenue Funds include:

- Accommodation Tax -- accounts for State Hotel Accommodations Tax receipts to promote activities of City organizations.
- Tourism Development -- accounts for the Tourism Development Fee imposed upon the rental of hotels, motels, and other lodging establishments in the City. This fee is dedicated to the attraction of and improving the services provided to tourists.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Business Improvement District -- accounts for the Business Improvement District taxes assessed on the businesses in the downtown area of the City to promote downtown beautification.
- Hospitality tax -- accounts for a local 2% gross sales tax on prepared food and beverages sold in establishments.
- Confiscated Drug Program -- accounts for the disposition of forfeited property and money seized in Columbia by law enforcement agencies.
- Land Acquisition -- accounts for future land acquisition and development.
- County Services -- accounts for the collection of Richland County Business Licenses and for fire services provided to citizens outside the City limits and the reimbursement for expenditures from Richland County.
- Other Programs -- provides for miscellaneous programs for park improvements and special events.
- Community Development Grants and Awards -- accounts for the Community Development Block Grants.
- Justice Department Grants -- accounts for receipt of Federal and State funds for programs to improve public safety and law enforcement to the community.
- Other Grants -- accounts for the receipt of Federal and State funds used for various signal grants, and highway safety grants, various tree-planting projects, and various public services and planning projects.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the City, other than debt service payments financed by proprietary fund types. Ad valorem taxes, interest earned on the investments of the Debt Service Fund and, if applicable, interest earned on investments of certain Capital Projects Funds are used for the payment of principal, interest, and fiscal agent expenditures on the City's general obligation and revenue bonds.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds account for all capital improvements, except those accounted for in Proprietary Funds, financed by the City's general obligation bond issues, tax increment district property taxes, certain Federal grants and other specific receipts. These funds include:

• Tax Increment District -- accounts for the construction and development of parks and infrastructure, within the Congaree Vista Redevelopment District, and is funded by tax increment district property tax revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Streetscaping -- accounts for capital improvements to street landscaping.
- Storm Drains -- accounts for infrastructure improvements.
- General Obligation Bonds 2002 accounts for funds designated from the General Obligation Bonds Series 2002.
- Convention Center Infrastructure -- accounts for the development of the infrastructure for a new convention center.
- General Capital Projects-- accounts for various capital projects funded by various funds.
- Miscellaneous Projects -- accounts for various capital projects funded by the General Fund.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs. This fund includes:

Anna Dickson Park Fund -- accounts for trust funds specifically intended for the income to
be used for beautification of the parks. The total expendable amount for this endowment is
\$723 and is shown as an expendable trust on the government-wide and the fund financial
statements. The funds are invested in an interest bearing account. The amount invested
equals the fair value.

Proprietary Fund Types:

Enterprise Funds

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations of the City (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, where the intent is for the cost of providing goods or services to be recovered, in whole or in part, through user charges; or (b) where the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. These funds include:

- Water/Sewer Facilities Fund -- accounts for water and sewer utility activities.
- Hydro-Electric Plant --accounts for hydro electric plant activities.
- Storm Water Fund -- accounts for storm water utility activities
- Parking Facilities Fund -- accounts for parking garage and parking ticket activities.
- Transportation Operating Fund -- accounts for the operation of the Bus Transfer Station.
- Redevelopment Programs Fund -- accounts for various home rehabilitation and mortgage lending programs funded from various sources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a user charge basis. These funds include:

- Fleet Management -- accounts for the maintenance and repair of movable vehicles.
- Support Services -- accounts for a decentralized governmental and enterprise inventory system, a central supply facility, procurement functions and the City's general maintenance functions.
- Risk Management -- accounts for the costs associated with self-funded liability plans for employee health, worker's compensation, unemployment and tort liability for all City departments.

Fiduciary Funds Types (Not included in government-wide statements):

Transactions, related to assets held by the City as an agent of a private organization, are accounted for in Fiduciary Fund types. The City's fiduciary fund types are comprised of:

Agency Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The County Services Fund accounts for the collection of Richland County Business Licenses and for fire services provided to citizens outside the City limits and the reimbursement for expenditures from Richland County.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

 The Water and Sewer Facilities Fund accounts for the activities of the water and sewer facilities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Additionally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the Government-Wide financial statements, except for amounts due between the County's governmental activities and business-type activities.

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets, and the unreserved fund balance is a measure of available spendable resources.

All Governmental Fund Types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the transaction can be identified, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the Debt Service Fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of the qualifying expenditures. When the revenue recognition criteria are met and the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet, and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by Proprietary Fund types. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidelines.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense, the allowance for doubtful accounts and certain claims and judgment liabilities, among other accounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deposits

City procedures require that all cash belonging to the City be placed in a "Pooled Cash" account to maintain the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, all cash is pooled for investment purposes, and each fund has an equity in the pooled amount.

The City considers cash and cash equivalents, (including restricted cash and cash equivalents), to be: currency on hand, demand deposits with banks, amounts included in pooled cash and investment accounts, and liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Investments

In accordance with GASB 31, investments in all funds are stated at fair value. State statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, United States Treasury and United States Agency obligations and repurchase agreements secured by these obligations.

• Inventory and Prepaid Assets

In the fund financial statements all City inventories are recorded in the Internal Service Fund at cost or estimated historical cost on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. The related expenditures or expenses are recognized when inventories are consumed. Changes in the year-end inventory are reflected in expenses.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Real Estate

Real estate held for resale and real estate under development in the Proprietary Funds are recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

• Mortgage Notes and Notes Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses

Mortgage notes receivable, secured by the property, and other notes receivable are recorded in various Enterprise Funds and Component Units and are stated at unpaid principal balances net of an allowance for loan losses. An allowance for loan losses is increased by charges-offs, net of recoveries. Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on past loan loss experiences, known and inherent risks in the portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay the loan, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and current economic conditions.

• Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Bad Debt

Accounts receivable are recorded in various funds and are stated net of their allowance for uncollectible accounts.

All balances between funds that are outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

• Bond Discount and Issuance Costs

Bond discount and issuance costs are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the applicable bonds, providing no material differences exist between the straight-line method and the interest method.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

• Restricted Assets

Restricted accounts in the Proprietary Fund Types are established to account for assets restricted for specific purposes. Certain bond indentures of trust agreements require the establishment of (1) maximum annual principal and interest payments, unless a surety bond was provided, or (2) the next succeeding principal and accrued interest payment.

Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

GASB Number 34 required the City to report new infrastructure assets effective June 30, 2002. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe, (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the City. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. The retroactive reporting of infrastructure is subject to an extended implementation period and is first effective for fiscal years ending in 2006.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives is as follows:

Improvements10-50 yearsBuildings15-50 yearsEquipment3-15 years

In lieu of annual depreciation, the City has elected to use the "modifies approach" for its infrastructure assets, which consists of reporting as Required Supplemental Information (RSI) (i) the current assessed condition of the assets pursuant to it's "Pavement Management System" and (ii) the estimated annual amount to maintain and preserve such assets along with actual amounts expensed during the period.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

• Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as an other financing source net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

• Property Tax Revenues

Real property and business personal property taxes, excluding automobile property taxes, become enforceable liens as of January 1. Real property taxes are levied in November and are payable without penalty before January 16. Automobile property taxes are levied throughout the year depending on vehicle tag expiration dates. Business personal property taxes are levied in September and are payable by January 15. Property taxes are assessed and collected by Richland County under a joint billing and collection agreement. The City collects property taxes assessed in Lexington County on property annexed into Columbia.

That portion of General Fund property taxes allocated for payment of debt services is transferred to the Debt Service Fund. All Special District, Tax Increment property taxes are recorded as revenue in the Debt Service Fund and any excess revenues over debt service requirements are remitted as principle outstanding on the balance of the debt.

• Investment Income

The City has a policy of allocating interest income on pooled cash and investments to appropriate funds on a monthly basis. The allocation is based on a percentage of the fund's average daily equity in pooled cash and investments to the total average daily-pooled equity in pooled cash and investments. The interest income on pooled cash and investments applicable to the General Fund is reported within the caption "Revenues from use of money and property".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

• Grant Revenue

Revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized when expenditures are made.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to allow employees to accumulate unused vacation and sick leave benefits up to certain maximum hours. If an employee has completed the probationary period, accumulated unused vacation and 20% of unused sick leave are payable upon termination of employment with the City. An employee with service of less than ten years may receive up to a maximum of two weeks of vacation. An employee with service of ten to twenty years may receive up to a maximum of four weeks, and service of over twenty years may receive a maximum of five weeks.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund expenditures for compensated absences are recorded when payments are made against future available financial resources and the City does not currently provide for or budget such funding for future years. In government-wide financial statements, governmental fund types and proprietary fund types, the entire unpaid liability, determined at current fiscal year-end salary costs, is expensed in current operations as incurred.

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expense generally result form providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water/sewer facilities fund, the parking facilities fund and the transportation operations fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – By Character: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Proprietary Funds – By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

• Interfund transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. FUND BALANCE

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The following is a schedule of the designations:

Unreserved fund balance	\$	35,947,754
Designated for:		
Accommodations Tax		329,691
Tourism Development		479,529
Business Improvement District		109,344
Hospitality Tax		4,967,769
Confiscated Drug Program		168,297
Land Acquisition		1,655,420
Other programs		442,654
Capital projects		12,599,006
Subsequent year appropriation		3,000,000
Loans		400,000
Funds carried forward		1,411,704
Allocated by City Council	_	2,300,000
Total Unreserved/Undesignated Fund Balance	\$	8,084,340

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A legal operating budget is prepared annually for the General Fund on a GAAP basis. Informal budgetary controls are maintained for other fund types, and therefore, budgetary comparisons to actual amounts are not presented.

The approved budget and amendments are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance authorizing the City Manager to administer the budget and to transfer necessary appropriations among funds. Additional budget appropriations must be approved by Council, and at the fund level expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements and supplementary information have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budget during the year. Appropriations, except remaining project appropriations, encumbrances and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at year-end.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN APPROPRIATED BUDGET FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Original Adopted	Prior Year	Final Budget	Revised		
	Budget	Carry Forward	Amendments	Budget		
General Fund	\$ 80,898,288	\$ 2,576,607	\$ 260,092	\$ 83,734,987		

B. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting represents commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. These contracts record expenditures as reserves to the applicable appropriation in each fund. At year-end, encumbrances are carried forward and related appropriations are considered to be budget amendments. Certain of the encumbrances will be paid by subsequent receipt of entitlements. Encumbrances at June 30, 2005, for Governmental Funds are as follows:

General Fund	\$ 1,247,466
Non major Governmental Funds	 13,783,747
Total	\$ 15,031,213

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The Admissions Tax special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance of \$796,836 at June 30, 2005. The fund purchased equipment that will be funded as Admission Tax revenue is received. Hotel Development fund and the Parks Renovation fund, which are capital projects funds, had deficit fund balances of \$1,906,154 and \$90,587 respectively. Transfers in subsequent years will fund these deficits.

D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is partially insured for medical and dental coverage. Health claims are handled by an administrator and the stop-loss provision is adjusted annually. The accrued liability for prior year claims represents estimates for medical and dental claims incurred as of June 30, 2005. Some of these claims were reported June 30, 2005, while others may not be reported until a later date. The incurred but not reported (IBNR) is estimated by the City's independent insurance administrator based on historical results.

The City self-insures worker's compensation and general liability programs. The City accounts for the Worker's Compensation program in the Risk Management Fund (an Internal Service Fund) by charging premiums to user departments. The stop-loss provision for Worker's Compensation is \$350,000. The limits of liability for tort actions not specifically exempt by the South Carolina Government Tort Claims Act are \$300,000 per person and \$600,000 per occurrence.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

D. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Risk Management Fund establishes claim liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Estimated amounts of salvage, subrogation, and reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount, particularly for coverages such as general liability. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made.

Changes in the aggregate liability were as follows:

		Current Year Claims and		
	Beginning	Changes in	Claims	Ending
Fiscal Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability
2000	6,647,753	8,225,987	(8,396,452)	6,477,288
2001	6,477,288	9,532,803	(9,198,983)	6,811,108
2002	6,811,108	10,066,475	(11,641,002)	5,236,581
2003	5,236,581	14,028,269	(12,344,944)	6,919,906
2004	6,919,906	24,459,308	(15,449,295)	15,929,919
2005	15,929,919	18,002,543	(24,871,127)	9,061,335

Property and Boiler Coverage policies are accounted for in the Risk Management Fund, as well as other small insurance policies, such as surety bond coverage and miscellaneous floaters. Funds are charged expenditures based on premium amounts and administrative charges. The City has had no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2005, the city had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)				
		Fair	Less				
Investments Type		<u>Value</u>	Than 1	<u>1-3</u>	<u>4-7</u>		
Money market	\$	17,167,228	17,167,228				
U.S. Treasuries		43,974,224	4,005,265	33,892,301	6,076,658		
U.S. Agencies		63,017,032	21,045,726	31,137,061	10,834,245		
Total	\$ _	124,158,484	42,218,219	65,029,362	16,910,903		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturity of its portfolio to no more than seven years.

Credit Risk

State law and the City's investment policy limit investments to the following securities:

Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof

General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political subdivisions

Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally insured by securities described above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest

Repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities set forth above

At June 30, 2005 the City owned only obligations of the United States and its agencies and collateralized certificates of deposit.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy prohibits investing more than 10% of the total portfolio in a single holding or more than 25% in any one issuer except for United States Treasury securities and money market mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The City's cash deposit policy requires that United States Treasury securities of a fair value equal to the bank deposits be held by a third party custodian in the City's name. However, at June 30, 2005 the City was not in full compliance with its collateral policy. At June 30, 2005, \$237,900 of the government's two certificates of deposit totaling \$3.9 million was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Similarly the City uses an independent investment custodian who takes direction from the outside portfolio managers and independently settles all trades with the securities being held by the custodian on behalf of and in the name of the City.

B. SECURITIES LENDING

Under the provisions of State statutes, the City lends certain U.S. Government Obligations or agency securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The City's custodial bank manages the securities lending program. During the year, the cash collateral received was invested in a Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) Money Market Fund. Collateral is pledged to the City at 102 percent of the market value of the securities lent. At year-end, the City had no open securities lending positions.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables for the primary government, as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governmental							
activities			County		Non Major		
	General		Service		<u>Total</u>		<u>Total</u>
Property taxes	\$ 2,179,443	\$	0	\$	53,564	\$	2,233,007
Federal government	0		0		3,091,547		3,091,547
State government	788,765		0		639,905		1,428,670
Accounts	608,775		0		0		608,775
Notes receivable	1,700,000		0		0		1,700,000
Other	622		1,029,243		4,982,132		6,011,997
Gross receivables	5,277,605	-	1,029,243	-	8,765,633	•	15,072,481
Less: allowance							
For uncollectables	(1,985,305)	_	0	_	0		(1,985,305)
			0				
Net total receivables	\$ 3,292,300	\$	1,029,243	\$ _	8,767,148	\$	13,088,691

Business-type activities		Water/ Sewer <u>Facilities</u>		Non Major <u>Total</u>		<u>Total</u>
Accounts	\$	6,479,408	\$	2,002,188	\$	8,481,596
Contracts		0		2,736,055		2,736,055
Notes receivable		914,412		0		914,412
Mortgage notes	_	180,000	_	22,352,109	_	22,532,109
Gross receivables		7,573,820		27,090,352		34,664,172
Less: allowance For uncollectables		(625,000)		(1,584,367)		(2,209,367)
1 of unconectables	_	(023,000)	-	(1,564,507)	_	(2,209,307)
Net total receivables	\$	6,948,820	\$	25,505,985	\$	32,454,805

Contractual rights and related obligations:

During the prior year the City acquired the contractual right to receive approximately \$1,000,000 per year for seven years in monthly installments. At the same time, the City contracted to pay \$1,000,000 per year annually for seven years to an unrelated governmental entity. No interest was specified in either contract. This receivable and related payable have been discounted at 4.75% (prime rate at the date of the transaction) and recorded at present value.

Receivables for the Component Units consist of other items totaling \$1,500,072 at June 30, 2005.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

D. MORTGAGE NOTES RECEIVABLE AND REVOLVING LOAN POOLS

The various mortgage programs involve the Community Development loan programs. The various types of loan programs are complex in nature and require specialized accounting methods, including the valuation of notes and mortgages receivable at the lower of cost or market.

Mortgage notes receivable in the various Community Development Revolving Loan programs are evaluated annually and loan loss allowances are applied where appropriate. All mortgages are secured by the property and any delinquent mortgages receivable are immaterial as of June 30, 2005.

The Columbia Housing Development Corporation (CHDC) has mortgage notes receivable consisting of \$693,441. Mortgage notes receivable consist of loans to individuals under various federal housing lending programs have various interest rates and maturity dates. These note receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectable loans of \$86,958 and deferred gains of \$120,137.

The Columbia Housing Development Corporation is considered a real estate development corporation and revenue recognition is applied under the cost recovery method.

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

P. I		Interfund Receivables	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Funds: General	\$	1,436,355	\$ 999
County Service	_	0	615,141
Non major governmental funds	-	4,806,798	5,627,013
Total	\$	6,243,153	\$ 6,243,153

The outstanding balance between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

The interfund transfers at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

For Jo		Transfers Out	Transfers <u>In</u>
Funds: General	\$	4,994,550	\$ 5,610,000
Non major governmental funds		8,804,654	11,688,703
Water/Sewer		8,817,540	5,058,622
Non major proprietary fund	_	1,104,813	1,364,232
Total	\$_	23,721,557	\$ 23,721,557

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from borrowing to the debt service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, 3) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grants programs.

F. OPERATING LEASES

The City is committed under various operating leases for office and copier equipment. Operating lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2005, were \$195,968. Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Amount
2006		157,370
2007		175,431
2008		67,278
2009		37,000
	_	
Total	\$	437,079

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

G. CAPITAL LEASE

A capital lease is an agreement, which specifies a transfer of benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The City has entered into an agreement to lease equipment under this criterion. The funds are being utilized to upgrade the City's telecommunication connection equipment, update computer equipment, and computer software. As of June 30, 2005, the purchase of this equipment has been partially completed. The gross value of the assets acquired to date is \$3,877,920. The lease has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The capital lease outstanding as of June 30, 2005, is as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Total Balance Outstanding
Enterprise Fund: Computers and related software	2006	4.52%	\$ 1,091,638
Internal Service Fund: Parking meters/fire trucks	2010	2.75%	\$ 3,646,477 4,738,115

Minimum lease payments at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	_	Amount
2006		1,932,261
2007		790,596
2008		790,596
2009		790,595
2010		790,595
Total		5,094,642
Less: amount representing interest	_	356,527
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	4,738,115

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:		Balance June 30, 2004		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2005
Land	\$	39,245,971	\$	386,912	\$	(356,000)	\$	39,276,883
Construction in progress		9,334,975		42,315,740		(9,696,238)		41,954,477
Infrastructure		2,180,880		1,559,560		0		3,740,440
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:		50,761,826	-	44,262,212	_	(10,052,238)	_	84,971,800
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		72,158,339		9,696,238		0		81,854,577
Machinery and Equipment		35,915,605	_	1,961,091		(242,081)	_	37,634,615
Total capital assets, being depreciated:		108,073,944		11,657,329		(242,081)		119,489,192
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		(16,938,062)		(2,841,791)		0		(19,779,853)
Machinery and Equipment		(24,873,072)	-	(2,103,123)	_	225,255	_	(26,750,940)
Total accumulated depreciation		(41,811,134)	-	(4,944,914)	_	225,255	_	(46,530,793)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		66,262,810	-	6,712,415	_	(16,826)	_	72,958,399
	\$	117 024 626	\$	50 074 627	\$	(10.060.064)	\$	157 020 100
Governmental activities capital assets, net	Ф	117,024,636	Ф	50,974,627	Ф_	(10,069,064)	Þ _	157,930,199
•			•					
Business-type activities:		Balance						Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_	June 30, 2004		Increases	_	Decreases		June 30, 2005
	\$	June 30, 2004	\$	Increases 4,034,920	-	Decreases 0	\$	
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	June 30, 2004	\$		- \$		\$	June 30, 2005
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$ _	June 30, 2004 9,641,445	\$ - -	4,034,920	\$ - -	0	\$ -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655	\$ - -	4,034,920 41,299,479	* * 	0 (19,805,317)	\$ _ _	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ _ _	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655	\$ - -	4,034,920 41,299,479	- \$ - = - =	0 (19,805,317)	\$ -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100	\$ _	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399	* 	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317)	\$ - -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements	\$	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100 583,975,098	* - -	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399 19,805,317	*	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317)	\$ - -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182 603,780,415
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation:	\$	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100 583,975,098 19,574,517 603,549,615	\$	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399 19,805,317 1,018,381 20,823,698	*	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317) 0 (6,846) (6,846)	\$ 	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182 603,780,415 20,586,052 624,366,467
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and Improvements	\$ -	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100 583,975,098 19,574,517 603,549,615 (193,077,469)	* - -	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399 19,805,317 1,018,381 20,823,698 (14,586,567)	- \$ - —	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317) 0 (6,846) (6,846)	\$ - -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182 603,780,415 20,586,052 624,366,467 (207,664,036)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100 583,975,098 19,574,517 603,549,615 (193,077,469) (11,039,732)	\$	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399 19,805,317 1,018,381 20,823,698 (14,586,567) (1,588,447)	\$ 	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317) 0 (6,846) (6,846)	\$ - -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182 603,780,415 20,586,052 624,366,467 (207,664,036) (12,621,333)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and Improvements	\$ - - -	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100 583,975,098 19,574,517 603,549,615 (193,077,469)	* = -	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399 19,805,317 1,018,381 20,823,698 (14,586,567)	\$	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317) 0 (6,846) (6,846)	\$ - -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182 603,780,415 20,586,052 624,366,467 (207,664,036)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ - - -	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100 583,975,098 19,574,517 603,549,615 (193,077,469) (11,039,732)	- -	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399 19,805,317 1,018,381 20,823,698 (14,586,567) (1,588,447)	\$ - \$	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317) 0 (6,846) (6,846)	\$ - -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182 603,780,415 20,586,052 624,366,467 (207,664,036) (12,621,333)
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated: Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ - - - - - -	June 30, 2004 9,641,445 62,066,655 71,708,100 583,975,098 19,574,517 603,549,615 (193,077,469) (11,039,732) (204,117,201) 399,432,414	\$ 	4,034,920 41,299,479 45,334,399 19,805,317 1,018,381 20,823,698 (14,586,567) (1,588,447) (16,175,014)	*	0 (19,805,317) (19,805,317) 0 (6,846) (6,846) 0 6,846 6,846	- - - - - -	June 30, 2005 13,676,365 83,560,817 97,237,182 603,780,415 20,586,052 624,366,467 (207,664,036) (12,621,333) (220,285,369)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

H. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charges to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 2,180,180
Judicial	16,761
Public safety	607,378
Community development	28,953
Parks and recreation	299,897
Public services	651,384
General services	258,396
Non departmental	8,692
Internal service	893,273
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 4,944,914
Business-type activities	
Water/Sewer facilities	\$ 15,277,631
Storm Water facilities	105,174
Parking facilities	437,379
Transportation operations	31,363
Hydro electric plant	323,467
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 16,175,014

I. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City has two approved deferred compensation plans administered by the South Carolina Public Employees Deferred Compensation Commission. Although the City makes no contributions to either plan, employees may elect to participate under either Internal Revenue Service Section 401K or 457. The administrator has amended the Section 457 plan to comply with Internal Revenue changes. The amount of the deferred compensation is expensed as salaries and a like amount is remitted to the Deferred Compensation Commission. The City owns none of the plan assets and has no liability to its employees.

J. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment health care benefits, in accordance with City policy, to all employees who retire from the City under early or regular retirement and have been employed by the City for twenty years or more. Currently, 513 retirees meet those requirements. The City pays all premiums for all qualifying retirees. For the year ended June 30, 2005 premiums totaled \$980,485. Retirees paid dependent coverage of \$389,001. Currently, the City is financing the post-employment retirement benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis and expenditures for these insurance premiums are recorded in the General and Water/Sewer Funds.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

J. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The following schedule reflects the costs and number of participants in the City's health care program.

	Year Ended June 30, 2005									
	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001					
Participants:										
Active	1,999	2,007	1,927	1,866	1,845					
Retired	512	503	487	480	480					
Total Employer Claims										
Active	\$8,430,837	\$7,265,549	\$5,714,607	\$4,144,555	\$4,394,986					
Retired	3,400,508	3,168,890	2,516,346	2,763,036	2,066,888					
% of Active Payroll:										
Active	10.91%	9.71%	8.21%	6.48%	7.33%					
Retired	4.40%	4.24%	3.61%	4.32%	<u>3.45%</u>					
Total	<u>15.31%</u>	<u>13.95%</u>	11.82%	10.80%	10.78%					

K. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Balance June 30, 2004	Additions	Amount Due In 2006				
Governmental activities:					2005		
General obligation bonds	\$ 21,380,000	\$ 0	\$ (1,270,000)	\$	20,110,000	\$	1,280,000
Tax increment bonds	23,047,610	0	(3,736,218)		19,311,392		2,483,414
Capital lease	4,300,000	0	(653,523)		3,646,477		690,244
Compensated absences	5,212,583	 5,149,073	 (5,212,583)		5,149,073		5,149,073
Total Governmental							
Activities	53,940,193	 5,149,073	 (10,872,324)		48,216,942		9,602,731
Business-type activities:							
Notes payable	1,032,585	0	(277,761)		754,824		114,825
General obligation bonds	423,315	0	(213,315)		210,000		210,000
Revenue bonds, net	126,669,193	64,129,234	(14,136,548)		176,661,879		15,297,477
Capital lease	2,135,441	 0	 (1,043,803)	_	1,091,638		1,091,638
Total Business-type							
Activities	130,260,534	 64,129,234	 (15,671,427)		178,718,341		16,713,940
Total All Long-Term							
Debt	\$ 184,200,727	\$ 69,278,307	\$ (26,543,751)	\$	226,935,283	\$	26,316,671

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end \$248,463 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

K. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding debt of the City as of June 30, 2005, including interest payments of \$103,566,567, but excluding accrued vacation payable, are as follows:

	General		Tax							
Year	Obligation		Revenue					Increment		
End	Bonds	Interest		Bonds		Interest		Bonds		Interest
2006	1,490,000	877,558		15,298,084		5,825,196		2,483,414		799,849
2007	1,400,000	810,798		9,755,075		8,137,512		2,785,957		673,181
2008	1,410,000	757,258		10,409,007		7,641,371		3,103,691		538,297
2009	1,520,000	701,008		10,984,007		7,074,295		3,442,142		386,696
2010	1,530,000	639,257		11,574,007		6,489,540		295,828		298460
2011-2015	5,755,000	2,237,675		38,315,033		24,072,674		7,200,360		346,491
2016-2020	4,895,000	1,214,752		24,009,314		17,376,750		0		0
2021-2025	2,320,000	162,338		25,909,555		11,306,000		0		0
2026-2030	0	0		30,407,797		4,566,250		0		0
Totals	\$ 20,320,000	\$ 7,400,644	\$	176,661,879	\$	92,489,588	\$	19,311,392	\$	3,042,974

Year	Capital		Note		Total	Total
End	Lease	Interest	Payable	Interest	Principal	Interest
2006	1,781,883	150,378	114,824	49,331	21,168,205	7,702,312
2007	709,240	81,356	80,000	43,980	14,730,272	9,746,828
2008	728,758	61,837	80,000	38,570	15,731,456	9,037,333
2009	748,813	41,782	60,000	33,678	16,754,962	8,237,459
2010	769,421	21,174	60,000	29,313	14,229,256	7,477,744
2011-2015	0	0	300,000	77,364	51,570,393	26,734,204
2016-2020	0	0	60,000	4,596	28,964,314	18,596,098
2021-2025	0	0	0	0	28,229,555	11,468,338
2026-2030	0	0	0	0	30,407,797	4,566,250
Totals	\$ 4,738,115	356,527	\$ 754,826	\$ 276,832	\$ 221,786,210	\$ 103,566,567

The City has complied in all material respects with the bond covenants as outlined in each issue's indenture.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

K. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds

The City has issued General Obligation Bonds to fund building programs of the City and also to refinance debt issued to fund parking facilities. The City has assumed complete liability for the retirement of these obligations. Principal payments on all bonds are due annually and interest is due semi-annually.

The South Carolina Constitution limits local unit borrowing power to 8 percent of its assessed property value. The limitation excludes bonded indebtedness existing prior to December 1, 1977, (date of the Constitutional Amendment), certain special levies assessed on properties located in an area receiving special benefits, and other prescribed indebtedness approved by the voters. As of June 30, 2005, the City's legal debt margin was \$6,720,507.

In accordance with Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Sections 1.103-13 to 1.103-15 of the related Treasury Regulations, the City must rebate to the federal government "arbitrage profits" earned on governmental bonds issued after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage profits are the excess of the amount earned on investments over the interest paid on the borrowings, if any.

General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Fund:

\$8,240,000 City of Columbia General Obligation Bonds, Series 1998A

Proceeds for: Refund Series 1991A General Obligation Bonds

Annual Principal installments of \$595,000 to \$915,000 through February 1, 2012

Interest Rate: 4.3 to 6.0 % \$ 5,770,000

\$15,500,000 City of Columbia General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002

Proceeds for: Infrastructure improvements, acquisition of land, improvements to parking lots, construction of a new fire station

Annual Principal installments of \$575,000 to \$1,1900,000 through June 1, 2022

Interest Rate: 2.75 to 4.625 % \$ 14,340,000

Totals Government Activities General Obligation Bonds

\$ 20,110,000

Business-type Activities:

Parking Facilities Funds:

\$1,160,000 City of Columbia General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999B

Proceeds for: Refund Series 1991B General Obligation

Annual principal installments of \$210,000 to \$245,000 through February 1, 2012

Interest rate 4.3% to 6.0% \$ 210,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

K. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Special District Debt

Title 31, Chapter 6 of the South Carolina Code of Laws allows municipalities to redevelop deteriorating areas using incremental tax revenues from property owners located in those areas. In order to finance the development of the Congaree Vista area, the City issued bonds, which are repaid from the incremental taxes of property owners in that neighborhood. The Water and Sewer Facilities Fund revenues are pledged as a junior lien to secure this Special District Tax Increment Debt.

Special District Debt Outstanding at June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Fund:

\$2,350,000 Tax Increment Bonds Series of 1999

Annual principal installments of \$159,000 to \$205,297 through March 15, 2014

Interest rate 4.75%

\$1,627,380

\$25,000,000 Tax Increment Bonds Series of 2001

Annual principal installments of \$1,500,000 to \$3,300,000 through December 1, 2011

Interest rate 2.75% to 5.0%

\$ 17,684,012

Total Special District Debt

\$ 19,311,392

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are special obligations of the City payable from revenues derived from certain operations. The City's revenue bond ordinances stipulate that the City maintain certain debt service, operations, and renewal and replacement funds.

Revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2005, are as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Parking Facilities Fund:

\$8,605,000 Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1994 (less defeased refunding loss)

Payable from revenues derived by the City from operation of off-street and on-street parking facilities

Proceeds for: Refund Series 1987 Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds

Annual principal installments of \$265,000 to \$680,000 through December 1, 2013

Interest rate: 3.2 to 5.875% \$4,656,783

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

K. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Water and Sewer Facilities Fund:

\$97,345,390 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1991

(\$34,935,000 defeased May 1993 and \$3,370,000 defeased November 2001.)

Payable from revenues derived from the water and sewer system

Proceeds for: Refunding a portion of the 1985 bonds and capital improvements to the system

Annual principal installments of \$3,372,702 to \$4,193,368 through February 1, 2006

Interest rate: 5.5 to 7.0% \$ 9,175,145

\$74,765,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1993

Payable from revenues derived from the water and sewer system

Proceeds for: Refunding all of Series 1989 (\$31,984,646) and all allocated 1991 Series (\$34,935,000 in May 1993)

Annual principal installments of \$960,000 to \$8,590,000 through February 1, 2012.

Interest rate: 3.5 to 5.7% \$44,950,000

\$61,125,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1999

Payable from revenues derived from the water and sewer system

Proceeds for: Cost of improvements to the System

Annual principal installments of \$505,000 to \$3,025,000 through February 1, 2010.

Interest rate: 3.6 to 6.0% \$ 11,449,198

\$41,500,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001

Payable from revenues derived from the water and sewer system

Proceeds for: Refunding portion of Series 1991 (\$3,370,000) and portion of

Series 1999 (\$36,045,000)

Annual principal installments of \$210,000 to \$4,985,000 through February 1, 2019.

Interest rate: 3.375 to 5.5% \$ 42,301,519

\$60,000,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005

Payable from revenues derived from the water and sewer system

Proceeds for: Cost of improvements to the System

Annual principal installments of \$4,655,000 to \$6,385,000 through February 1, 2028.

Interest rate: 3.6 to 5.0% \$ 64,129,234

Total Water and Sewer Facilities Fund \$172,005,096

Total Revenue Bonds \$176,661,879

CITY OF COLUMBIA. SOUTH CAROLINA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

K. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Water and Sewer Facilities Fund Note Payable:

As a result of several annexations starting in 1989, the City acquired existing sewer lines constructed with proceeds from Richland County bond issues. The City assumed responsibility for the debt service related to the properties annexed. The current portion of notes payable is \$34.824.

Redevelopment Programs Fund:

The City of Columbia has pledged future Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Entitlements as security for two guaranteed loans. The funds were secured for one commercial loan program of \$200,000, and the purchase of riverfront property in the amount of \$1,515,000. At June 30, 2005, the total current portion is \$80,000 and the long-term portion is \$640,000.

Defeasance Debt:

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On June 30, 2005, revenue bonds outstanding, considered defeased in previous years, are approximately \$10,085,000 in the Water and Sewer Facilities Fund.

L. NET ASSETS AND RESTRICTED ASSET ACCOUNTS

Net Assets

While the City has no formal legal reservation of net assets, there are certain funds that are restricted for use by HUD regulations. These funds involve the revolving mortgage loan programs funded with Federal Entitlements and are restricted as to use in future revolving loan programs. The total Enterprise Fund Redevelopment Programs net assets are \$25,831,118 of which \$21,342,786 is considered restricted as to use. Additionally, two component units, CHDC and TNDC, have net assets, which are considered restricted by HUD Regulations as program related income, in the amounts of \$174,508 and \$1,626,455, respectively.

In the Internal Service Fleet Management Fund, the net assets of \$5,493,164 are considered restricted for the future implementation of a fleet leasing program.

Restricted Asset Accounts

The City's bond covenants require certain restrictions of cash and investments for bond interest and redemption funds and bond cushion funds. Those restrictions are as follows:

	Vater/Sewer acilities Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	<u>Total</u>
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents:	49,597,242	\$ 718,906	50,316,148
Investments:			
Bond and interest redemption funds	17,152,602	678,541	17,831,143
Total restricted assets	\$ 66,749,844	\$ 1,397,447	\$ 68,147,291

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

IV. PENSION PLANS

The City's retirement plans are as follows:

• Description of Plans

As a condition of employment, all eligible City employees are required to participate in a pension plan. All firemen and law enforcement officers must belong to the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System (SCPORS). All other eligible employees must belong to the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS). Both plans are a cost-sharing multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) administered by the Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board. Retirement costs are funded by withholding from the employees' salaries, and by a contribution from the City of a percentage of the employees' salaries. Both Retirement Systems are administered by the South Carolina Retirement System, which is a state agency. The City has no fiduciary responsibility for or further liability for either of the retirement plans beyond their current contributions, except as noted below, which are established to fund prior year's liabilities. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System and Police Officers Retirement System is issued and publicly available by writing the South Carolina Retirement System, Post Office Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960.

• Basic Provisions

Benefit provisions are established under the authority of Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under current statutes pertaining to the SCRS, member employees who retire at age 65 or after 28 years of credited service are entitled to an annual full service retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 1.82 percent of the average final compensation (average compensation over the last three years of credited service) times years of credited service. A member with at least 25 years of credited service who terminates employment may continue to pay employee and employer contributions until 28 years of credited service credit is reached. The contributions will be made through the most recent employer on a regular basis and remitted to the South Carolina Retirement System.

Under current statutes pertaining to the SCPORS, member employees who retire at age 65 or after 25 years of credited service are entitled to an annual full service retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2.14 percent of average final compensation times years of credited service.

Member employees who are at least 60 years of age may elect early retirement in which case the full service benefit is reduced by 5 percent for each year the employee's age at retirement is less than 65. In either case, any unrecovered contributions are payable upon death and cost of living adjustments are evaluated annually on an ad hoc basis. Full service or early retirees may elect other optional methods of benefit distributions, including lump sum distributions, benefit levels coordinated with the retiree's social security benefits and distributions to a named beneficiary. Benefits are fully vested on reaching 5 years of service. The SCRS and SCPORS also provide life insurance, survivor and disability benefits to all member employees.

Salaries

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, the City paid salaries of \$77,729,685.

Funding Policy

South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS)

Plan members are required to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary and the City contributes at an actuarially determined rate of 6.70% of annual payroll. In addition, the City contributes .15% of payroll to provide group life insurance benefits. Contributions to SCRS for the years ending June 30, 2003, 2004 and 2005 were \$5,161,802, \$4,132,274, and \$3,220,311 respectively equal to the actuarially required contributions for each year.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

IV. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Police Officers Retirement System (SCPORS)

Participating employees contribute 6.5% of their annual covered payroll. The City contributes on their behalf 10.3% of annual payroll plus an additional .2% of payroll to provide group life insurance and .2% of payroll to provide accidental death benefits. Contributions to SCPORS for the years ending June 30, 2003, 2004 and 2005 were \$4,742,844, \$5,117,418,and \$3,135,162 respectively, equal to the actuarially required contribution rates for each year.

V. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The parking facilities fund accounts for on and off street parking in the City of Columbia. Summary financial information for the parking facilities fund is presented below.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Assets:		
Current assets	\$	9,409,689
Noncurrent assets		718,906
Capital assets		18,984,819
Other assets		92,747
Total assets	\$	29,206,161
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	\$	1,147,381
Noncurrent liabilities		4,216,783
Total liabilities		5,364,164
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		14,328,036
Restricted for debt service		1,397,447
Unrestricted		8,116,514
Total net assets	-	23,841,997
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	29,206,161

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Charges for service	\$ 5,940,156
Depreciation expense	(437,379)
Other operating expenses	(1,914,254)
Operating income	3,588,523
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment income	243,674
Interest expense	\$ (308,521)
Intergovernmental	(1,090,000)
Other	 (37,735)
Change in net assets	2,395,941
Beginning net assets	21,446,056
Ending net assets	\$ 23,841,997

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

V. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Net cash provided (used) by:	
Operating activities	\$ 4,236,752
Non-capital financing activities	(1,918,661)
Capital and related financing activities	(5,527,342)
Investing activities	 3,228,437
Net increase (decrease)	19,186
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	 2,248,803
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,267,992

VI. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to insure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement that may arise as the result of audits of grant funds is not believed by City officials to be material.

Litigation

The City is a party to legal proceedings that normally occur in government operations. City officials believe that these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the City, except for potential losses arising from two areas of operations.

There are presently claims asserted against the City, which relate to the provision of safety services at public school facilities. As to these claims, City officials believe that such claims should be barred by the doctrine of sovereign immunity and specific reservations of such immunity set forth in the South Carolina Tort Claims Act.

In addition, there are currently pending two matters in litigation relating to certain services allegedly rendered to the City in connection with a proposed hotel facility to be publicly owned. City officials abandoned the project after it became apparent that the project was not financially feasible. City officials believe that no money is owed to any of the plaintiffs in these actions and the cases are being defended vigorously.

VII. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the current year management discovered that certain amounts setup as grants receivable in prior years had been recorded erroneously. The receivables in the amount of \$526,145 have been reversed against beginning fund balance in the non major governmental funds and matching funds in the amount of \$85,631 have been charged to beginning fund balance in the major proprietary fund.

During the year management discovered hat one of the component units had not recorded a non-cash investment in a partnership. This asset has been added and beginning fund balance has been increased.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

VIII. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to June 30, 2005 the City entered into the following transactions:

On November 30, 2005 the City issued Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds for \$45,275,000. The proceeds are to be used to construct four new parking facilities and to improve certain existing facilities.

In December 2005 the City authorized the issuance of \$7,750,000 of Bond Anticipation Notes. The proceeds will be used to assist the University of South Carolina build a parking garage on its Research Campus.

In December 2005 the City authorized a \$4,500,000 enhancement to the developer of the Convention Center Hotel

A contract to sell the Canalside Property to developer for \$6,000,000 is expected to close in January 2006.

Finally the City has obligated funds with the State Department of Transportation to begin Phase I of the \$24,000,000 North Main Street Streetscaping project.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

_							
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
•							
REVENUES					24 225 242		(4.004.004)
General property taxes License and permits	\$	33,167,450 21,274,950	\$	33,167,450	\$ 31,285,819 26,666,050	\$	(1,881,631)
Intergovernmental revenue		6,787,180		21,401,348 6,787,180	26,666,050 8,728,588		5,264,702 1,941,408
Charges for services		5,714,390		5,714,390	6,059,904		345,514
Fines and forfeitures		875,000		875,000	903,730		28,730
Revenues from use of money and property		855,500		855,500	353,198		(502,302)
Other revenues		235,400		265,400	258,160		(7,240)
Cost recovery fees		3,200,000		3,200,000	3,208,450		8,450
Cost recovery fees		228,018		228,018	82,107		(145,911)
Total revenues		72,109,870	-	72,494,286	77,546,006	-	5,051,720
		72,109,070	-	72,434,200	77,340,000	-	3,031,720
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		5,852,113		6,494,557	5,572,898		921,659
Judicial		2,010,528		2,042,447	1,888,129		154,318
Finance department		1,123,611		1,315,403	1,192,351		123,052
Community development Public safety		3,310,678		3,362,063	3,161,595		200,468 284,316
Parks and recreation		37,254,767 6,090,964		37,408,742 6,090,964	37,124,426 6,404,335		(313,371)
Public services		16,575,471		17,084,449	17,040,356		44,093
General services		2,498,063		2,533,694	2,366,418		167,276
Community promotion		300,000		860,489	781,376		79,113
Nondepartmental		1,386,260		1,535,621	1,823,582		(287,961)
Paid to component units		170,000		170,000	41,861		128,139
•		76 570 455	_	79 909 420	77 207 227	-	1 501 102
Total expenditures		76,572,455		78,898,429	77,397,327	-	1,501,102
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		(4,462,585)	-	(6,404,143)	148,679	=	6,552,822
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		8,525,000		8,525,000	5,610,000		(2,915,000)
Transfers (out)		(4,325,833)	-	(4,836,558)	(5,391,718)	-	(555,160)
Total other financing courses (uses)		4,199,167		2 600 442	249.292		(2.470.460)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,199,167	-	3,688,442	218,282	-	(3,470,160)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing							
sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		0		(2,715,701)	366,961		3,082,662
Fund balance - beginning		16,476,549	_	16,476,549	16,476,549	_	0
Fund balance - ending	\$	16,476,549	\$	13,760,848	\$ 16,843,510	\$	3,082,662
-	_		-			-	

Note: The budget is prepared in accordance with GAAP.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City that accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Required supplementary information for Governments that use the modified approach for infrastructure assets

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES & OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	_							
		Original		Final				
DEVENUES	_	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	20.256.000	\$	20.256.000	\$	26 625 405	\$	(2 720 E0E)
General property taxes - current	Ф	29,356,000	Ф	29,356,000	Ф	26,625,495	Ф	(2,730,505)
General property taxes - prior		900,000		900,000		1,623,308		723,308
Real estate tax - Lexington County - current Real estate tax - Lexington County - prior		1,025,150 7,500		1,025,150 7,500		1,311,754 0		286,604
Personal tax - Lexington County - prior		24,150		•		•		(7,500) (4,731)
Personal tax - Lexington County - current Personal tax - Lexington County - prior		10.000		24,150 10.000		22,429 9,214		(1,721)
Business personal tax - Lexington County - prior		165,000		165,000		9,214		(786) (165,000)
Homestead exemption		940,000		940,000		952,340		12,340
Payment in lieu of taxes		36,750		36,750		38,325		1,575
Merchants inventory tax		702,900		702,900		702.954		1,373 54
Merchants inventory tax	_	702,900	_	702,900		102,934	-	
Total general property taxes	_	33,167,450	_	33,167,450		31,285,819	-	(1,881,631)
License and normite								
License and permits		6 200 202		6 200 000		7 000 000		000 000
Business license		6,200,000		6,200,000		7,008,096		808,096
Business license - Telecommunications		1,264,600		1,264,600		1,603,309		338,709
Business license insurance		7,000,000		7,126,398		10,054,507		2,928,109
Delinquent business license		600,000		600,000		1,002,253		402,253
Delinquent business license - prior year		75,000		75,000		222,322		147,322
Business license franchise fees		4,579,000		4,579,000		4,845,440		266,440
Audited license fees		35,000		35,000		4,012		(30,988)
Arts and craft permits New business list sales		1,000 600		1,000 600		1,290 526		290 (74)
Business license ordinance sales		50		500 50		90		(74) 40
Business license contractor's decals		22.600		22.600		22.601		40 1
Group event license/permit		6,800		6,800		5,980		(820)
Building permits		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,303,511		303,511
Electrical permits		125,000		125,000		136,101		11,101
Plumbing permits		55,000		55.000		68.678		13.678
Gas permits		12,000		12,000		16,759		4.759
Sign permits		12,500		12,500		12,774		4,73 9 274
Heat permits		85,000		85,000		114,703		29.703
Zoning permits		60,000		60,000		65,380		5,380
Dog license		48,000		48,000		43,324		(4,676)
Chauffeur license		2,500		2,500		3,210		710
Other miscellaneous - business		90,000		90,000		128,306		38,306
Other miscellaneous - non business		90,000		90,000		2,578		2,578
Total license and permits	_	21,274,950		21,401,348		26,666,050	-	5,264,702
·	_	· · · · ·	_	· · · · · ·		, ,	-	· · · · · ·
Intergovernmental revenues								
State shared		3,000,000		3,000,000		3,131,607		131,607
Miscellaneous tax collected		9,500		9,500		9,953		453
SC Motor fuel tax reimbursement		0		0		14,239		14,239
Highway signal maintenance		312,680		312,680		330,820		18,140
Fire Rebate - Richland County	_	3,465,000	_	3,465,000		5,241,969	-	1,776,969
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	6,787,180	_	6,787,180		8,728,588	-	1,941,408

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	_						
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance
Charges for services	_						_
Trade publication renewals	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$ 9,106	\$	2,106
Return check service charges		1,000		1,000	2,781		1,781
Regulation code books		1,600		1,600	2,210		610
Duplicated business licenses		290		290	450		160
Project work		5,000		5,000	5,173		173
Compost sales		5,000		5,000	7,615		2,615
Recycling sales		70,000		70,000	96,227		26,227
Solid waste disposal fees		17,500		17,500	16,755		(745)
Rollcart replacement fees		2,000		2,000	1,785		(215)
Commercial bulk container collection		2,000		2,000	0		(2,000)
Commercial bulk container disposal		415,000		415,000	370,749		(44,251)
Commercial rollcart disposal		60,000		60,000	47,472		(12,528)
Eleemosynary bulk container collection		55,000		55,000	41,106		(13,894)
Eleemosynary bulk container disposal		55,000		55,000	40,580		(14,420)
Eleemosynary rollcart collection		38,000		38,000	23,272		(14,728)
Eleemosynary rollcart disposal		10,000		10,000	5,767		(4,233)
Eleemosynary homeowner collection		8,000		8,000	9,719		1,719
Eleemosynary homeowner disposal		0		0	2,409		2,409
Six night service disposal		23,000		23,000	14,225		(8,775)
Special Events collections		0		0	6,673		6,673
Tree and forestry lot clearance fees		35,000		35,000	(20,945)		(55,945)
Demolition charges		15,000		15,000	62,808		47,808
Animal shelter fees		211,000		211,000	232,924		21,924
Employee animal clinic fees		3,500		3,500	1,814		(1,686)
Hydrants fees		4,500,000		4,500,000	4,810,476		310,476
Police accident report copies		8,500		8,500	10,242		1,742
Reimbursement police services		5,000		5,000	0		(5,000)
False fire alarm charges		5,000		5,000	11,680		6,680
Maxcy Gregg admissions fees		21,000		21,000	18,756		(2,244)
Greenview pool admissions fees		7,000		7,000	6,443		(557)
Recreation athletics		12,600		12,600	33,836		21,236
Tennis court fees		30,000		30,000	30,299		299
Golf Center		20,400		20,400	18,390		(2,010)
Other parks/recreation fees		60,000		60,000	126,628		66,628
Findley Parks reservations		5,000		5,000	8,449		3,449
Mayor's Handicap Luncheon	_	0	_	0	4,030	_	4,030
Total charges for services	_	5,714,390	. <u> </u>	5,714,390	6,059,904	_	345,514

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	_							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Fines and forfeitures	_	Buugot		Daugot		7 totaa:		rananoo
Criminal court fines	\$	190,000	\$	190,000	\$	182,105	\$	(7,895)
Traffic court fines	•	600,000	·	600,000		724,382	•	124,382
Bond forfeiture from county courts		15,000		15,000		15,100		100
Other miscellaneous police receipts		25,000		25,000		(45,464)		(70,464)
Late Fees		0		0		2,521		2,521
Uniform ordinance inspections		0		0		5,821		5,821
Uniform ordinance animal control		0		0		13,663		13,663
Uniform ordinance business license		0		0		4,026		4,026
Uniform ordinance fire department		0		0		1,576		1,576
Fines - miscellaneous		45,000	_	45,000		0	_	(45,000)
Total fines and forfeitures	_	875,000	. <u>-</u>	875,000		903,730	_	28,730
Revenues from use of money and property								
Interest on investments general		700,000		700,000		219,316		(480,684)
Interest of investments general Interest gain/loss cost /market		100,000		100,000		72,400		(27,600)
Interest - Lexington County tax collections		5,000		5,000		5,629		629
Accrued Interest		0		0		18,108		18,108
Rent Eau ATM		0		0		1,400		1,400
Rent - Watermark Cafe		2,500		2,500		2,770		270
Rent - other miscellaneous sources		40,000		40,000		33,575		(6,425)
Commissions - pay telephone	_	8,000	_	8,000		0	_	(8,000)
Total revenues from use of money and property		855,500		855,500		353,198		(502,302)
Other revenues								
Miscellaneous revenue		122,900		152,900		83,013		(69,887)
Reimbursement property damage		0		0		9,292		9,292
Collection agency		12,500		12,500		1,338		(11,162)
Police revolvers		0		0		8,848		8,848
Auction sales	_	100,000	_	100,000		155,669		55,669
Total other revenues	_	235,400	_	265,400		258,160	-	(7,240)
Cost recovery fees	_	3,200,000		3,200,000		3,208,450	_	8,450
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers from other funds								
Water and sewer operating		4,500,000		4,500,000		4,500,000		0
Parking operating		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		0
Accommodations/Hospitality		25,000		25,000		110,000		85,000
Component Units		228,018		228,018		82,107		(145,911)
Unappropriated surplus transfer		3,000,000		3,000,000		0		(3,000,000)
Total transfers from other funds		8,753,018	_	8,753,018		5,692,107	_	(3,060,911)
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>-</u>	80,862,888	\$	81,019,286	\$	83,156,006	\$	2,136,720
	~=	20,002,000	~=	- 1,010, <u>-00</u>	Ψ	00,100,000	Ψ=	<u></u>

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Original		Final				
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance
EXPENDITURES Conoral Covernment							
General Government Legislative							
Personal services \$	249,627	\$	249,627	\$	247,254	\$	2,373
Supplies	11,241	•	14,301	Ì	18,600	•	(4,299)
Other services and charges	118,375	_	124,914		110,899	-	14,015
Total legislative	379,243	_	388,842		376,753	-	12,089
Executive/Administration							
Personal services	1,836,361		1,836,711		1,686,967		149,744
Supplies	125,407		139,915		88,933		50,982
Other services and charges	385,208		888,919		374,014		514,905
Capital outlay	16,134	_	38,422		25,969	-	12,453
Total executive/administration	2,363,110	_	2,903,967		2,175,883	-	728,084
Elections							
Other services and charges	0		200		0		200
•		_		Ī		-	
Total elections	0	_	200		0	-	200
Personnel Management							
Personal services	419,413		419,413		430,599		(11,186)
Supplies	19,592		20,202		29,747		(9,545)
Other services and charges	23,357	_	24,548		17,872	-	6,676
Total personnel management	462,362	_	464,163		478,218	-	(14,055)
Legal							
Personal services	691,850		691,850		638,433		53,417
Supplies	60,625		62,646		52,107		10,539
Other services and charges	404,540		406,440		371,903		34,537
Capital outlay	25,000	_	25,137		11,007	-	14,130
Total legal	1,182,015	_	1,186,073		1,073,450	_	112,623
Public Information							
Personal services	336,176		336,176		339,099		(2,923)
Supplies	62,108		91,515		46,810		44,705
Other services and charges	53,549		109,183		88,254		20,929
Capital outlay	0	_	5,709		2,400	_	3,309
Total public information	451,833	_	542,583	ļ	476,563	-	66,020
Employee Christmas Baskets							
Supplies	0		0		2,523		(2,523)
Other services and charges	100,000	_	95,179		91,420	_	3,759
Total employee Christmas baskets	100,000	_	95,179		93,943	_	1,236

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Original	Final		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Retired Employee Benefits:				
Other services and charges	\$ 913,550	\$ 913,550	898,088	\$ 15,462
Total retired employee benefits	913,550	913,550	898,088	15,462
Total General Government	5,852,113	6,494,557	5,572,898	921,659
to distant				
Judicial Municipal Court				
Personal services	1,804,886	1,804,886	1,731,859	73,027
Supplies	48,580	66,609	61,817	4,792
Other services and charges	137,312	146,879	81,815	65,064
Capital outlay	19,750	24,073	12,638	11,435
Total municipal court	2,010,528	2,042,447	1,888,129	154,318
Total Judicial	2,010,528	2,042,447	1,888,129	154,318
Finance Department:				
Administration				
Personal services	187,273	187,273	186,474	799
Supplies	5,353	5,353	2,321	3,032
Other services and charges	12,225	12,225	3,523	8,702
Total administration	204,851	204,851	192,318	12,533
Accounting Personal services	490 E26	490 E26	402 404	66 442
	489,536 13,970	489,536	423,124 17,900	66,412 142
Supplies Other services and charges	40,200	18,042 36,235	35,926	309
Capital outlay	2,100	2,100	33,920	2,100
,				
Total accounting	545,806	545,913	476,950	68,963
Business License				
Personal services	331,156	331,156	300,193	30,963
Supplies	22,404	23,089	16,984	6,105
Other services and charges	19,394	210,394	205,906	4,488
Total business license	372,954	564,639	523,083	41,556
Total Finance Department	1,123,611	1,315,403	1,192,351	123,052

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

								_
		Original		Final				
	_	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance
Community Development								
Inspections Personal services	\$	1,798,367	\$	1,798,367	\$	1,733,667	\$	64,700
Supplies	Ψ	61,899	Ψ	67,399	Ψ	75,853	Ψ	(8,454)
Other services and charges		63,320		59,820		67,320		(7,500)
Capital outlay	_	55,152	_	53,152		50,967	-	2,185
Total inspections	_	1,978,738	_	1,978,738		1,927,807	_	50,931
Planning-Zoning								
Personal services		829,439		829,439		776,481		52,958
Supplies		48,495		53,342		44,864		8,478
Other services and charges		203,624		245,332		161,992		83,340
Capital outlay	-	22,364	_	27,194		21,889	-	5,305
Total planning advanced	_	1,103,922	_	1,155,307		1,005,226	-	150,081
TN Development Corp.								
Personal services		222,698		222,698		224,368		(1,670)
Supplies		1,500		1,500		1,321		179
Other services and charges	-	3,820	-	3,820		2,873	-	947
Total TN Development Corp.	_	228,018	_	228,018		228,562	-	(544)
Total Community Development	_	3,310,678	_	3,362,063		3,161,595	=	200,468
Public Safety								
Police Department								
Administrative Service								
Personal services		1,972,105		1,972,105		1,757,350		214,755
Supplies		507,395		652,826		480,799		172,027
Other services and charges		616,282		622,351		672,139		(49,788)
Capital outlay	-	276,143	-	177,464		110,255	-	67,209
Total administrative service	_	3,371,925	_	3,424,746		3,020,543	-	404,203
Operations								
Personal services		15,718,236		15,718,236		15,455,646		262,590
Supplies		425,795		423,781		481,556		(57,775)
Other services and charges		598,133		602,897		601,174		1,723
Capital outlay	-	319,100	-	416,350		411,583	-	4,767
Total operations	_	17,061,264	_	17,161,264		16,949,959	-	211,305
One stat Country								
Special Services		2 242 404		2 242 404		2 254 020		/27 02F\
Personal services Supplies		2,213,194 47,200		2,213,194 46,700		2,251,029 53,994		(37,835) (7,294)
Other services and charges		55,120		55,120		43,696		11,424
Capital outlay	_	7,800	_	6,479		6,397	_	82
Total special services	_	2,323,314	_	2,321,493		2,355,116	_	(33,623)
Total Police Department	_	22,756,503	_	22,907,503		22,325,618	-	581,885

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Original	Final		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Fire Department - City Administration				
Personal services	\$ 387,40	7 \$ 335,386 \$	321,554	\$ 13,832
Supplies	12,75	·	15,129	1,317
Other services and charges	35,75	·	7,077	76,292
Capital outlay		0 4,000	3,955	45
Total fire department - city	435,90	7 439,201	347,715	91,486
Fire Prevention				
Personal services	648,82	·	619,898	18,923
Supplies	24,50	·	32,777	(5,877)
Other services and charges Capital outlay	13,65 41,00	·	17,059 34,164	1,667 17,100
Capital Outlay	41,00	0 31,204	34,104	17,100
Total fire prevention	727,97	1 735,711	703,898	31,813
Fire Fighting				
Personal services	11,381,33		11,768,406	(387,072)
Supplies	273,40	·	237,741	108,496
Other services and charges Capital outlay	1,064,46 253,33		1,109,060 249,337	(68,173) (43,758)
Total fire fighting	12,972,52	7 12,974,037	13,364,544	(390,507)
a.				
Shop Maintenance Personal services	236,30	9 236,309	254,681	(10 272)
Supplies	24,15	•	33,107	(18,372) (11,722)
Other services and charges	50,40	·	70,918	(268)
Capital outlay	51,00	·	23,945	<u> </u>
Total shop maintenance	361,85	9 352,290	382,651	(30,361)
Total Fire Department	14,498,26	14,501,239	14,798,808	(297,569)
Total Public Safety	37,254,76	7 37,408,742	37,124,426	284,316
Parks and Recreation				
Recreation				
Personal services	2,363,70	0 2,363,700	2,474,266	(110,566)
Supplies	65,77		66,952	(1,808)
Other services and charges	367,26	9 368,669	569,272	(200,603)
Capital outlay	1,88	0 16,904	15,024	1,880
Total recreation	2,798,62	3 2,814,417	3,125,514	(311,097)
Parks				
Personal services	2,478,37	1 2,478,371	2,480,616	(2,245)
Supplies	203,77		223,116	(17,040)
Other services and charges	347,05		319,126	(2,701)
Capital outlay	28,82	3 42,131	26,004	16,127
Total parks	3,058,02	7 3,043,003	3,048,862	(5,859)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Original		Final				
	_	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance
Swimming Pools Personal services	\$	82,209	\$	82,209	\$	77.619	\$	4.590
Supplies	Φ	4,847	Ψ	4,847	Φ	2,839	Ф	2,008
Other services and charges		5,400		5,400		4,864		536
Capital outlay	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	-	
Total swimming pools	_	92,456	_	92,456		85,322	_	7,134
Tennis Courts								(2 - (2)
Personal services		133,978		133,978		137,724		(3,746) 111
Supplies Other services and charges		3,330 4,550		6,230 880		6,119 794		86
Other services and charges	_	4,330	_	000		134	-	
Total tennis courts	_	141,858	_	141,088		144,637	-	(3,549)
Total Barba and Barrasiian		0.000.004		0.000.004		0.404.005		(040.074)
Total Parks and Recreation	-	6,090,964	_	6,090,964		6,404,335	-	(313,371)
Public Services								
Administration								
Personal services		189,533		189,533		193,843		(4,310)
Supplies Other services and charges		11,450 97,924		13,774 99,227		13,037 85,284		737 13,943
Capital outlay		97,924 4,900		3,400		3,261		13,943
Capital Callay	_	.,	_	5,.00		0,201	-	
Total administration	_	303,807	_	305,934		295,425	-	10,509
Solid Waste								
Personal services		4,690,706		4,690,706		4,704,761		(14,055)
Supplies		553,667		698,233		809,575		(111,342)
Other services and charges		2,790,135		2,900,235		3,219,269		(319,034)
Capital outlay	_	4,200	_	4,200		3,526	-	674
Total solid waste	_	8,038,708	_	8,293,374		8,737,131	_	(443,757)
Streets and Storm Drains								
Personal services		1,144,038		1,144,038		1,022,910		121,128
Supplies		144,315		143,028		128,268		14,760
Other services and charges		137,699		138,986		73,665		65,321 (5.014)
Capital outlay	_	0	-	0		5,914	-	(5,914)
Total street and storm drains	_	1,426,052	_	1,426,052		1,230,757	-	195,295

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Original		Final				
	_	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance
Animal Control:								
Personal services	\$	789,425	\$	789,425	\$	720,535	\$	68,890
Supplies		105,285		117,318		96,783		20,535
Other services and charges		106,958		125,422		122,636		2,786
Capital outlay	_	8,950	_	30,314		10,017	_	20,297
Total animal control	_	1,010,618	_	1,062,479		949,971	_	112,508
Communication Center								
Personal services		1,596,295		1,596,295		1,490,762		105,533
Supplies		23,843		34,152		17,503		16,649
Other services and charges		101,742		100,027		84,538		15,489
Capital outlay	_	30,000	_	24,000		15,434	_	8,566
Total communication center		1,751,880	_	1,754,474		1,608,237	_	146,237
Trees and Forestry								
Personal services		1,361,804		1,361,804		1,317,948		43,856
Supplies		175,986		215,371		184,911		30,460
Other services and charges		129,873		211,077		135,441		75,636
Capital outlay	_	47,400	_	71,782		41,768	_	30,014
Total trees and forestry	-	1,715,063	_	1,860,034		1,680,068	_	179,966
Traffic Francisco								
Traffic Engineering Personal services		4 245 204		1 245 204		1 212 060		2.424
		1,215,394		1,215,394		1,212,960		2,434 24,373
Supplies Other services and charges		151,114 927,606		164,391 900,972		140,018 1,138,009		,
Capital outlay		35,229		101,345		47,780		(237,037) 53,565
Capital Outlay	_	33,229	_	101,343	•	47,700	_	33,363
Total traffic engineering	_	2,329,343	_	2,382,102		2,538,767	_	(156,665)
Total Public Services	_	16,575,471	_	17,084,449		17,040,356	_	44,093
Computer Services								
Personal services		1,168,447		1,168,447		1,109,912		58,535
Supplies		56,606		60,398		49,494		10,904
Other services and charges		402,613		380,359		353,015		27,344
Capital outlay	_	26,500	_	48,922		48,060	_	862
Total computer services	_	1,654,166	_	1,658,126		1,560,481	_	97,645

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Original		Final				
Dublic Duildings	Budget		Budget	_	Actual		Variance
Public Buildings Personal services \$	184,176	\$	184,176	\$	203,215	\$	(19,039)
Supplies	33,906	*	34,840		27,058	*	7,782
Other services and charges	623,315		652,167		571,279		80,888
Capital outlay	2,500	_	4,385		4,385	-	0
Total public buildings	843,897	_	875,568		805,937	-	69,631
Total General Services	2,498,063	_	2,533,694		2,366,418	-	167,276
Community Promotion							
Other services and charges	300,000		10,000		406		9,594
Community Promotion	0		850,489		780,970		69,519
T. 10		_	000 400	Ī	704.070	-	70.110
Total Community Promotion	300,000	_	860,489		781,376	-	79,113
Nondepartmental Contingencies							
Supplies	89,995		89,995		31,755		58,240
Other services and charges	746,765		1,110,174		492,180		617,994
Capital outlay	220,000		5,952		4,859		1,093
Paid to component units	170,000		170,000		41,861		1,093
raid to component units	170,000	_	170,000	ł	41,001	-	
Total contingencies	1,056,760		1,206,121		528,794	-	677,327
Bad Debt Expense							
Bad debt expense	0		0		768,733		(768,733)
Other services and charges	0	_	0	1	12,308	-	(12,308)
Total bad debt expense	0		0	ļ	781,041	-	(781,041)
General Insurance							
Other services and charges	329,500	_	329,500	1	227,010	-	102,490
Total general insurance	329,500	_	329,500		227,010	-	102,490
Administration	•		•		455.047		(455.047)
Other services and charges	0	_	0	ł	155,047	-	(155,047)
Total Administration	0		0		155,047	-	(155,047)
Bank Service Charges: Other services and charges	0		•		131,690		(131,690)
Other services and charges		_	0	ł	131,090	-	(131,090)
Total bank service charges	0	_	0	ŀ	131,690	-	(131,690)
Total Nondepartmental	1,386,260	_	1,535,621		1,823,582	-	(287,961)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers to Other Funds							
Debt service	3,425,833		3,425,833		3,442,525		(16,692)
Transfers Interfund	900,000	_	1,410,725		1,949,193		(538,468)
Total transfers to other funds	4,325,833	_	4,836,558		5,391,718		(555,160)
Total expenditures and other financing uses \$	80,898,288	\$	83,734,987		82,789,045	\$	817,803
Total experiences and other infallenty uses of	00,000,200	~ =	00,104,001	٠.	02,100,040	Ψ.	317,003

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT'S THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

The City of Columbia's road system consists of 130 miles of paved roads. The condition of the road payment is measured using a number of maintenance requirements that are standard for paved roads. The payment management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a rating index ranging from zero for a failed payment to 100 for a freshly repaved surface. The rating is used to classify roads in good condition, which earn a rating of 100 to 80. Serviceable condition earns a rating of 79 to 50. Poor condition earns a rating below 49.

The percentage of roads in good condition is approximately 20%. The roads in serviceable condition runs about 75% and the amount of roads in poor condition is about 5%. Most of the roads maintained by the City are in residential areas, the downtown area or are minor connectors. Resurfacing contracts are let approximately every two years and the County Transportation Committee provides matching funds.

Comparison of Needed-To-Actual Maintenance/Preservation Costs

	_	2005		2004		2003		2002		2001	_
Actual	\$	2,417,527	\$	2,313,821	\$	2,901,712	\$	2,494,634	\$	2,324,089	
Needed	_	2,800,000		3,500,000		3,000,000		2,800,000		2,760,000	_
Difference	\$	(382,473)	_ \$ _	(1,186,179)	_ \$ _	(98,288)	_ \$ _	(305,366)	_ \$ _	(435,902)	=

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Accommodation Tax accounts for State Hotel Accommodations Tax receipts to promote activities of City organizations.

Tourism Development accounts for the Tourism Development Fee imposed upon the rental of hotels, motels, and other lodging establishments in the City. This fee is dedicated to the attraction of and improvement of the services provided to tourists.

Business Improvement District accounts for the Business Improvement District taxes assessed on the businesses in the downtown area of the City to promote downtown beautification.

Hospitality Tax accounts for a 2% gross sales tax on prepared food and beverages sold in establishments to promote activities of City organizations.

Confiscated Drug Program accounts for the disposition of forfeited property and money seized in Columbia by law enforcement agencies.

Land Acquisition accounts for future land acquisition and development.

Other Programs provides for miscellaneous programs for park improvements and special events.

Community Development Grants and Awards accounts for the Community Development Block Grants and Emergency Shelter Grant.

U.S. Justice Department Grants accounts for receipt of Federal and State funds for programs to improve public safety and law enforcement to the community.

Other Grants accounts for the receipt of Federal and State funds for programs to improve public safety and law enforcement to the community, various tree-planting projects, and various public service and planning projects.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the City, other than debt service payments financed by proprietary fund types. Ad valorem taxes, interest earned on the investments of the Debt Service Fund and interest earned on investments of certain Capital Projects Funds are used for the payment of principal, interest, and fiscal agent expenditures on the City's general obligation and revenue bonds.

Capital Project Funds

Tax Increment District accounts for the construction and development of parks and infrastructure, within the Congaree Vista District funded by tax increment district property tax revenues.

Street Scaping accounts for capital improvements to street landscaping.

Storm Drains accounts for infrastructure improvements.

General Obligation Bonds 2002 accounts for funds designated from the General Obligation Bonds series 2002.

Convention Center Infrastructure accounts for the development of the infrastructure for a new convention center.

General Capital Projects accounts for various capital improvements in the City.

Miscellaneous Projects accounts for various capital projects funded by the General Fund.

Permanent Trust

Annie Mae Dickson Fund accounts for an endowment for which the investement income must be use to purchase flowers for the parks.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2005

								Special																	Debt Service		
		Accom-				Business			С	Confiscated								Justice							Special		
	n	nodations		urism	lm	provement	ı	Hospitality		Drug		Land		Other		Community		Department	Other	_	Totals		G. O.		District		
	_	Tax	Deve	lopment		District		Tax		Program		Acquisition		Programs		Development		Grants	Grants		2005	_	Bonds		Bonds	_	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>		_																									
ouon una ouon oquivaionio	\$	234,212 \$	i	,	\$	30,301	\$	1,282,138	\$	91,917	\$	48,990	\$	367,248	\$	398,262	\$	47,079 \$	154,04		3,127,324	\$	493,866	\$	4,431,643	\$	4,925,509
Investments		0		0		95,539		4,042,512		132,466		154,464		0		0		148,436		0	4,573,417		0		0		0
Receivables, net																											
Property taxes		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0		53,564		53,564
Federal government				0		0		0		0		0		0		479,572		93,550	2,518,42		3,091,547		0		0		0
State government		352,246		18,150		0		0		0		0		217,799		0		34,205	11,09		633,492		0		0		0
Other		0		0		32,829		0		0		836,325		77,481		0		0	1,103,66	55	2,050,300		0		0		0
Accrued interest		0		0		675		28,136		943		4,325		0		0		1,031		0	35,110		0		0		0
Due from other funds		0		0		0		0		0		615,141		1,014,597		0		0		0	1,629,738		0		0		0
Due from component units	_	0		0		0	_	0	_	0		0	_	0		2,009	_	0		0	2,009	_	0	-	0	-	0
Total assets	\$	586,458 \$		491,280	\$	159,344	\$	5,352,786	\$	225,326	\$_	1,659,245	\$_	1,677,125	\$	879,843	\$_	324,301 \$	3,787,22	29 \$	15,142,937	\$	493,866	\$	4,485,207	\$	4,979,073
<u>LIABILITIES AND</u> FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																											
Accounts payable	\$	0 \$		0	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	3,349	\$	1,982	\$	62,547	\$	190,829	\$	0 \$	1,157,32	24 \$	1,516,031	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Accrued salaries and benefits		0		0		0		0		0		0		12,748		61,431		0	2,31	2	76,491		0		0		0
Retainage payable		0		0		0		0		0		0		. 0		. 0		0		0	0		0		0		0
Deferred revenue		0		0		0		0		49.903		0		0		617,846		324,301	16,5	53	1,008,603		0		0		0
Due to other funds		0		0		0		0		. 0		0		1,015,229		3,200		0	2,611,04	10	3,629,469		0		0		0
Due to component units		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		6,537		0	, , , , ,	0	6,537		0		0		0
Total liabilities		0		0		50,000		50,000		53,252		1,982		1,090,524		879,843		324,301	3,787,22	29	6,237,131		0		0		0
				_					_		_				_		_			_		_					
Fund balances																											
Reserved for debt service		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0		493,866		4,485,207		4,979,073
Reserved for encumbrances Held in trust		256,767		11,751		0		335,017		3,777		1,843		143,947		0		0		0	753,102		0		0		0
Nonexpendable		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0		0		0		0
Expendable		ň		Ô		ő		ň		ō		ň		ň		ň		Ö		ň	ů		ň		ň		ň
Unreserved		329,691		479,529		109,344		4,967,769		168,297		1,655,420		442,654		ő		0		ŏ	8,152,704		0		Ö		o
	-	,		,	_	,	_	.,,	_	,		1,000,100	-	,			-			_	-,,	_		-			
Total fund balances	_	586,458		491,280		109,344		5,302,786	_	172,074		1,657,263	_	586,601		0		0		0	8,905,806		493,866	_	4,485,207	_	4,979,073
Total liabilities																											
and fund balances	\$	586,458 \$		491,280	\$	159,344	\$	5,352,786	\$	225,326	\$_	1,659,245	\$_	1,677,125	\$_	879,843	\$_	324,301 \$	3,787,22	29 \$	15,142,937	\$	493,866	\$	4,485,207	\$	4,979,073

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2005

									С	apital Projects										
	Tax Increm Distri	ent	Ctr	eetscaping		Storm Drains	G	General Obligation Bonds 2002	Cou	Convention nter Infrastructure		General Capital Projects		Miscellaneous Projects		Total	F	Permanent Trust	•	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS	Distri	UL .	Sur	eetscaping		Dialiis		BUIIUS 2002	Cei	iller illirastructure		Capital Frojects		Frojects	-	TOtal	-	Trust		ruius
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9.5	60,055	\$ 1	1,143,190	\$	0	s	2,090,950	\$	301.300	\$	587,879	\$	494,970	\$	14,178,344	\$	5,685	\$	22,236,862
Investments		96,132		3,604,412	•	Ō	•	_,,	*	949,979	•	1,853,552	•	1,173,770	- 1	9,777,845	- 1	0	•	14,351,262
Receivables, net	_,.	,		-,						,		.,,		.,,		-,,	- 1			,,
Property taxes		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	- 1	0		53,564
Federal government		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	- 1	0	- 1	0		3,091,547
State government		Ó		0		Ó		0		Ō		0		6,413	- 1	6,413	- 1	0		639,905
Other		0	2	2,914,745		0		0		0		2,000		15,087	- 1	2,931,832	- 1	0		4,982,132
Interest		4,316		31,774		0		0		6,614		23,122		8,168		73,994	- 1	0		109,104
Due from other funds		0	1	1,266,103		0		0		0		1,910,957		0	- 1	3,177,060	- 1	0		4,806,798
Due from component units		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	- 1	0	- 1	0		2,009
					_						_		_		Ī					
Total assets	\$ 11,7	60,503	\$8	8,960,224	\$	0	\$_	2,090,950	\$	1,257,893	\$_	4,377,510	\$_	1,698,408	\$	30,145,488	\$_	5,685	\$	50,273,183
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities																				
Accounts payable	\$ 3	63,941	\$	18	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,014,430	\$	41,927	\$	1,420,316	\$	0	\$	2,936,347
Accrued salaries and benefits		. 0		0		0		0		0		0		. 0	- 1	0	- 1	0		76,491
Retainage payable		0		0		0		0		0		0		37	- 1	37	- 1	0		37
Deferred revenue		0		0		0		0		0		0		(5,000)	- 1	(5,000)	- 1	0		1,003,603
Due to other funds	5	13,383		0		0		0		0		583,838		1,558		1,098,779	- 1	0		4,728,248
Due to component units		0		0		0		0		0	_	0		2,001,705		2,001,705		0		2,008,242
Total liabilities	8	77,324		18		0	_	0		0	_	1,598,268	_	2,040,227		4,515,837		0		10,752,968
Front halanaa																	- 1			
Fund balances Reserved for debt service				0		•		0		•		0		0	- 1	•	- 1	0		4,979,073
Reserved for encumbrances	40.0	0 55,127		1,660,113		0		0		0		0		1,115,405	- 1	13,030,645	- 1	0		13,783,747
Held in trust	10,2	55,121	1	1,000,113		U		U		U		U		1,115,405	- 1	13,030,645	- 1	U		13,703,747
Expendable		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	- 1	0	- 1	685		685
		0		0		0		0		0		0		0	- 1	0	- 1	5,000		5,000
Nonexpendable Unreserved		28,052	-	7,300,093		0		2,090,950		1,257,893		2,779,242		(1,457,224)		12,599,006	- 1	5,000		20,751,710
Unreserved		20,032		7,300,093	_	U	_	2,090,950		1,257,693	-	2,779,242	_	(1,457,224)	-	12,599,006	-	0		20,751,710
Total fund balances	10,8	83,179	8	8,960,206	_	0	_	2,090,950	_	1,257,893	-	2,779,242	_	(341,819)		25,629,651		5,685		39,520,215
Total liabilities																	- 1			
and fund balances	\$11,7	60,503	\$8	8,960,224	\$	0	\$	2,090,950	\$	1,257,893	\$	4,377,510	\$	1,698,408	\$	30,145,488	\$	5,685	\$	50,273,183

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

						Special Revenue							Debt Service	
	Accom-		Business		Confiscated	•			Justice				Special	
	modations	Tourism	Improvement	Hospitality	Drug	Land	Other	Community	Department	Other	Totals	G. O.	District	
	Tax	Development	District	Tax	Program	Acquisition	Programs	Development	Grants	Grants	2004	Bonds	Bonds	Total
REVENUES														
Federal government	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3.651.215	\$ 133.086	\$ 285.208 \$	4,069,509	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
State government	1.054.660	293.309	0		0	0	,	0	0	0	1,347,969	0	0	0
County government	0	200,000	ň	6.580.448	ň	ň	ň	Ů	ň	ň	6,580,448	ň	Ô	o o
Promotions	0	Ů	Ů	0,000,440	Ů	0	264,974	ň	ň	ň	264,974	Ů	ň	o o
Confiscated funds	ň	0	ň	0	40,488	ň	204,574	0	ň	ň	40,488	0	ň	ŏ
Current taxes	ŏ	0	ů	0	40,400 N	0	Ů	0	0	ŏ	10,400	0	5,243,537	5,243,537
Investment income (loss)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,243,337	0,240,007
Other	15,510	1,761,203	540.857	169,512	7.229	576.253	1,489,468	10,116	(124,759)	3,969,191	8,414,580	0	0	0
Other	15,510	1,761,203	540,657	109,512	1,229	376,233	1,409,400	10,116	(124,759)	3,969,191	0,414,500			0
Total revenues	1,070,170	2,054,512	540,857	6,749,960	47,717	576,253	1,754,442	3,661,331	8,327	4,254,399	20,717,968	0	5,243,537	5,243,537
EXPENDITURES														
General government	765,924	237,076	601,966	3,422,835	71,155	227,025	1,002,791	3,347,578	24,275	4,281,147	13,981,772	0	0	0
Public safety	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	Ö
Parks and recreation	Ô	0	Ô	0	Ô	0	Ô	Ô	Ô	Ô	ő	Ö	Ô	Ö
Public services	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	Ů	ň	ň	Õ	ň	Ô	o o
Principal retirement	ň	0	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	0	ň	ň	ő	1,270,000	3,644,429	4,914,429
Interest on bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	914,545	932,821	1,847,366
Fiscal agent charges	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	539	3,145	3,684
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0	20,027	0	226,801	14,415	122,664	47,474	431,381	009	3,143	3,064
	0	0	0	0	20,027	0	220,001	805.836	122,004	47,474	805,836	0	0	0
Paid to component units								605,636			005,030			0
Total expenditures	765,924	237,076	601,966	3,422,835	91,182	227,025	1,229,592	4,167,829	146,939	4,328,621	15,218,989	2,185,084	4,580,395	6,765,479
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
	304,246	1,817,436	(61,109)	3,327,125	(43,465)	349,228	524,850	(506,498)	(138,612)	(74,222)	5,498,979	(2,185,084)	663,142	(1,521,942)
over (under) expenditures	304,240	1,017,430	(61,109)	3,327,123	(43,463)	349,220	524,650	(506,496)	(130,012)	(74,222)	5,490,979	(2,100,004)	003,142	(1,521,942)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in	0	0	0	0	0	0	215,000	14,813	12,743	74,281	316,837	2,171,692	0	2,171,692
Transfers (out)	(25,000)	(1,911,202)	Ô	(1,045,052)	ň	(175,000)	(260,070)	0,0.0	,0	,_0.	(3,416,324)	(570,832)	Ô	(570,832)
Transfers (out) - component units	(25,000)	(1,511,202)	ŏ	(1,040,002)	ŏ	(170,000)	(200,070)	•	ŏ	ŏ	(0,410,024)	(0,0,002)	ő	(070,002)
Proceeds of issuing bonds	Ö	ő	Ö	ő	Ö	ő	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ō	Ö	Ö
		<u> </u>												
Total other financing														
sources (uses)	(25,000)	(1,911,202)	0	(1,045,052)	0	(175,000)	(45,070)	14,813	12,743	74,281	(3,099,487)	1,600,860	0	1,600,860
Net change in fund balances	279,246	(93,766)	(61,109)	2,282,073	(43,465)	174,228	479,780	(491,685)	(125,869)	59	2,399,492	(584,224)	663,142	78,918
Beginning fund balances	307,212	585,046	170,453	3,020,713	215,539	1,483,035	632,966	491,685	125,869	(59)	7,032,459	1,078,090	3,822,065	4,900,155
Prior Period Adjustment	0 0	000,040	170,433	0,020,713	213,339	1,403,033	(526,145)	491,003	123,003	(33)	(526,145)	1,070,030	0,022,000	-,555,155 D
Beginning fund balances as restated	307,212	585,046	170,453	3,020,713	215,539	1,483,035	106,821	491,685	125,869	(59)	6,506,314			
_oging rand balances as restated	501,E12	555,540	110,400	0,020,110	210,000	1,400,000	100,021	401,000	120,003	(55)	0,000,014			
Fund balances, end of year	586,458	\$ 491,280	\$ 109,344	\$ 5,302,786	\$ 172,074	\$ 1,657,263	586,601	\$0	\$0	\$ <u> </u>	8,905,806	\$ 493,866	\$ 4,485,207	\$ 4,979,073

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

					Capital P	rojects				
	Tax									Total Nonmajor
	Increment	Street	Storm	General Obligation	Convention	General	Miscellaneous		Permanent	Governmental
	District	Scaping	Drains	Bonds 2002	Center Infrastructure	Capital Projects	Projects	Total	Trust	Funds
REVENUES										
Federal government \$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 983,565			\$ 0	\$ 5,053,074
State government	0	2,012,976	0	0	0	0	17,452	2,030,428	0	3,378,397
County government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,580,448
Promotions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	264,974
Confiscated funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,488
Current taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,243,537
Interest	285,354	126,410	0	46,214	90,542	174,682	37,800	761,002	0	761,002
Other	39,367	1,211,851	0	0	0	2,108,790	5,000	3,365,008	0	11,779,588
			_							
Total revenues	324,721	3,351,237	0	46,214	90,542	3,267,037	60,252	7,140,003	0	33,101,508
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	5,124,076	0	n	n	2,897,661	425,394	13,293	8,460,424	0	22,442,196
Public safety	3,124,070	0	0	ŏ	2,037,001	424,123	13,233	424,123	0	424,123
Parks and recreation	0	0	0	0	0	6,603,196	55.477	6,658,673	0	6,658,673
Public services	0	2,724,827	0	0	0	5,210,910	111,367	8,047,104	0	8,047,104
Principal retirement	0	2,124,021	0	0	0	3,210,910	111,307	0,047,104	0	4,914,429
Interest on bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,847,366
	U	0	U	U	U	U	0	0	0	3,684
Fiscal agent charges	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	431,381
Capital outlay	0	0	0	U	0	0	•	•	0	
							0	0	0	805,836
Total expenditures	5,124,076	2,724,827	0	0	2,897,661	12,663,623	180,137	23,590,324	0	45,574,792
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(4,799,355)	626,410	0	46,214	(2,807,119)	(9,396,586)	(119,885)	(16,450,321)	0	(12,473,284)
over (under) expenditures	(4,799,333)	020,410		40,214	(2,007,119)	(9,390,380)	(119,000)	(10,430,321)	0	(12,473,204)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	0	2,175,583	0	0	6,427,519	377,000	220,070	9,200,172	0	11,688,701
Transfers (out)	ň	2,0,000	ň	(6,427,519)	0, 121, 010	(500,000)	0	(6,927,519)	Ö	(10,914,675)
Transfers (out) - component units	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	(0, 121, 010)	Ö	(555,555)	ŏ	(0,021,010)	ŏ	(10,011,010,
Proceeds of issuing bonds	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						·				
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	0	2,175,583	0	(6,427,519)	6,427,519	(123,000)	220,070	2,272,653	0	774,026
Net change in fund balances	(4,799,355)	2,801,993	0	(6,381,305)	3,620,400	(9,519,586)	100,185	(14,177,668)	0	(11,699,258)
net ondinge in rand balances	(4,733,333)	2,001,000		(0,301,303)	3,020,400	(3,313,300)	100,103	(14,177,000)	•	(11,033,230)
Beginning fund balances	15,682,534	6,158,213	0	8,472,255	(2,362,507)	12,298,828	(442,004)	39,807,319	5,685	51,745,618
Prior Period Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(526,145)
Beginning fund balances as restated	15,682,534	6,158,213	0	8,472,255	(2,362,507)	12,298,828	(442,004)	39,807,319	5,685	51,219,473
Fund balances, end of year \$	10,883,179	\$ 8,960,206	\$ 0	\$ 2,090,950	\$ 1,257,893	\$ 2,779,242	(341,819)	\$ 25,629,651	\$ 5,685	\$ 39,520,215

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations of the City (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, where the intent is for the cost of providing goods or services to be recovered, in whole or in part, through user charges; or (b) where the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. These funds include:

Hydro-Electric Plant accounts for hydro electric plant activities.

Storm Water Fund accounts for storm water utility activities.

Parking Facilities Fund accounts for parking garage and parking ticket activities.

Transportation Operating Fund accounts for the operation of the Bus Transfer Station.

Redevelopment Programs Fund accounts for various home rehabilitation and mortgage lending programs funded from various sources.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2005

	Hydro Electric Facilities Fund	Storm Water Facilities Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	Transportation Operating Fund	Redevelopment Programs Fund	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>						. Guile
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 334,471 1,054,567	\$ 1,758,788 5,545,365		\$ 121,394 382,750	\$ 1,200,033 \$ 3,362,836	4,963,772 17,367,130
Accounts receivable, net	1,083,981	5,545,365		·	3,362,636 0	1,195,283
Mortgage notes receivable, net	0,000,001	0			3,635,662	3,635,662
Accrued interest receivable	134,079	26,398		2,664	37,572	249,861
Real estate held for resale	0	0	0	0	555,941	555,941
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:	0	0			0	678,541
Total current assets	2,607,098	7,330,551	9,409,689	506,808	8,792,044	28,646,190
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:	0	0	718,906	0	0	718,906
Capital assets:						
Land	326,700	0	-, ,	0	0	9,444,016
Buildings, improvements and utility plant	16,173,300	1,703,897		743,966	0	30,875,783
Machinery and equipment	(990 533)	103,989		24,069	0	1,432,267
Less, accumulated depreciation Construction in progress	(889,532)	(111,086 2,775,041	, , , ,) (262,636) 0	0	(7,131,839) 4,952,300
Net capital assets	15,610,468	4,471,841			- - 0	39,572,527
Mortgage notes receivable, net	0	0			17,938,985	17,938,985
Contract receivable	2,736,055	0	0	0	. 0	2,736,055
Unamortized bond discounts and costs	0	0		0	0	92,747
Total noncurrent assets	18,346,523	4,471,841	19,796,472	505,399	17,938,985	61,059,220
Total assets	\$ 20,953,621	\$ 11,802,392	\$ 29,206,161	\$ 1,012,207	\$ 26,731,029 \$	89,705,410
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 0	\$ 130,758	\$ 308,158	\$ 0	\$ 158,392 \$	597,308
Accrued salaries and benefits	0	57,870		0	0	129,530
Accrued vacation pay	0	32,565		0	0	114,926
Retainage payable	0	79,613		0	0	79,613
Due to other funds Note payable	0	7,850 0		0	80.000	14,511 80,000
General obligation bonds payable	0	0		0	00,000	210,000
Contract payable	792,921	0	-,		0	792,921
Payable from restricited assets:	,					ŕ
Accrued interest payable	154,883	0	,	0	21,519	203,947
Revenue bonds payable, net	0	0	•	0	0	440,000
Customer deposits	0	0	996	0	0	996
Total current liabilities	947,804	308,656	1,147,381	0	259,911	2,663,752
Noncurrent libilities						
Note payable	0	0	0	0	640,000	640,000
Contract payable	3,566,640	0	0		0	3,566,640
Revenue bonds payable, net	0	0			0	4,216,783
Total long-term liabilities	3,566,640		4,216,783	0	640,000	8,423,423
Total liabilities	4,514,444	308,656	5,364,164	0	899,911	11,087,175
Net Assets:						
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	15,610,468	4,471,841	14,118,036	505,399	0	34,705,744
Restricted for debt service	0	0		0	0	1,397,447
Unrestricted	828,709	7,021,895			25,831,118	42,515,044
Total net assets	16,439,177	11,493,736	23,841,997	1,012,207	25,831,118	78,618,235
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 20,953,621	\$ 11,802,392	\$ 29,206,161	\$\$	\$ 26,731,029 \$	89,705,410

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

_ _	Hydro Electric Facilities Fund	Storm Water Facilities Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	Transportation Operating Fund	Redevelopment Programs Fund	Totals
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services \$	0	\$ 3,679,426 \$		\$ 360	\$ 0 \$	7,934,644
Other operating revenue	633,318	0	1,685,298	0	64,500	2,383,116
Total operating revenue	633,318	3,679,426	5,940,156	360	64,500	10,317,760
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	0	1,226,554	1,404,898	0	0	2,631,452
Materials and supplies	0	87,260	94,285	0	0	181,545
Other services and charges	10,168	82,130	276,316	90,000	148,686	607,300
Heat, light and power	353,411	0	136,349	0	0	489,760
Depreciation	323,467	105,174	437,379	31,363	0	897,383
Bad debt expense	0	0	2,406	0	36,943	39,349
Total operating expenses	687,046	1,501,118	2,351,633	121,363	185,629	4,846,789
Operating income (loss)	(53,728)	2,178,308	3,588,523	(121,003)	(121,129)	5,470,971
Non-months and a second						
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	209.425	119.044	040.674	40.700	719.300	4 205 4 42
Investment income (loss)	,	- , -	243,674	13,700	719,300	1,305,143
Other nonoperating income	0	0	29,644 0	0 (240)	•	29,644
Gain (loss) from sale of assets	(512)	0	•	(310)	3,112	2,290
Interest expense	(216,068)	•	(308,521)	0	(52,918)	(577,507)
Amortization of bond costs	(7.455)	0	(67,379)	0	0	(67,379)
Total nonoperating revenues (expen	(7,155)	119,044	(102,582)	13,390	669,494	692,191
Income (loss) before transfers	(60,883)	2,297,352	3,485,941	(107,613)	548,365	6,163,162
Transfers:						
Transfers in	0	3,216,957	0	90,000	1,274,232	4,581,189
Transfers (out)	0	0	(1,090,000)	0	(14,813)	(1,104,813)
Capital Contribution	0	769,877	0	0	0	769,877
Change in net assets	(60,883)	6,284,186	2,395,941	(17,613)	1,807,784	10,409,415
Beginning net assets	16,500,060	5,209,550	21,446,056	1,029,820	24,023,334	68,208,820
Ending net assets \$	16,439,177	\$ <u>11,493,736</u> \$	23,841,997	\$ 1,012,207	\$\$5,831,118\$	78,618,235

CITY OF COLUMBIA NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Hydro Electric Facilities		Storm Water Facilities		Parking Facilities	Transportation Operating		lopment grams	Total Nonmajor
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	Fı	ınd	Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 405,208	\$	3,679,426	\$	5,956,655	\$	\$	27,557	\$ 10,068,846
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(363,579)	_	(172,845) (1,265,774)	_	(345,741) (1,374,162)	(180,000)	(258,380) 0	(1,320,545) (2,639,936)
Net Cash provided (used) by operating activities	41,629	_	2,240,807		4,236,752	(180,000)	(230,823)	6,108,365
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Due to (from) others	550,091		(515)		(828,661)	0		827,263	548,178
Transfers in	0		3,216,957		0	90,000		274,232	4,581,189
Transfers out	0	_	0	_	(1,090,000)			(14,813)	(1,104,813)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	550,091	_	3,216,442	_	(1,918,661)	90,000	2,	086,682	4,024,554
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Purchase of capital assets	(1)		(3,446,832)		(4,567,861)	0		0	(8,014,694)
Capital contributions Principal paid on bonds and notes	0 (756,965)		769,877 0		0 (645,004)	0	(160,000)	769,877 (1,561,969)
Interest paid on debt	(243,461)	_	0		(314,477)	0		(57,394)	(615,332)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(1,000,427)	. <u> </u>	(2,676,955)		(5,527,342)	0	(217,394)	(9,422,118)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Purchase of investments	(381,978)		(1,654,840)		0	0	(2,	428,138)	(4,464,956)
Proceeds from sale of investments	0		0		2,953,244	124,675		377,426	3,455,345
Principal received on debt Interest received	793,433 234,912		0 107,250		0 245,549	0 13,737		0 701,374	793,433 1,302,822
Rent received	254,512		0		29,644	0		0	29,644
Purchase of inventory for resale Extraordinary loss	0	_	0 0	_	0	0	(215,168) 0	(215,168) 0
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	646,367	_	(1,547,590)	_	3,228,437	138,412	(1,	564,506)	901,120
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash									
equivalents	237,660	_	1,232,704		19,186	48,412		73,959	1,611,921
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1 (including \$718,906 in Parking reported in restricted cash)	96,811	_	526,084	_	2,248,806	72,982	1,	126,074	4,070,757
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30 (including									
\$718,906in Parking reported in restricted cash)	\$ 334,471	\$_	1,758,788	\$_	2,267,992	\$ 121,394	\$ 1,	200,033	\$ 5,682,678
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating income	\$ (53,728)	\$	2,178,308	\$	3,588,523	\$ (121,003)	\$(121,129)	\$ 5,470,971
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation	323,467		105,174		437,379	31,363		0	897,383
Bad debt expense	0		0		2,406	0		36,943	39,349
Change in operating assets and liabilities									4
Accounts Receivable Accounts Payable	(228,110) 0		0 (3,455)		16,499 161,209	(360) (90,000)	((36,943) 109,694)	(248,914) (41,940)
Accrued salaries	0		898		18,550	0	,	0	19,448
Accrued vacation	0	_	(40,118)	_	12,186	0		0	(27,932)
Total adjustments	95,357	_	62,499	_	648,229	(58,997)	(109,694)	637,394
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 41,629	\$	2,240,807	\$_	4,236,752	\$ (180,000)	\$(230,823)	\$ 6,108,365
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING AC					.				
Decrease in fair value of investments Amortization of bond cost	512 0		7,528 0		20,746 62,374	310 0		158 0	29,254 62,374

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a user charge basis. These funds include:

Fleet Management accounts for the maintenance and repair of vehicles.

Support Services accounts for a decentralized governmental and enterprise inventory system, a central supply facility, procurement functions and the City's general maintenance functions.

Risk Management accounts for the costs associated with self-funded liability plans for employee health, worker's compensation, unemployment and tort liability for all City departments.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2005

				_			Totals
		Fleet		Support		Risk	2025
		Management		Services		Management	2005
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	439,953	\$	4,706,797	\$	4,904,696	\$ 10,051,446
Investments		1,387,148		0		15,464,233	16,851,381
Accounts receivable		36,524		1,592		43,306	81,422
Accrued interest receivable		9,759		0		107,801	117,560
Deposits		0		0		128,475	128,475
Due from other funds		0		0		361,969	361,969
Inventory	_	0		4,305,722		0	4,305,722
Total current assets	_	1,873,384		9,014,111		21,010,480	31,897,975
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets							
Buildings		903,585		0		0	903,585
Machinery and equipment		6,162,298		514,118		18,427	6,694,843
Less, accumulated depreciation	_	-2,930,202		-215,494		-12,899	-3,158,595
Total capital assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation)	_	4,135,681	-	298,624	_	5,528	4,439,833
Total assets	\$_	6,009,065	\$	9,312,735	\$	21,016,008	\$ 36,337,808
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	269,872	\$	423,364	\$	532,311	\$ 1,225,547
Accrued salaries and benefits		89,551		41,386		18,658	149,595
Accrued vacation pay		144,137		57,666		46,661	248,464
Capital Lease Payable		0		690,244		0	690,244
Due to other funds		12,341		3,694,787		789	3,707,917
Accrued liability for claims	_	0		0		9,061,335	9,061,335
Total current liabilities	_	515,901		4,907,447		9,659,754	15,083,102
Long Term Liabilities:							
Capital Lease Payable		0		2,956,233		0	2,956,233
Total long term liabilities	_	0	- =	2,956,233		0	2,956,233
Total liabilities	_	515,901		7,863,680	_	9,659,754	18,039,335
NET ASSETS							
Investment in capital assets		4,135,681		298,624		5,528	4,439,833
Unrestricted	_	1,357,483	- —	1,150,431		11,350,726	13,858,640
Total net assets	_	5,493,164	- <u>-</u>	1,449,055		11,356,254	18,298,473
	\$	6,009,065					

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

					Total	
	Fleet		Support	Risk	0005	
Operating revenues:	Management		Services	Management	2005	
Charges for services	\$ 7,414,395	\$	3,281,126	\$ 12,354,821	\$ 23,050,342	
Total operating revenues	7,414,395		3,281,126	12,354,821	23,050,342	
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	1,882,943		758,825	363,652	3,005,420	
Materials and supplies	4,963,209		589,520	10,023	5,562,752	
Contractual services	537		137,073	1,591,639	1,729,249	
Heat, light and power	62,078		0	0	62,078	
Other charges and services	135,338		2,895,516	197,068	3,227,922	
Claims and premiums	0		0	10,549,012	10,549,012	
Depreciation	838,951		50,637	3,686	893,274	
Total operating expenses	7,883,056		4,431,571	12,715,080	25,029,707	
Operating income (loss)	(468,661)		(1,150,445)	(360,259)	(1,979,365)	
Non-operating revenues:						
Interest income	65,868		90,630	600,338	756,836	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	1,700		0_	0	1,700	
Total non-operating revenues	67,568		90,630	600,338	758,536	
Income (loss) before transfers	(401,093)		(1,059,815)	240,079	(1,220,829)	
Transfers in	0		716,668	0	716,668	
			,			
Change in net assets	(401,093)		(343,147)	240,079	(504,161)	
Total net assets - beginning	5,894,257		1,792,202	11,116,175	18,802,634	
Total net assets - ending	\$ 5,493,164	\$	1,449,055	\$ 11,356,254	\$ 18,298,473	

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended June 30, 2005

	ı	Fleet Management	Support Services	Risk Management	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	7,405,617 \$ (5,143,346)	3,279,534 \$ (3,705,007)	12,309,629 \$ (18,837,012)	22,994,780
Payments to employees		(1,863,472)	(3,703,007)	(356,311)	(27,685,365) (2,997,455)
Net cash provided(used) by operating activities	_	398,799	(1,203,145)	(6,883,694)	(7,688,040)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_				
Due to(from) others		(711,995)	3,894,601	(47,087)	3,135,519
Transfers in	_	0	716,668	0	716,668
Net cash provided(used) by noncapital and					
related financing activites	_	(711,995)	4,611,269	(47,087)	3,852,187
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of capital assets		(591,501)	(311,516)	0	(903,017)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,700	0	0	1,700
Principal paid on lease	-	0	(653,523)	0	(653,523)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and					
related financing activities	_	(589,801)	(965,039)	0	(1,554,840)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES					
Purchase of investments		(363,767)	0	7,819,218	7,455,451
Interest received	_	70,939	90,630	667,118	828,687
Net cash provided(used) by investing activities	_	(292,828)	90,630	8,486,336	8,284,138
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash					
equivalents		(1,195,825)	2,533,715	1,555,555	2,893,445
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1					
,	_	1,635,778	2,173,082	3,349,141	7,158,001
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30					
	\$_	439,953 \$	4,706,797	4,904,696 \$	10,051,446
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH POVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income	\$_	(468,661) \$	(1,150,445)	(360,259) \$	(1,979,365)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation		838,951	50,637	3,686	893,274
Change in operating assets and liabilities		,	,	2,222	
Accounts receivable		(8,778)	(1,592)	(45,192)	(55,562)
Inventory Accounts payable		0 17,816	(304,237) 221,339	0 379,314	(304,237) 618,469
Accrued salaries		5,418	5,997	2,031	13,446
Accrued vacation		14,053	(24,844)	5,310	(5,481)
Accrued liability for claims	_	<u> </u>	0	(6,868,584)	(6,868,584)
Total adjustments	_	867,460	(52,700)	(6,523,435)	(5,708,675)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	398,799 \$	(1,203,145)	(6,883,694)	(7,688,040)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease in fair valve of investments		(2,957)	0	(2,243)	(5,200)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodial trustee, and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Balance June 30, 2004	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2005
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$82,689	\$ 110,736	\$104,615_	\$ 88,810
Total assets	\$82,689	\$ 110,736	\$ 104,615	\$ 88,810
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$82,689	\$110,736_	\$104,615	\$ 88,810
Total liabilities	\$82,689	\$ <u>110,736</u>	\$ <u>104,615</u>	\$ 88,810

STATISTICAL SECTION

General Govermental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Government (including Judicial)	Finance Department	Public Safety	Public Services		Parks and Recreation		General Services	ı	(2) Non - Departmental	Debt Service	Total
1996 \$	15,141,748	\$ 628,897	26,578,104	\$ 13,045,249	\$	3,650,887	\$	1,950,936	\$	3,431,046	\$ 3,294,218	\$ 67,721,085
1997	17,941,408	624,404	27,509,557	13,101,466	Ċ	3,983,639	·	2,060,968	·	4,415,368	3,058,587	72,695,397
1998	17,911,512	637,919	27,978,282	14,048,222		4,548,342		2,003,885		4,403,575	3,013,103	74,544,840
1999	18,254,231	670,699	29,007,448	14,504,870		4,780,980		1,827,872		4,854,289	2,765,682	76,666,071
2000	20,637,407	660,500	31,254,495	14,814,481		5,166,101		2,011,780		6,533,274	2,820,608	83,898,646
2001	24,191,112	754,291	31,023,855	14,653,490		5,320,632		2,830,930		13,799,625	3,135,293	95,709,228
2002	41,835,074	794,471	33,818,006	15,081,382		6,397,916		2,256,629		6,737,131	4,633,150	111,553,759
2003	50,192,834	889,279	37,735,589	17,609,130		8,319,793		2,489,298		8,068,918	4,969,839	130,274,680
2004	49,734,715	1,022,332	38,176,476	22,669,683		7,753,513		2,467,729		7,915,399	7,138,852	136,878,699
2005	47,678,771	1,192,351	37,548,549	25,087,460		13,063,008		2,366,418		7,122,359	6,765,479	140,824,395

⁽¹⁾ Includes total governmental funds.

⁽²⁾ Includes non-departmental, community promotions, community development, capital outlay of special revenue and paid to component units.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Licenses a Permits			Revenues From Use of Money and Property				Charges for Services (3)	Grants and Other Revenues (4)	Total	
1996 \$	27,862,349	\$ 15,584,9	94	\$ 890,855	\$ 504,586	\$	16,423,730	\$	8,215,746	\$ 1,495,584	\$	70,977,844
1997	30,279,742	16,561,5	509	815,544	639,250		18,628,817		8,358,129	3,497,768		78,780,759
1998	28,546,763	17,222,1	75	1,217,634	854,790		20,899,052		8,615,795	3,175,917		80,532,126
1999	29,994,261	18,581,3	861	1,264,924	765,599		19,858,343		8,957,722	3,501,962		82,924,172
2000	31,156,007	19,473,8	339	1,138,140	954,736		24,464,558		9,012,986	3,936,122		90,136,388
2001	33,545,198	21,331,9	968	957,822	1,465,644		31,889,662		9,177,057	4,275,664		102,643,015
2002	34,670,479	22,576,5	35	986,247	1,371,073		30,318,580		9,351,199	6,687,714		105,961,827
2003	36,233,504	23,487,7	' 50	881,319	853,450		26,535,765		9,420,593	17,949,043		115,361,424
2004	36,099,720	25,431,2	285	792,154	52,231		34,697,772		9,517,515	11,723,684		118,314,361
2005	36,529,356	26,666,0)50	903,730	1,114,238		29,144,146		6,059,904	8,574,582		108,992,006

- (1) Includes total governmental funds. Transfers from enterprise funds are excluded.
- (2) Certain parking fees and fines were pledged to the parking enterprise fund.
- (3) Includes indirect cost reimbursement from water and sewer facilities fund.
- (4) Includes sale of property.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	ר	Total Fax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (2)	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	C	Delinquent Tax Collections (3)	(Total Tax Collections (4)	Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy (2)	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
1996	\$	23,531,982	\$ 21,753,305	92.44	\$	1,413,850	\$	23,167,155	98.44	\$ 1,851,581	7.87
1997		24,940,729	22,993,665	92.20		1,243,605		24,237,271	97.19	915,917	3.67
1998		25,653,727	23,841,043	92.93		1,078,117		24,919,160	97.14	961,349	3.75
1999		26,157,433	25,102,033	95.97		794,092		25,896,125	99.00	860,375	3.29
2000		27,960,908	26,694,938	95.47		949,237		27,644,175	98.87	972,640	3.48
2001		30,342,007	27,581,071	90.90		1,448,732		29,029,803	95.68	1,025,138	3.38
2002		30,747,522	27,930,552	90.84		1,542,794		29,473,346	95.86	1,136,150	3.70
2003		30,717,596	28,041,551	91.29		1,663,305		29,704,855	96.70	1,155,090	3.76
2004		30,246,516	28,162,482	93.11		1,574,590		29,737,072	98.32	770,230	2.55
2005		30,483,195	27,959,678	91.72		1,632,522		29,592,200	97.08	797,804	2.62

- (1) The City levied and collected real and personal property taxes in some areas of Lexington County due to annexation.
- (2) Includes only 80% of taxes levied on real property on which the assessment has been appealed.
- (3) This represents delinquent taxes collected within the fiscal year. A breakdown of delinquent tax collections by year of tax is not available. Therefore, the ratio of total tax collections to total tax levy may exceed 100%.
- (4) Does not include payment in lieu of taxes from Columbia Housing Authority.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Real Property (2)					Personal	Prop	erty (4)		Total		Ratio of Total Assessed Value
Fiscal	Tax		Assessed		Estimated	Assessed		Estimated	 Assessed		Estimated	To Estimated
Year	Year		Value		Actual Value	Value (3)		Actual Value	Value		Actual Value	Actual Value
1996	1995	\$	162,008,840	\$	3,162,222,096	\$ 75,688,000	\$	720,838,090	\$ 237,696,840	\$	3,883,060,186	6.12
1997	1996		163,548,600		3,228,165,967	88,377,996		842,082,200	251,926,526		4,070,248,167	6.19
1998	1997		168,068,840		3,313,810,127	91,059,760		895,068,506	259,128,600		4,208,878,633	6.16
1999	1998		168,096,480		3,346,262,917	96,120,012		944,391,074	264,216,492		4,290,653,992	6.16
2000	1999		201,775,490		4,041,222,908	108,901,269		1,037,154,941	310,676,759		5,078,377,849	6.12
2001	2000		208,432,649		4,148,697,733	121,371,772		716,246,505	329,804,421		4,864,944,238	6.78
2002	2001		213,751,250		4,306,304,426	120,460,950		1,172,654,757	334,212,200		5,478,959,183	6.10
2003	2002		218,320,320		4,397,310,301	115,566,596		1,150,448,599	333,886,916		5,547,758,900	6.02
2004	2003		225,199,267		4,527,472,624	103,567,184		1,063,887,735	328,766,451		5,591,360,359	5.88
2005	2004		228,375,270		4,591,392,500	102,543,149		1,069,412,879	330,918,419		5,660,805,379	5.85

- (1) Total assessed value based upon assessment ratios set by state statutes.
- (2) Does not include real property assessment under appeal.
- (3) Merchants inventory tax was eliminated in 1987. Funds are appropriated by the state to make up the loss of revenues from the phase-out a higher minimum assessed value was also established for autos.
- (4) Personal Property includes all Manufacturing Property, Utilities and Railroads in Richland County

Note: The Act, which provides for statewide uniform assessment ratios, established assessment rates of 10.5% for manufacturers', equipment, furniture, and fixtures, and autos; 6% for inventory; and either 6% or 4% for real estate. A county-wide reassessment of real property and manufacturers was completed in 1992 tax year.

Principal Taxpayers (Unaudited)

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Taxpayer	Type of Business		Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
South Carolina Electric & Gas	Electric & Gas Utility	\$	11,708,450	3.54%
BellSouth Telecom, Inc.	Communications		9,815,160	2.97%
Main Street Associates	Real Estate		2,334,900	0.71%
Colonial Life & Accident	Insurance		2,331,480	0.70%
AT&T Communications	Communications		2,132,590	0.64%
Time Warner Ent Advance	Cable		1,806,950	0.55%
Baker & Baker	Insurance		1,970,280	0.60%
Airgatae PCS	Utilities		1,711,200	0.52%
Parkway Properties LP	Real Estate		1,633,630	0.49%
Dutch Square Limited Liability	Real Estate	_	1,480,070	0.45%
Totals		\$_	36,924,710	11.17%

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Richland School Dist	d County rict No. 1 (1)	Richlar School Dis	nd County strict No. 2	Richland County School District No. 6 (2)		
		County		Total		Total		Total	
Tax	City	Purposes	School	Overlapping	School	Overlapping	School	Overlapping	
Year	Millage	Millage	Millage	District 1CC	Millage	District 2CC	Millage	District 6CC	
1995	99	89.3	166.3	354.6	187.1	375.4	209.7	398.0	
1996	99	79.9	175.8	354.7	207.8	386.7	209.4	388.3	
1997	99	76.9	186.6	362.5	206.8	382.7	209.4	385.3	
1998	99	82.1	192.8	373.9	212.4	393.5	214.6	395.7	
1999	90	80.6	183.9	354.5	197.5	368.1	197.2	367.8	
2000	92	78.5	193.0	363.5	208.8	379.3	212.9	383.4	
2001	92	65.7	215.1	372.8	230.0	387.7	235.4	393.1	
2002	92	70.8	238.9	401.7	258.1	420.9	255.6	418.4	
2003	92	76.3	280.4	448.8	281.8	450.2	267.5	435.9	
2004	92	80.0	289.1	461.1	289.5	461.5	266.4	438.4	

⁽¹⁾ The City of Columbia is primarily situated in School District No. 1 of Richland County.

⁽²⁾ Annexation first occurred in School District No. 6 in tax year 1991.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin (Unaudited)

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Assessed value as of January 1, 2004 City limits Richland County City limits Lexington County	\$ 316,580,133 14,758,920
Total	331,339,053
Business inventory 1987 assessed value	6,667,290
Total assessed value (see note)	\$ 338,006,343
Debt limit - Eight (8%) percent of assessed value, without voters' approval Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:	\$ 27,040,507
Total general bonded debt	20,320,000
Legal debt margin without a referendum	\$ 6,720,507

Note: The City's borrowing power is restricted by amended Article X, Section 14, of the State Constitution which became effective November 30, 1977. This Section provides that a local government unit cannot at any time have total debt outstanding in any amount that exceeds eight percent (8%) of its assessed property value. Excluded from the limitation are: bonded indebtedness approved by the voters and issued within five years of the date of such referendum; special bonded indebtedness levies assessed on properties located in an area receiving special benefits from the taxes collected; and bonded indebtedness existing on November 30, 1977.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Debt Payable From Enterprise Revenues (4)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt To Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1996	119,884	\$ 237,696,840	\$ 11,850,000	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 9,600,000	4.04	80.08
1997	126,754	251,926,596	11,205,000	2,005,000	9,200,000	3.66	72.58
1998	126,800	259,128,600	11,306,141	1,766,141	9,540,000	3.68	75.24
1999	126,828	264,216,492	10,679,837	1,539,837	9,140,000	3.46	75.24
2000	126,828	310,676,759	10,058,532	1,318,532	8,740,000	2.81	68.91
2001	116,278	329,804,421	9,347,228	1,107,228	8,240,000	2.50	64.97
2002	116,278	334,212,200	8,520,924	875,924	7,645,000	2.29	65.75
2003	117,394	333,886,916	23,194,620	644,620	22,550,000	6.75	192.09
2004	117,394	328,766,451	21,803,315	423,315	21,380,000	6.50	182.12
2005	117,394	331,339,053	20,320,000	210,000	20,110,000	6.07	171.30

- (1) Source: Bureau of the Census and Current Planning Department of the City of Columbia, South Carolina.
- (2) From assessed value of property as furnished by Richland & Lexington counties.
- (3) Amount does not include revenue bonds.
- (4) This amount represents the general obligation refunding bond that is being repaid from the parking operating fund.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures General Obligation Bonded Debt (1) Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Principal (1)	Interest (2)	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures (3)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
1996	\$ 550,000	\$ 673,075	\$ 1,223,075	\$ 67,721,085	1.8
1997	400,000	631,775	1,031,775	72,695,397	1.4
1998	400,000	600,175	1,000,175	74,544,840	1.3
1999	400,000	368,448	768,448	76,666,071	1.0
2000	400,000	440,797	840,797	83,898,646	1.0
2001	500,000	416,398	916,398	95,709,228	1.0
2002	595,000	385,398	980,398	95,858,067	1.0
2003	595,000	174,849	769,849	105,298,901	0.7
2004	595,000	320,245	915,245	113,119,371	0.8
2005	685,000	294,660	979,660	119,787,994	0.8

- (1) General obligation bonds reported in the enterprise funds have been excluded.
- (2) Excludes bond issuance and other costs.
- (3) Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2005

Jurisdiction		City of Columbia ct General Obligation ed Debt Outstanding (1)	Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Total Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt Outstanding (1)
Direct:	^	00.440.000		00.440.000
City of Columbia	\$	20,110,000	0	20,110,000
Overlapping: Richland County School District N	o. 1	216,391,355	175,733,645	392,125,000
General purposes - Richland Coun	ty	18,364,552	40,224,176	58,588,728
Riverbanks Park District		3,076,832	13,118,168	16,195,000
Total Overlapping		237,832,739	229,075,989	466,908,728
Total	\$	257,942,739	\$229,075,989_	\$\$

⁽¹⁾ Excluding general obligation refunding bonds reported in the enterprise funds.

Revenue Bond Coverage Water and Sewer Bonds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Finant		Cross	Oneretine	Net Revenue	 De	bt Se	rvice Requiren	nent		
Fiscal Year	l	Gross Revenues (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Available for Debt Service	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1996	\$	54,369,270	\$ 21,987,614	\$ 32,381,656	\$ 7,715,000	\$	6,879,500	\$	14,594,500	2.22
1997		56,355,385	22,947,595	33,407,790	8,620,000		6,538,633		15,158,633	2.20
1998		57,353,677	23,243,021	34,110,656	9,085,000		6,073,683		15,158,683	2.25
1999		65,554,713	24,357,987	41,196,726	9,595,000		5,572,408		15,167,408	2.72
2000		71,342,820	27,326,824	44,015,996	10,640,000		6,121,644		16,761,644	2.63
2001		79,051,017	29,725,288	49,325,729	12,700,000		7,701,563		20,401,563	2.42
2002		77,671,344	29,891,043	47,780,301	13,420,000		6,985,440		20,405,440	2.34
2003		78,738,660	34,344,036	44,394,624	9,033,368		11,062,110		20,095,478	2.21
2004		77,856,380	41,513,901	36,342,479	8,969,249		11,124,590		20,093,839	1.81
2005		78,864,065	44,812,297	34,051,768	8,965,071		11,122,212		20,087,283	1.70

- (1) Gross revenues are defined by the bond ordinance of 1991 as "all fees, tolls, rates, rentals and charges to be levied and collected in connection with, and all other income and receipts of whatever kind of character derived by the City from the operation of the system or arising from the system." Accordingly, gross revenues include both operating revenues and interest revenues.
- (2) Direct operating expenses include all operating and maintenance expenses except depreciation.

The next highest annual debt service requirement is \$21,967,738 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2006

Revenue Bond Coverage Parking Bonds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Gross Revenue		Operating Expenses		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service		Debt Service Requirements					
Year								Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage (1)
1996	\$	5,063,131	\$	1,351,404	\$	3,711,727	\$	525,000	\$	596,569	\$	1,121,569	3.31
1997		4,787,809		1,368,225		3,419,584		530,000		569,533		1,099,533	3.11
1998		4,685,036		1,541,722		3,143,314		540,000		540,999		1,080,999	2.91
1999		4,687,149		1,315,610		3,371,539		550,000		512,696		1,062,696	3.17
2000		4,724,509		1,385,585		3,338,924		560,000		483,091		1,043,091	3.20
2001		5,461,908		1,474,996		3,986,912		580,000		452,459		1,022,459	3.90
2002		5,462,605		1,555,459		3,907,146		605,000		411,524		1,016,524	3.84
2003		5,755,703		1,709,237		4,046,466		625,000		378,134		1,003,134	4.03
2004		5,630,996		1,892,203		3,738,793		630,000		345,948		975,948	3.83
2005		6,213,474		1,914,254		4,299,220		640,000		314,476		954,476	4.50

(1) The Bond Ordinance earnings test prescribes that "The average of the aggregate of revenue paid into the Gross Revenue Fund for the two fiscal years immediately preceding the fiscal year in which additional bonds are proposed to be issued, as certified to by a Certified Public Accountant, shall be not less than one hundred thirty five per centum (135%) of the highest combined interest and principal requirements of any succeeding year of all bonds, for all additional bonds which may be then issued, and for all additional bonds then proposed to be issued."

The average earnings for the last two fiscal years is \$5,922,235 which would allow for a maximum debt service of \$4,386,841. The next highest debt service is 2005-2006 for \$931,699 leaving a margin of \$3,455,142.

Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Per Capita	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Rate (4)
1996	119,884	N/A	25.124	5.7%
1997	126,754	24,081	27,264	4.8%
1998	126,800	25,621	27,079	3.0%
1999	126,828	26,555	26,664	3.8%
2000	126,828	28,021	27,120	3.0%
2001	116,278	28,578	25,753	3.1%
2002	116,278	28,578	25,732	5.4%
2003	117,394	28,578	25,304	4.2%
2004	117,394	28,578	25,770	6.9%
2005	117,394	28,578	24,589	5.7%

Sources: (1) Bureau of the Census and Current Planning Department of the City of Columbia.

- (2) Office of Research and Statistical Services, State of South Carolina Budget and Control Board, represents Columbia MSA.
- (3) Richland County School District One.
- (4) South Carolina Employment Security Commission. (Labor market information).

Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Property Value (Estimated Actual Value)						Commercial Construction (1)			Residential Construction (1)		
Fiscal Year		Commercial		Residential		Total	No. of Units		Value	No. of Units	Value		Bank Deposits (2)
1996	\$	1,620,203,000	\$	1,493,850,500	\$	3,114,053,500	39	\$	57,834,041	806 \$	58,990,222	\$	N/A
1997		1,721,097,833		1,506,850,250		3,227,948,083	40		54,054,300	1,104	58,622,627		3,224,203
1998		1,768,668,000		1,548,501,000		3,317,169,000	92		66,851,996	821	57,363,582		4,887,000
1999		1,712,281,500		1,633,754,250		3,346,035,750	52		54,695,000	1,019	93,140,242		5,020,000
2000		2,006,126,167		2,034,674,250		4,040,800,417	44		32,910,736	413	73,933,009		4,594,167
2001		2,124,236,983		2,023,482,500		4,147,719,483	40		99,802,533	481	76,001,939		4,920,952
2002		2,075,747,467		2,229,672,050		4,305,419,517	56		36,417,036	448	62,723,046		5,224,624
2003		4,077,296,267		2,243,842,000		6,321,138,267	18		32,943,996	352	58,318,234		5,247,678
2004		2,142,707,533		2,360,137,200		4,502,844,733	83		98,682,615	538	73,330,695		5,676,259
2005		2,285,978,500		2,355,197,750		4,641,176,250	24		34,381,801	522	95,558,797		7,090,704

⁽¹⁾ Inspection Division of the City of Columbia.

⁽²⁾ Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, Virginia FY1995-2002. Data represents Columbia MSA as of June 30. Beginning 2003 source: (FDIC) Federal Deposit Insurance Corp.. Represented to the (\$000) thousand power.

Miscellaneous Statistics

(UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Date of Incorporation			
Town			December 21, 1805
City			December 21, 1854
Form of Government			Council-Manager
Area - Square Miles			131.08
Miles of Streets and Sidewalks Streets			469.63
Sidewalks			299.43
Miles of Sanitary Sewers			932.11
Building Permits Permits issued Estimated Cost - taxable property Estimated Cost - nontaxable property			6,042 357,321,090 30,186,516
Fire Protection Number of stations Number of employees			11 267
Police Protection Number of Stations Authorized strength: Full-time sworn Part-time civilians Full-time civilians			20 328 3 44
Recreation Parks and playgrounds - acres City owned parks and playgrounds			582.2 52
Municipal Water Plants			2
Number of Meters Billed	Inside <u>City Limits</u>	Outside <u>City Limits</u>	<u>Total</u>
Water Sewer	36,956 30,854	84,114 31,987	121,070 62,841
Daily Average consumption billed Plant Capacity Miles of water mains Number of fire hydrants			56,216,326 126,000,000 1,773.73 11,600

Miscellaneous Statistics

(UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2005

Election Data	
Registered voters in the City (District 1C)	47,192
Number of votes cast last election	8,251
Percentage of registered voters voting	15.89%
Traffic Signals and Street Lights	
Controlled traffic signal intersections	261
Four-way flashing sgnals at intersections	35
School flashing signals	75
Number of street lights	8,557
Education (Public School System Only)	
City school system(Richland County School District 1)	
Number of school buildings	51
Number of teachers	2,365
Number of students registerd	24,589
Average daily attendance:	
Elementary schools	10,699
Middle schools	5,760
High schools	7,056
Special schools	105
Universities and Colleges	
Number of locations	8
Number of students registered	35,093
City of Columbia Permanent Employees	
Full-time	1,958
Part-time	59