THE CITY OF COLUMBIA SOUTH CAROLINA

A COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2007



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

City Manager Charles P. Austin, Sr.

Interim Finance Director Melisa Caughman

Prepared by the Finance Department

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CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2007

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Columbia, South Carolina



December 8, 2008

Honorable Robert D. Coble, Mayor Members of City Council City of Columbia, South Carolina

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 is presented herein with the senior leadership team's admiration and sincere thankfulness to the City Council for their energy, vision, devotion to public service and collective statesmanship. This report confirms the implementation of council's emphasis and favor of conservative fiscal practices and affirms the City of Columbia as one of South Carolina's financially well-managed cities.

The organization, form, and content of this report, and the accompanying financial statements and statistical tables, were formulated according to the principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the Government Finance Officers Association. The City of Columbia's financial statements have been audited by WebsterRodgers, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. WebsterRogers, LLP concluded, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. Accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of this publication rests with the City, and its management willingly assumes full responsibility for the same. We believe that the report includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a thorough understanding of the City's financial affairs.

PRESENTATION

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory Section, which is unaudited, includes this Letter of Transmittal; a list of the City of Columbia's elected officials and organizational charts of City staff and the Accounting Division. The Financial Section includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Government-wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements and Notes to the Financial Statements, combining schedules as well as the independent auditor's report on these financial statements and schedules. The Statistical Section, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Columbia's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds and account groups of the Primary Government (i.e., the City of Columbia as legally defined), as well as its Component Units. The Component Units of the City of Columbia are legally separate entities for which the Primary Government is financially accountable. The government provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, certain judicial services, community development and promotion, water and sewer services, solid waste services, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, recreational activities and cultural events.

Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Primary Government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations.

The City and its Organization

The City of Columbia is the largest city and the capital of South Carolina. The City remains steadfastly committed to enhancing the quality of life for each resident of, and visitor to the greater Metro-Columbia area. Being cast in the pivotal lead ambassador role of South Carolina is not foreign to the City and it is a duty and responsibility that leadership gladly accepts as we serve as the cultural, educational, health-care, and commercial center of the state. Columbia, located in the geographic center of South Carolina, and is accommodated by three interstate highways, which enviably positions the City as a comfortable drive to most other southeastern metropolitan areas. There are 135.13 square miles of land within the corporate boundaries of the City. The City's estimated population is 119,961 with 716,030 in the metro area.

The City of Columbia operates under a Council – Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority is vested with the seven member City Council, including an elected Mayor, they also oversee the City Manager who is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and manages the day-to-day operations including budgeting and finances.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

The Greater Columbia Area has a world class business-friendly operating environment, a well-trained labor force, an excellent transportation network and support infrastructure that is conducive to business growth and development. This results in steady growth for the Columbia economy. A balanced economic base, including federal, state and local governments, plus a large medical community provides a stable source of jobs for the growing workforce. The number of jobs in the region increased from 273,458 to 290,023. This economic balance does not happen by chance; the City has a strong economic development team of professionals that has embarked on an enterprising modernization strategy to ensure a favorable economic future by diversification.

Fort Jackson, one of the country's largest military training facilities, is also located in Columbia. Annual expenditures by Fort Jackson exceed \$700 million, and over 100,000 family members visit the Midlands area each year to attend basic training graduations activities. These visitors have a solid impact on the local economy, supporting local hotels, restaurants and the retail shopping industry. Ft. Jackson's new \$150 million infrastructure project is under way and is a significant benefit to the local economy.

Another City strategic business partner is the University of South Carolina. In connection with the City of Columbia and Richland County, USC has recently launched a 56-acre research facilty named the Innovista Campus. The research to be conducted at the Innovista Campus will concentrate on nanotechnology, hydrogen fuel cell research, bio-medical and environmental sciences. The economic impact of all this new construction, creation of new companies and new jobs is being felt currently and will positively impact the local and state business climate, adding another element of diversity to our economy far into the future.

The renaissance of Columbia's City Center continues; the Meridian Tower office building and headquarters of First Citizens Bank & Trust Company are complete. The CanalSide project, redevelopment of the S.C. Mental Health property, North Columbia projects and The Congaree Vista District (Vista) continues to be a major economic force in Columbia's City Center.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

As the City's Master Plan is implemented, the strengths and opportunities available to support the continued growth of Columbia become more apparent. The Master Plan sets forth a list of development opportunities, principles and strategies to guide public and private investment in the future, and focus on creating a vibrant urban core with a mixture of residential, retail and office space along with cultural and entertainment opportunities.

The Three Rivers Greenway is providing river access to the public while preserving the natural beauty and protecting the rivers as an asset for the local communities. The CanalSide Esplanade and Canalfront project provides prima facie evidence of the City's commitment to responsible riverfront development.

As previously reported, the City of Columbia is ready to embark on a variety of multi-year infrastructure projects. The projects will allow cabling for underground utilities, replacing or moving old water, sewer and storm drain utilities, redesigning streets, and updating gateways into the city. Streetscape improvement projects including new sidewalks, period street lighting, and major landscaping can be seen up and down the City's streets.

The development of the Convention Center is very exciting and continues on schedule as the Convention Center Hotel opened in 2007.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Internal Controls

Internal controls are procedures that are designed to protect assets from loss, theft or misuse; to check the accuracy and reliability of accounting data; to promote operational efficiency; and to encourage compliance with managerial policies. The management of the City is responsible for establishing a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurances these objectives are met.

Cash management practices

The \$183 million investment portfolio is split between four asset managers. All investments are in compliance with State laws and Federal arbitrage rules.

Budgetary control

The City maintains budgetary controls, which are designed to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the annual budget adopted by Council. It is the City's objective to conduct an open budget process providing for input from department administrators, top management, elected officials and the public as the City's programs and services are determined for the next year.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the dedicated staff of the entire Accounting Division of the finance Department. We would also like to express our appreciation to all members of other departments who contributed to its preparation and dedicated considerable resources to ensure our successful completion of this report.

Special thanks is given to the team of accountants working with us through the Municipal Association of South Carolina on this project. We are grateful for their dedication, expertise and many hours of preparation of this report.

In closing, we are thankful for the leadership and support of Columbia City Council in the work that they do for the Citizens and Customers of the City of Columbia.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles P. Austin, Sr.

City Manager

Melisa Caughman

Interim Finance Director)

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA CITY LEADERS

As of June 2008

Mayor

Robert D. Coble

Council Members

District 1	Sam Davis
District 2	E. W. Cromartie, II
District 3	Anne M. Sinclair
District 4	Kirkman Finlay, III
At Large	Tameika Isaac-Devine
At Large	Daniel J. Rickenmann

City Manager

Charles P. Austin, Sr.

Assistant City Managers

Senior Assistant City Manager for Operations	Steven A. Gantt
Assistant City Manager for Public Services	S. Allison Baker
Assistant City Manager for Administrative Services	Gladys L. Brown
Assistant City Manager for Commerce & Development	Dana D. Turner

Department Directors

City Attorney	Ken Gaines
Community Development	Tony Lawton
Court Administrator	Gladys Brown
Development Services/Zoning	Marc S. Mylott
Economic Development	James B. Gambrell
Emergency Communications	Michael King
Interim Finance Director	Melisa A. Caughman
Fire	Wm. Bradley Anderson
General Services	David Knoche
Governmental Affairs & Community Relations	Teresa Florence
Homeland Security & Emergency Operations	Harold Reaves
Human Resources	Jacques A. Gilliam
Information Technology	Vincent Simonowicz
Office of Business Opportunities	Tony Lawton
Parks and Recreation	S. Allison Baker
Planning	Nathaniel B. Land
Police	Tandy Carter
Public Relations	Leshia Utsey
Public Works	Melissa Smith Gentry, P.E.

Development Corporation Directors

John J. Dooley, Jr., P.E.

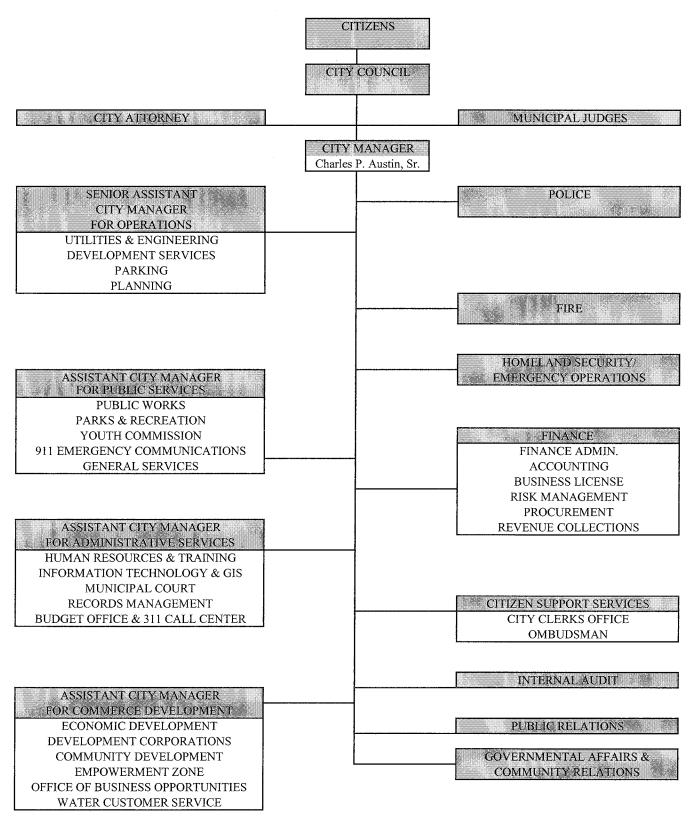
Columbia Development Corp Fred Delk
Columbia Housing/TN Development Corp Deborah Livingston
Eau Claire Development Corp Michael Manis
Midlands Convention Center Authority Ric Luber

Utilities & Engineering

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

ORGANIZATION CHART

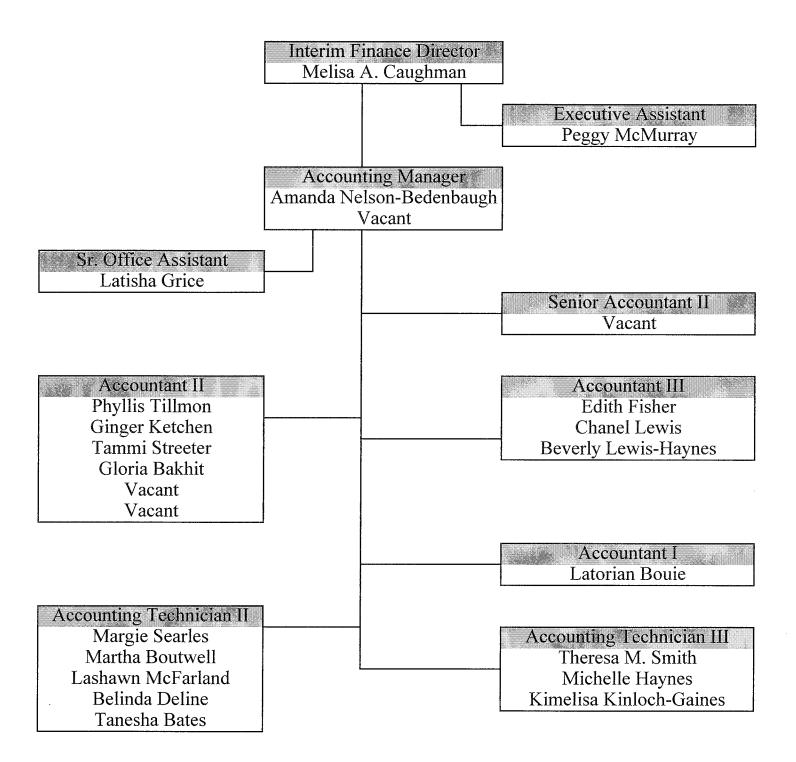
As of June 2008



CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

ACCOUNTING DIVISION ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

AS OF JUNE 2008



FINANCIAL SECTION



Florence • Columbia • Georgetown • Charleston • Myrtle Beach • Sumter • Litchfield • Summerville

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Robert D. Coble, Mayor and Members of City Council Columbia, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the City of Columbia (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to in paragraph one present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbia as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, listed in the accompanying table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are required supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and supplementary information to the financial statements, and the statistical section, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Columbia, South Carolina

Webst Rogers LLP

December 8, 2008

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The following summary and overview is presented by the financial management team of the City of Columbia ("City") in an effort to provide a brief, easy to read, yet concise financial analysis of what the many pages of schedules, comparisons, statements and notes of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report represents and supports. We have found that many interested readers, those that may not be particularly well versed in the accounting discipline, prefer to be informed via the narrative format, thus this is "our work" to satisfy that need. Please be encouraged to consider the information presented here as well as that found in the letter of transmittal which starts on page 1 of this report.

The discussion and analysis is organized to increase the amount of information and detail as the reader continues through the pages of this document. The following are the "top four" financially significant facts, if you should read nothing further, these highlights are important for you to know and find confidence in the fact that your elected officials and appointed professionals are maintaining the City's long history of financial stewardship, integrity and strength.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$725.7 million (net assets), including \$612.2 million invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$27.4 million when compared to the restated net assets on June 30, 2006.
- The Local Option Sales Tax was implemented in the prior year. This alternative funding method provided \$15 million in revenue during the year ended June 30, 2007 as an "offset" to property taxes.
- The Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation Fund was established and accounts for certain obligations related to the City's partnership with University of South Carolina (the University) to build two parking garages. These garages are part of the University's new research campus, Innovista.

The financial data of the annual report is organized much like this discussion, in that it too provides consolidated information and aggregate reporting in the first few pages and then increases the amount of detail as the reader progresses through the report, and concludes by providing very detailed explanations to the "how and why" of certain presented financial data in the notes to the financial statement section. The reader will need to understand the concept of funds being established on the basis of legal requirement, source of revenue or service provided. You will come to know that the City of Columbia has three types of funds: Government, Proprietary, and Fiduciary.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide (consolidating all the activities of the City), 2) fund (taking each activity of the City and placing its financial reporting into a designated fund), and 3) notes to the financial statements. The City of Columbia employs the government-wide financial statements to distinguish functions of the City's operations that are principally supported by taxes and government related revenues, which are **governmental activities**, and from the functions of the City's operations that are supported primarily by fees and charges for service rendered, which are **business-type activities**. The following are examples of each:

Governmental Activities – police and fire department, public works, and parks & recreation Business-type Activities – water and sewer facilities, parking facilities, and storm water facilities

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. In the private-sector the statement that presents all that the business owns (Assets) and the claims against those Assets by others (Liabilities) and the resulting Net Assets of the company (Assets minus Liabilities) is called the Balance Sheet. The government-wide balance sheet is titled "The Statement of Net Assets" and it provides the same information. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of the financial well being of the City.

The consolidated net assets schedule below displays the net assets for both the governmental activities and business-type activities. The complete Government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 20 of this report.

Our discussion will first focus on the governmental activities followed by a review of the business-type activities. This schedule and the changes in net assets schedule will be our reference for these discussions.

City of Columbia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007 and 2006

	Governme	enta	I Activities	Business-	type	e Activities	•	Tota	<u>l</u>
	2007		2006 *	2007		2006 *	<u>2007</u>		2006 *
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$ 124,488,493	\$	114,139,007	\$ 193,825,616	\$	214,000,986	\$ 318,314,109	\$	328,139,993
Capital assets	227,000,010		210,100,020	554,000,952		521,909,940	702,057,505		732,070,274
Total assets	351,857,106		324,247,335	748,514,568		735,970,932	1,100,371,674		1,060,218,267
Liabilities									
Non-current liabilities	96,570,597		97,243,381	190,161,767		211,866,932	286,732,364		309,110,313
Current liabilities	59,005,491		29,848,817	28,921,115		19,952,096	87,926,606		49,800,913
Total liabilities	155,576,088		127,092,198	219,082,882		231,819,028	374,658,970		358,911,226
Net assets									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	170,666,468		118,540,682	441,526,920		408,139,448	612,193,388		526,680,130
Restricted	7,270		6,982	0		0	7,270		6,982
Unrestricted	25,607,280		75,615,451	87,904,766		95,972,456	113,512,046		171,587,907
Total net assets	\$ 196,281,018	\$	194,163,115	\$ 529,431,686	\$	504,111,904	\$ 725,712,704	\$	698,275,019

^{*} The 2006 numbers have been restated due to the City performing a physical inventory of its capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2007, and writing off certain amounts that were recorded as due from Federal government at June 30, 2006, that were not actually receivable by the City. See footnote IV.

We are now introducing another consolidated schedule which will assist in our discussion of the assets of the City.

The statement of changes (activities) presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

City of Columbia

Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	Governmental Activities				Busines	e Activities		<u>Total</u>			
	2007		<u>2006 *</u>		2007		<u>2006 *</u>		2007		<u>2006 *</u>
Revenues											
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 56,583,922	\$	51,943,738	\$	109,493,479	\$	103,272,992	\$	166,077,401	\$	155,216,730
Operating grants &											
contributions Capital grants &	30,413,604		30,208,260		-		-		30,413,604		30,208,260
Contributions General revenues	8,291,673		2,165,766		12,161,089		13,738,679		20,452,762		15,904,445
Property taxes	32,028,856		27,134,829						32,028,856		27,134,829
Other taxes	18,431,536		17,464,895		_		-		18,431,536		17,464,895
Unrestricted investment income	4,670,483		2,478,194		6,715,293		5,536,084		11,385,776		8,014,278
Gain (loss) on											
disposal	(7,426,558)	-	(2,950,480)	-	(116,006)	-	(4,562,096)	_	(7,542,564)	- <u>-</u>	(7,512,576)
Total revenues	142,993,515	-	128,445,202	_	128,253,855	-	117,985,659	-	271,247,370		246,430,861
Expenses General											
government	35,358,581		29,380,319		-				35,358,581		29,380,319
Judicial	2,167,922		2,044,037		-		=		2,167,922		2,044,037
Finance department Community	1,982,964		1,360,869		-		-		1,982,964		1,360,869
development	3,904,174		3,396,497		-		-		3,904,174		3,396,497
Public safety	50,306,708		43,322,024		-		-		50,306,708		43,322,024
Parks & recreation	11,053,830		7,853,425		-		-		11,053,830		7,853,425
Public services	24,014,241		21,165,433		-		-		24,014,241		21,165,433
General services Community	3,382,092		5,791,988		-		-		3,382,092		5,791,988
promotion	9,926,673		7,946,764		-		-		9,926,673		7,946,764
Interest on bonds	4,081,910		2,275,464		-		-		4,081,910		2,275,464
Non departmental	3,433,419		2,093,830		-		-		3,433,419		2,093,830
Water/sewer facilities	•		_		83,849,936		80,189,801		83,849,936		80,189,801
Hydro electric plant	_		-		1,020,132		1,010,483		1,020,132		1,010,483
Storm water											
operating Parking facilities	-		-		3,382,264		1,683,476		3,382,264		1,683,476
Transportation	-		-		5,139,583		6,149,446		5,139,583		6,149,446
operations Redevelopment	-		-		30,320		31,363		30,320		31,363
programs					774,935		901,209		774,935		901,209
Total expenses	149,612,513		126,630,650		94,197,170		89,965,778		243,809,683	_	216,596,428
Increase (decrease)											
in net assets before transfers	(6,618,998)		1,814,552		34,056,685		28,019,881		27,437,687		29,834,433
Transfers	8,736,903		5,832,436		(8,736,903)		(5,832,436)		<u>.</u>		
Change in net assets	2,117,905		7,646,988	•	25,319,782		22,187,445		27,437,687		29,834,433
Net assets 7/1/06 Blending of Public Facilities Corp. into	194,163,113		182,607,120		504,111,904		481,924,459		698,275,017		664,531,579
governmental funds	-		3,909,007		-		-			•	3,909,007
Net assets 7/1/06 as restated	194,163,113		186,516,127		504,111,904		481,924,459		698,275,017	_	668,440,586
Net assets 6/30/07	\$ 196,281,018	\$	194,163,115	\$ _	529,431,686	\$ _	504,111,904	\$	725,712,704	\$ _	698,275,019

^{*} The 2006 numbers have been restated due to the City performing a physical inventory of its capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2007, and writing off certain amounts that were recorded as due from Federal government at June 30, 2006, that were not actually receivable by the City. See footnote IV.

In comparison to the restated net assets, the City's net assets increased \$2.1 million in governmental activities and increased \$25.3 million in Business-type activities during the current fiscal year. The following tables and graphs provide information regarding the government's change in net assets for the year ending June 30, 2007.

Our discussion and analysis will include a discussion of the governmental activities, and the business-type activities review will follow. The tables below will calculate the changes to the net assets, first in aggregate and then by detailed sources and uses of how the changes were affected.

City of Columbia Net Change in Assets-Governmental Activities (in thousands)

Change in Assets	\$ 2,118
Less: Net Assets June 30, 2006, as restated	194,163
Net Assets June 30, 2007	\$ 196,281

The next schedule will present the actual source of the revenues and use of the expenditures that were made over the year that resulted in this change.

City of Columbia Changes in Net Assets-Governmental Activities (in thousands)

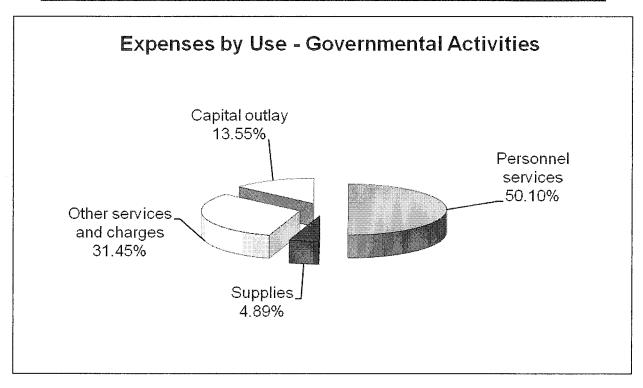
(111				Net
	<u>Revenues</u>	Expenses	<u>C</u>	<u>hange</u>
Program Revenues	\$95,289			
General Revenues	55,131			
Other Revenues/Transfers	1,310			
General Government		\$35,358		
Judicial		2,168		
Finance		1,983		
Community Development		3,904		
Public Safety		50,307		
Parks and Recreation		11,054		
Public Services		24,014		
General Services		3,382		
Community Promotions		9,927		
Interest on Bonds		4,082		
Other/Transfers		3,433		
Net Revenues	\$151,730			
Less: Expenses		\$149,612		
Total Net Change in Assets			\$	2,118

Our discussion will continue as we look more closely at the revenues and expenses. From the above schedule the reader can see where the revenues were generated and which department was charged for the expenses. Our next table will show the classification of both the revenues and expenses.

Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities (in thousands)	***************************************
Charges for services	\$ 55,844
Operating and capital grants and contributions	39,446
General property taxes	32,029
Other taxes	18,431
Unrestricted investment income	4,670
Other/Transfer	<u>1,310</u>
Total	\$ <u>151,730</u>

We will now look at the "use" side of the changes in the net assets; the schedule below will show the expense classification. Most readers will find this table of interest as it will show the "mix" of expenses required to generate the changes we have been considering.

Expenses by Use - Governmental Activities	
(in thousands)	
Personnel services	\$ 75,329
Supplies	7,357
Other services and charges	46,552
Capital outlay	20,374
Total	\$ <u>149,612</u>



Our review will now move to the business-type activities, in much the same manner as we explored the governmental activities.

City of Columbia Net Change in Assets-Business-type Activites (in thousands)

Change in Assets	\$ 25.320
Less: Restated Net Assets June 30, 2006	 504,112
Net Assets June 30, 2007	\$ 529,432

The next schedule will present the actual source of the revenues and use of the expenditures that were made over the year that resulted in this change.

City of Columbia Changes in Net Assets-Business-type Activities (in thousands)

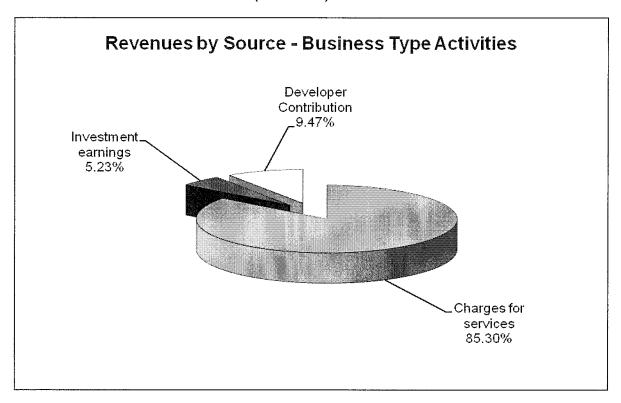
			Net
	<u>Revenues</u>	Expenses	<u>Change</u>
Charge for Services	\$109,494		
Developer Contributions	12,161		
Investment Income	6,715		
Water & Sewer		\$83,850	
Hydro-Electric Plant		1,020	
Storm Water		3,382	
Parking Facilities		5,140	
Transportation		30	
Redevelopment		775	
Other/Transfers		8,853	
Net Revenues	\$128,370		
Less: Expenses		\$103,050	
Total Net Change in Assets			\$25,320

The table and graph below will present the same information in a different format as well as from a different perspective, much as we did in the review of the governmental activities portion of our discussion.

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities

(in thousands)

Charges for services	\$ 109,494
Investment earnings	6,715
Developer Contribution	 12,161
Total	\$ 128,370



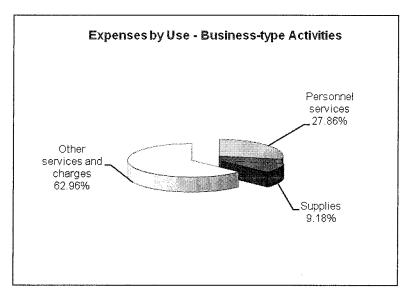
The previously displayed information shows that operating revenues are considerable and that the Water and Sewer department are the main contributors of total revenue for charges for services.

As we did in the governmental activities review, an analysis of the expenses will follow:

Expenses by Use - Business-type Activities

(in thousands)

Personnel services	\$ 26,244
Supplies	8,650
Other services and charges	59,303
Total	\$ 94,197



Original Compared to Final Budget

The Fire Department reflects a decrease in original to final budget for a transfer of \$1,457,705 to fund the purchase of fire equipment. This transfer also accounts for most of the variance in the Original Budget to the Final Budget for Operating Transfers Out. Parks and Recreation's original budget reflects \$358,000 in allocations to various agencies that receive funding through the City's Community Promotion grants. During the year, these funds were transferred to the Community Promotion line item which is reflected in the Final Budget. Finally, the Non-Departmental Final Budget reflects \$344,602 that was carried over from the previous year as funding for various projects of the City Manager's office.

Current Conditions That Are Expected to Have a Significant Effect on the City's Financial Position

Rising health care cost and the issuance of GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) Statement 45 will result in the City making changes to health care benefits for employees and retiree benefits in order to adequately fund its health care program and reduce the amount of the liability required for reporting GASB 45. Adding to the costs associated with risk management is rising workers compensation claims which is also impacted by the rising cost of health care.

While the City's primary revenue sources are not as sensitive to changes in the economy, the cost to operate is impacted by the rising cost of goods and services such as gasoline, electricity, and construction materials. Special revenue sources such as hospitality tax and accommodations tax remain stable due to the growth in entertainment and tourism sectors of the area, and the opening of the Central Midlands Convention Center; however the impacts of any downturn in the economy are reflected in these collections.

The most significant impact on the City's primary source of general fund revenue is property tax reform passed by the South Carolina Legislation caps millage increases to CPI and population growth. These caps will have a major impact on the City's ability to adjust property taxes accordingly to fund the services provided to citizens.

We have concluded our discussion of the government-wide statements but as noted earlier in this analysis, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The following paragraphs provide a discussion of these funds.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available to address interruption in cash flow due to timing of cash receipts (most of the taxes are collected in the middle of the fiscal year) or contribute to the next fiscal years revenue requirement.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds report a combined decrease in fund balance of \$55 thousand in comparison with the prior year. A portion of the total fund balance amount of \$70.2 million constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for allocation at the government's discretion. However, a significant part of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, a favorable unreserved fund balance existed, which is a measure of the general fund's liquidity. This represents an increase of \$529 thousand during the current fiscal year. At the close of the same year the fund balance of the non-major special revenue funds decreased by \$2.85 million, indicating that the funds are being used for their designated and special purposes. Also of note is the non-major Capital project fund that decreased by \$1.67 million, which is evidence that the City's construction projects are properly funded.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are established and utilized to report the business functions of the City. The City of Columbia has two types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to account for our departments that "sell" goods and services outside the government, such as our Water & Sewer Facilities.

Internal service funds account for our departments which "sell" goods and services only to departments and components of the City's government, such as our Fleet Management department.

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the Government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The City's Water & Sewer Facilities is the largest of the enterprise funds with total assets of more than \$605 million and operating revenues of \$98.3 million. Both of these measures are increases over last year and reflect well upon the long-term management practices of the department.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2007 amounts to \$782 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and infrastructure. To fairly report an estimated current value, much like a business entity would, the City employs a depreciation allocation method, which reduces the cost reported as the asset ages or decreases in value due to usage, obsolescence, or amortization.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included:

- Improvements to the water treatment plants were included in "construction in progress".
- \$38.5 million of improvements to the water and sewer projects were completed and added to capital
 assets.
- Additional capital was contributed to the capital assets fund during this fiscal year
- Major streetscaping projects were undertaken
- In establishing the Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation Fund, the City partnered with the University of South Carolina (the University) to build two parking garages. These garages are part of the University's new research campus, Innovista.

City's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

		Governm	ental	Activities	Business	-type	Activities			Total	
		2007		2006 *	2007		2006 *		2007		2006 *
Land Construction work-in-	\$	37,600,886	\$	37,601,000	\$ 21,433,336	\$	21,433,000	\$	59,034,222	\$	59,034,000
progress		40,677,634		14,019,000	63,095,215		64,136,000		103,772,849		78,155,000
Infrastructure		8,433,965		7,091,356	0		0		8,433,965		7,091,356
Buildings Machinery and		127,774,987		138,150,972	456,619,087		421,262,946		584,394,074		559,413,918
Equipment		12,881,142	-	13,246,000	13,541,314		15,138,000		26,422,456		28,384,000
Total	\$ _	227,368,614	\$_	210,108,328	\$ 554,688,952	\$	521,969,946	\$_	782,057,566	\$	732,078,274

^{*} The 2006 numbers have been restated due to the City performing a physical inventory of its capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2007. See footnote IV.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note III. G. on pages 50 and 51 of this report.

The schedule above displays the tremendous importance of assets to the efficient operations of the City. Paying for the investment in assets is not a one year transaction but rather a long-term commitment by the City and those obligations warrant discussion as well.

City's Outstanding Debt - General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

The City's total long-term (more than one year) debt increased by \$3.5 million during the current fiscal year. This increase in debt is attributed mostly to the 2007 Parking Facilities Corporation Bonds (\$13 M) offset by principal payments made.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$313.8 million. Of this amount, \$17.4 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government and \$10.2 million tax increment debt for which the City is liable for the full amount of the debt but the debt service is paid through incremental tax revenues from property owners located in specific areas.

The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds), such as those issued by the Water & Sewer Facilities or the Parking Facilities, and other items such as compensated absences and capital leases.

The City maintains an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "Aaa" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt. The revenue bonds of the City have been rated "AA" Standard & Poor's and a "Aa2" by Moody's.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its total assessed valuation without referendum; the City is below this limit.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note III. J. on pages 53-60 of this report.

Requests for Information

This portion of the financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's financial position. The management team hopes this narrative has proved to be helpful in your understanding of the City's finances. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or suggestions that you feel will help improve this discussion paper please address same to City of Columbia, PO Box 147, 1136 Washington Street, Columbia, South Carolina, 29217.

Thank you for your interest in the City, in general, and its finances specifically.

Melisa A. Caughman Interim Finance Director

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2007

	-		Ī	Primary Governme	ent			
	7	Governmental	:	Business-type				Component
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units
ASSETS	-							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,867,851	\$	38,225,053	\$	70,092,904	\$	2,983,230
Investments		39,313,263		11,329,737		50,643,000		8,812,599
Receivables								
Property taxes		6,491,496		0		6,491,496		0
Federal government		3,049,003		0		3,049,003		0
State government		1,394,358		0		1,394,358		0
Accounts		7,717,548		8,284,137		16,001,685		1,092,926
Accrued interest		372,906		1,526,768		1,899,674		9,812
Notes, net of allowance		0		3,299,455		3,299,455		677,087
Deposits		78,745		0		78,745		0
Inventory		1,218,553		2,276,681		3,495,234		1,697
Due from component units		2,009		962,400		964,409		0
Internal balances		2,484,333		(2,484,333)		0		0
Due from primary government		0		0		0		100,000
Prepaid expenses		53,428		250,360		303,788		97,447
Real estate held for resale	_	0		336,425	-	336,425	_	1,916,085
Total current assets	_	94,043,493		64,006,683	_	158,050,176	_	15,690,883
Noncurrent assets								
Investments		28,457,634		104,268,389		132,726,023		0
Mortgage notes receivable, net		0		21,348,341		21,348,341		0
Notes receivable		0		62,153		62,153		0
Other Assets								
Unamortized bond issue costs		1,987,366		3,185,396		5,172,762		22,272
Contracts receivable		0		954,654		954,654		962,023
Other		0		0		0		11,430
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land		37,600,886		21,433,336		59,034,222		2,070,246
Construction in progress		40,677,634		63,095,215		103,772,849		0
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings, improvements and utility plant		127,774,987		456,619,087		584,394,074		4,516,788
Office furniture and fixtures		0		0		0		806,088
Infrastructure		8,433,965		0		8,433,965		0
Machinery and equipment		12,881,142		13,541,314		26,422,456		0
Other capital assets	_	0	-	0	_	0	-	24,093
Total noncurrent assets		257,813,613		684,507,885	_	942,321,498	-	8,412,940
Total assets	\$_	351,857,106	\$_	748,514,568	\$_	1,100,371,674	\$	24,103,823

(Continued)

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2007

	-			Primary Governm	ent			
	-	Governmental		Business-type			•	Component
	_	Activities		Activities		Total		Units
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	_							
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	19,245,064	\$.,,.	\$	27,226,769	\$	683,467
Accrued salaries and benefits		2,249,061		477,424		2,726,485		0
Accrued liability for claims		15,901,813		0		15,901,813		0
Accrued interest		1,029,734		2,883,305		3,913,039		0
Retainage payable		3,200,675		5,710,860		8,911,535		0
Deferred revenue		2,020,163		0		2,020,163		239,002
Due to component unit		100,000		0		100,000		0
Due to primary government		0		0		0		964,409
Compensated absences		1,258,320		346,786		1,605,106		121,430
Current notes payable		75,000		45,000		120,000		0
Current contracts payable		0		870,039		870,039		0
Capital lease payable (due in one year)		728,758		0		728,758		0
Bonds and notes (due in one year)		11,021,903		0		11,021,903		3,209,935
Revenue bonds payable		2,175,000		10,605,000		12,780,000		0
Customer deposits	_	0		996		996		0
Total current liabilities	_	59,005,491	-	28,921,115		87,926,606		5,218,243
Noncurrent liabilities								
Noncurrent notes payable		3,663,526		475,000		4,138,526		0
Compensated absences		5,288,548		1,387,144		6,675,692		0
Capital lease payable		1,518,235		0		1,518,235		0
Bonds and notes (due after one year)		86,100,288		186,433,605		272,533,893		7,429,336
Contracts payable	-	0		1,866,018		1,866,018		0
Total non-current liabilities	_	96,570,597		190,161,767		286,732,364		7,429,336
Total liabilities	_	155,576,088		219,082,882		374,658,970		12,647,579
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		170,666,468		441,526,920		612,193,388		572,331
Restricted								
Nonexpendable		1,983		0		1,983		0
Expendable		5,287		0		5,287		0
Unrestricted	_	25,607,280		87,904,766	-	113,512,046	_	10,883,913
Total net assets	_	196,281,018		529,431,686	-	725,712,704	_	11,456,244
Total liabilities and net assets	\$_	351,857,106	\$	748,514,568	\$	1,100,371,674	\$	24,103,823
	· =		• •		· =		Ť =	.,,

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Program Revenues Operating Capital Grants and Grants and Contributions Contributions
6 770 000
-
0
320,930
0 0
• •
0
30,413,604 8,291,673
0 12,161,089
0
0
0 0
000 121 000
30,413,604 \$ 20,452,762
2,696,058 \$

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2007

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Property taxes Federal government State government Accounts Accrued interest receivable Due from other funds Due from component units Prepaid charges	\$	General 131,749 15,104,649 957,929 0 933,001 1,613,127 119,342 9,976,216 0 0	\$	County Services 161,595 \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation 14,185,545 0 0 0 0 5,613,779 0 0 0 0	\$	Other Governmental Funds 14,673,260 38,191,926 5,533,568 3,049,003 461,357 457,252 118,132 0 2,009 10,341	\$	Total Governmental Funds 29,152,149 53,296,575 6,491,497 3,049,003 1,394,358 7,684,158 237,474 9,976,216 2,009 10,341
Total assets	\$_	28,836,012	. \$ <u>.</u>	161,595_\$	19,799,324	\$	62,496,848	. \$.	111,293,780
LIABILITIES AND FUND DALANCES									
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	2,371,188	\$	405,611 \$	14,293,762	\$	1,211,057	e	18,281,618
Accrued salaries and benefits	•	1,801,359	*	349,787	14,293,702	Φ	39,430	Φ	2,190,576
Retainage payable		0		0	721,449		2,479,226		3,200,675
Due to component unit		100,000		ŏ	0		0		100,000
Deferred revenue		838,366		0	ō		1,371,202		2,209,568
Due to other funds		0		0	ō		15,172,538		15,172,538
			-			-		-	,,
Total liabilities	_	5,110,913	. <u>.</u>	755,398	15,015,211		20,273,453	_	41,154,975
Fund balances									
Reserved for encumbrances		2,037,950		445,261	0		17,527,588		20,010,799
Reserved		2,001,000		440,201	v		17,327,300		20,010,755
Nonexpendable		0		0	0		1,983		1,983
Expendable		ō		ō	ō		5,287		5,287
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in		•		·	•		0,207		0,207
General fund		21,687,149		0	0		0		21,687,149
Special revenue funds		0		(1,039,064)	ŏ		13,618,962		12,579,898
Debt service funds		0		0	0		4,885,298		4,885,298
Capital projects funds		Ö		Ö	4,784,113		6,184,277		10,968,390
	_		_			-	-,,	-	
Total fund balances	_	23,725,099	_	(593,803)	4,784,113	-	42,223,395	-	70,138,804
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	28,836,012	*=	161,595 \$	19,799,324	\$_	62,496,848		
Amounts reported for governmental activitie	s in the sta	tement of net a	sset	s are different	because:				
Internal Service funds are used by managem									
support services, and risk management to									
internal service funds are included in gov	ernmental	activities in the	stat	tement of net a	ssets				9,456,142
Comital acceptance of the community of the state of the s									
Capital assets used in governmental activitie reported in the funds	s are not r	inanciai resour	ces a	and, therefore,	are not				227,368,613
Certain other assets are not available to pay	for current	period expend	iture	s and, therefor	e, are				
deferred in the funds									
Property taxes receivable, net of allowan	ice for dou	btful accounts	of \$6	60,516					189,405
Unamortized bond costs									1,987,366
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payabl	a are not :	lue and navatt	a in f	ha aurrant n!	od and				
therefore, are not reported in the funds	c, are 1101 t	auc anu payaun	= 111 L	ne current peri	ou allu,				
Accrued compensated absences									(C E4C 000)
Accrued interest									(6,546,868)
Accrued linterest Accrued bonds and notes payable									(1,029,734)
Unamortized premium									(102,442,104)
enamental promium								_	(2,840,606)
Net assets of governmental activities								\$	196,281,018
•								* =	.00,201,010

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	-				Columbia	2000 - 100 -	4000000	
					Parking	Other		Total
				County	Facilities	Governmental		Governmental
		General		Services	Corporation	Funds		Funds
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	41,223,855	\$	0 S	0	\$ 5,460,858	\$	46,684,713
License and permits	Ψ	31,162,106		0	0	\$ 3,400,838	Ф	31,162,106
Intergovernmental revenue		9,879,961		Ō	0	Ö		9,879,961
Charges for services		6,859,711		1,553,016	ŏ	Ö		8,412,727
Fines and forfeitures		786,187		. 0	0	Õ		786,187
Federal government		0		0	0	6,296,982		6,296,982
State government		ő		0	0	1,630,152		1,630,152
County government		Ö		12,354,649	5,613,779	9,578,271		27,546,699
Promotions		ő		0	0,010,710	188,563		188,563
Confiscated funds		ő		ŏ	ő	44,057		44,057
Interest		833,745		Ŏ	417,201	2,261,184		3,512,130
Other revenues		557,992		Ö	0	4,433,209		4,991,201
Cost recovery fees		3,200,000		Ö	0	4,455,209		3,200,000
COST recovery tees	_	3,200,000					•	3,200,000
Total revenues		94,503,557		13,907,665	6,030,980	29,893,276		144,335,478
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		4,857,162		12,830,004	551,226	11,898,167		30,136,559
Judicial		1,874,399		0	0	0		1,874,399
Finance department		1,747,050		0	0	0		1,747,050
Planning and development		3,249,126		ő	0	0		3,249,126
Public safety		42,204,031		ő	ő	ő		42,204,031
Parks and recreation		8,943,182		0	0	15,953		8,959,135
Public services				0	0	3,839,140		
General services		17,068,283		0	0	3,639,140		20,907,423
Community promotion		3,221,626		0	0	7,486,286		3,221,626
* *		542,106		_	0			8,028,392
Non departmental		1,994,232 0		0	0	0		1,994,232
Other Charges Debt service		U		U	U	1,567,941		1,567,941
		75,000		0	0	7 494 460		7 550 460
Principal retirement/ payment on bonds		75,000		0	0	7,484,169		7,559,169
Interest on bonds		0		0	0	3,804,084		3,804,084
Fiscal agent charges		U		v	U	87,360		87,360
Capital outlay		0		4 400 706	22 700 900	4 200 007		25 400 502
Capital outlay	_	0	-	1,498,786	22,709,899	1,200,907	•	25,409,592
Total expenditures		85,776,197		14,328,790	23,261,125	37,384,007	•	160,750,119
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		8,727,360		(421,125)	(17,230,145)	(7,490,731)		(16,414,641)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		6,744,189		46,870	0	16,461,068		23,252,127
Transfers (out)		(14,942,142)		(1,265,896)	0	(15,224,656)		(31,432,694)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		0		0	0	2,526,053		2,526,053
Proceeds from note payable issued		0		0	22,014,258	0		22,014,258
1.0			_			***************************************	•	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(8,197,953)	_	(1,219,026)	22,014,258	3,762,465	-	16,359,744
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and								
other financing uses		529,407		(1,640,151)	4,784,113	(3,728,266)		(54,897)
omer manung uses	-	323,407	_	(1,040,131)	7,104,113	(5,120,200)	•	(34,037)
Beginning fund balance		23,520,462		1,268,557	0	49,037,820		73,826,839
Prior period adjustment		(324,770)		(222,209)	0	(3,086,159)		(3,633,138)
Beginning fund balance, as restated		23,195,692		1,046,348	0	45,951,661		70,193,701
-	_							
Fund balance, end of year	\$	23,725,099	\$	(593,803)	4,784,113	\$ 42,223,395	\$	70,138,804

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	(54,897)
Internal Service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, support services, and risk management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities		1,358,267
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		31,926,276
Depreciation expense		(8,835,232)
Capital asset sold-loss		(7,426,558)
Proceeds from sale of captial assets		(2,526,053)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported		
as expenditures in governmental funds		(4 000 470)
Accrued compensated absences		(1,006,179)
Accrued interest		(277,826)
Donations of capital assets increase net assets in the statement of activities, but		
do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial		
resources		1,946,954
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		332,567
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governments funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar	s. al	
items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred an	d	
amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of thes	е	
differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	-	(13,319,414)
Net change in net assets - governmental activities	\$	2,117,905

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2007

				Business-type	е Ас	tivities				
		Water/Sewer Facilities Fund		Parking Facilities Fund		Other Proprietary Funds		Total	•	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS										
Current assets:		40.000.454		7 000 005		40.000.504		00 005 050		0.745.700
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,339,154	Þ	7,082,365	\$	12,803,534	\$	38,225,053	\$	2,715,702
Investments		8,637,448		2,692,289		0		11,329,737		14,474,322
Accounts receivable, net		7,265,979		27,688		990,470		8,284,137		33,390
Mortgage notes receivable, net		0		0		2,835,398		2,835,398		405.400
Accrued interest receivable		1,156,172		77,872		292,724		1,526,768		135,432
Deposits		0		U		0		0		78,745
Due from other funds		8,041,275		U		U		8,041,275		0
Due from component unit		962,400		044.000		U		962,400		0
Inventory		2,061,861		214,820		0		2,276,681		1,218,553
Prepaid expenses		250,360		U		222.425		250,360		43,087
Real estate held for resale		0		Ü		336,425		336,425		0
Notes receivable		464,057		10.005.004	_	0	_	464,057		40.000.004
Total current assets		47,178,706		10,095,034	-	17,258,551	-	74,532,291	-	18,699,231
Noncurrent assets										
Investments		62,263,665		30,585,238		11,419,486		104,268,389		0
Mortgage notes receivable, net		0		0		21,348,341		21,348,341		0
Notes receivable		62,153		0		0		62,153		0
Contracts receivable		0		0		954,654		954,654		0
Unamortized bond discounts and costs		1,849,803		1,335,593		0		3,185,396		0
Capital assets:										
Land		7,519,280		13,587,356		326,700		21,433,336		0
Construction in progress		42,031,933		17,344,727		3,718,555		63,095,215		0
Buildings, improvements and utility plant		657,181,994		13,742,255		19,496,244		690,420,493		903,586
Machinery and equipment		25,573,182		1,228,106		123,227		26,924,515		8,932,170
Less, accumulated depreciation	_	(238,416,800)	_	(6,625,720)		(2,142,087)	_	(247,184,607)	_	(4,689,497)
Net capital assets		493,889,589		39,276,724		21,522,639		554,688,952		5,146,259
Total noncurrent assets		558,065,210		71,197,555	_	55,245,120		684,507,885		5,146,259
Total assets	\$	605,243,916	\$	81,292,589	\$	72,503,671	\$	759,040,176	\$	23,845,490

(Continued)

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

June 30, 2007

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
•	,	Water/Sewer Facilities Fund		Parking Facilities Fund	Other Proprietary Funds		Total		•	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	6,306,289	\$	172,807	\$	1,502,609	\$	7,981,705	\$	963,446	
Accrued salaries and benefits		427,829		26,575		23,020		477,424		58,485	
Compensated absences		326,078		15,912		4,796		346,786		255,269	
Retainage		4,238,457		1,064,525		407,878		5,710,860		0	
Due to other funds		0		0		1,366,195		1,366,195		1,478,759	
Accrued liability for claims		0		0		0		0		15,901,813	
Notes payable		0		0		45,000		45,000		0	
Contracts payable		0		0		870,039		870,039		0	
Capital lease payable short term		0		0		0		0		728,758	
Accrued interest payable		1,841,530		939,379		102,396		2,883,305		0	
Revenue bonds payable		9,865,000		740,000		0		10,605,000		0	
Customer deposits		0		996		0		996		0	
Cash Overdraft	_	0		0	_	0		0	-	0	
Total current liabilities payable from current assets		23,005,183	- - -	2,960,194	_	4,321,933	_	30,287,310		19,386,530	
Long-term liabilities:											
Notes payable		0		0		475.000		475,000		0	
Capital lease payable		0		Ō		0		0		1,518,235	
Contracts payable		n		0		1.866.018		1,866,018		0	
Compensated absences		1,304,311		63,650		19,183		1,387,144		ō	
Revenue bonds payable, net		138,005,983		48,427,622	_	0	_	186,433,605		<u> </u>	
Total long-term liabilities	_	139,310,294	_	48,491,272	_	2,360,201	_	190,161,767		1,518,235	
Total liabilities		162,315,477		51,451,466	_	6,682,134		220,449,077	_	20,904,765	
Net Assets:											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		404,206,617		15,797,664		21,522,639		441,526,920		5,146,259	
Restricted		11,706,530		1,679,379		102,396		13,488,305		0	
Unrestricted		27,015,292	_	12,364,080		44,196,502		83,575,874		(2,205,534)	
Total net assets		442,928,439		29,841,123	_	65,821,537	_	538,591,099	_	2,940,725	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	605,243,916	\$	81,292,589	\$_	72,503,671	\$	759,040,176	\$	23,845,490	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internation to enterprise fund	al serv	vice fund activit	ies re	lated			_	(9,159,413)			
Net assets of business type activities							\$	529,431,686			

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	CHOSTOTICOGRAPHIC		Business-type	e Ac	tivities			_	
	V	Vater/Sewer Facilities Fund	Parking Facilities Fund		Other Proprietary Funds		Total		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	97,987,282 \$	4,366,797	\$		\$	106,336,235	\$	20,825,294
Other operating revenue Total operating revenues		317,396 98,304,678	1,693,579 6,060,376	-	974,583 4,956,739	_	2,985,558 109,321,793	-	20,825,294
Operating expenses:									
Personnel services		23,394,971	1,597,334		1,251,915		26,244,220		3,212,097
Materials and supplies		7,186,667	265,346		106,432		7,558,445		6,582,992
Contractural services		0	. 0		. 0		0		4,660
Other services and charges		12,800,643	457,957		228,599		13,487,199		2,704,262
Heat, light and power		5,465,446	181,776		556,759		6,203,981		68,180
Claims and premiums		0	0		0		0		28,169,809
Indirect costs		3,200,000	0		0		3,200,000		0
Depreciation		18,169,069	461,781		469,981		19,100,831		1,184,628
Bad debt expense		1,389,048	0		658,188		2,047,236		0
Capital outlay		0	0		0		0		426,844
Debt service		0	0		0	_	0		101,235
Total operating expenses		71,605,844	2,964,194	_	3,271,874		77,841,912	_	42,454,707
Operating income (loss)		26,698,834	3,096,182		1,684,865	_	31,479,881	-	(21,629,413)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Investment income		3,397,872	1,956,743		1,360,680		6,715,295		1,158,353
Other nonoperating revenue		81,588	74,806		15,297		171,691		0
Gain (loss) from sale of assets		(126,728)	(30,701)		41,423		(116,006)		(266,344)
Community promotions		(125,000)	0		0		(125,000)		0
Interest expense		(7,040,903)	(1,733,684)		(173,486)		(8,948,073)		0
Intergovernmental expenses		(368,078)	`´´´Ó		(1,472,311)		(1,840,389)		0
Amortization of bond costs	_	(159,280)	(104,320)	_	0		(263,600)	_	0
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(4,340,529)	162,844		(228,397)	_	(4,406,082)		892,009
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		22,358,305	3,259,026		1,456,468		27,073,799		(20,737,404)
Transfers in		0	0		3,433,367		3,433,367		16,917,468
Transfers out		(10,402,889)	(1,530,387)		(236,994)		(12,170,270)		0
Water & Sewer development contributions	_	12,161,089	0	_	0	_	12,161,089	-	0
Change in net assets		24,116,505	1,728,639	_	4,652,841		30,497,985	-	(3,819,936)
Total net assets - beginning net assets		427,477,204	23,745,299		61,454,787				6,779,976
Prior period adjustment	_	(8,665,270)	4,367,185		(286,091)			_	(19,315)
Beginning net assets, as restated		418,811,934	28,112,484	_	61,168,646			-	6,760,661
Total net assets- ending net assets	\$	442,928,439 \$	29,841,123	\$_	65,821,537			\$_	2,940,725
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of inte to enterprise fund	ernal ser	vice fund activities	s related			_	(5,178,203)		
Change in net assets of business-type activit	iles					\$_	25,319,782		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	-	Water/Sewer	Parking	Total		Governmental
		Facilities	Facilities	Nonmajor		Activities Internal
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	er the constitution	Fund	Fund	Proprietary Funds	Total	Service Funds
ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	97,995,521 \$	6,045,289 \$	-1	109,117,749 \$	21,293,770
Payments to suppliers		(31,530,706)	(1,801,354)	(1,226,138)	(34,558,198)	(29,861,072)
Payments to employees	_	(23,273,884)	(965,160)	(1,012,578)	(25,251,622)	(3,211,881)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-	43,190,931	3,278,775	2,838,223	49,307,929	(11,779,183)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Due to (from) others		226 202	0	4 200 405	4 000 500	(2.046.775)
Transfers in		236,393 0	0	1,366,195	1,602,588	(3,046,775)
Transfers out		(10,402,889)	(1,530,387)	3,433,367 (236,994)	3,433,367 (12,170,270)	16,917,468 0
		(10,102,000)	(1,000,001)	(200,004)	(12,110,210)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and						
related financing activities		(10,166,496)	(1,530,387)	4,562,568	(7,134,315)	13,870,693
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(07.070.007)	(44,000,400)	(4 4-4 44-)	/	
Purchase of capital assets		(27,370,907)	(11,920,106)	(1,053,627)	(40,344,640)	(2,458,321)
Principal paid on capital lease Principal paid on bonds and notes		(0.564.033)	(27.454)	(4.450.593)	(44.049.750)	(709,240)
Interest paid on debt		(9,561,022) (8,486,700)	(37,154) (2,158,641)	(1,450,583) (221,815)	(11,048,759) (10,867,156)	0
more para on dept	*****	(0,400,700)	(2,130,041)	(221,013)	(10,007,130)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities		(45,418,629)	(14,115,901)	(2,726,025)	(62,260,555)	(3,167,561)
	Constant of the Constant of th				V	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of investments		0	0	(397,654)	(397,654)	(3,887,705)
Proceeds from sale of investments		22,061,704	12,242,000	524,867	34,828,571	0
Decrease in contract receivable, net		(452.004)	0	911,364	911,364	0
Increase in mortgage receivable, net Interest received		(163,094) 2,580,611	0 1,981,047	(2,908,517)	(3,071,611)	4 424 264
Rent received		81,588	74,806	1,376,305 15,297	5,937,963 171,691	1,131,261 0
Sale of inventory for resale		01,588	42,311	280,615	322,926	0
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	CHENT			***************************************		
		24,560,809	14,340,164	(197,723)	38,703,250	(2,756,444)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		12,166,615	1,972,651	4,477,043	18,616,309	(3,832,495)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2006	-	6,172,539	5,109,714	8,326,491	19,608,744	6,548,197
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2007	\$	18,339,154 \$	7,082,365	12,803,534 \$	38,225,053 \$	2,715,702
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	26,698,833 \$	3,096,182 \$	1,684,866 \$	31,479,881 \$	(21,629,413)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Depreciation		18,169,069	461,781	469,981	19,100,831	1,184,628
Bad debt expense		1,389,048	0	658,188	2,047,236	0
Change in operating assets and liabilities		(4 000 540)	(45.007)	400 007	0	
Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses		(1,660,518)	(15,087) 0	120,207	(1,555,398)	207,086
Accounts Payable		(250,360) (1,238,543)	(224,595)	0 (79,957)	(250,360)	(43,087) 341,397
Accrued salaries		(8,536)	1,033	(79,957) 556	(1,543,095) (6,947)	
Accrued vacation		129,624	1,772	(15,618)	115,778	(57) 273
Accrued liability for claims		0	0	(13,010)	0	6,740,840
Inventory		(37,686)	(42,311)	0	(79,997)	1,157,761
Customer Deposits		` o	` oʻ	0	0	261,390
Total adjustments		16,492,098	182,593	1,153,357	17,828,048	9,850,231
·	 \$	43,190,931 \$	·····		_	
		+3,13U,331 \$	3,278,775	2,838,223 \$	49,307,929	(11,779,182)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIV		49 464 000	•	¢	£ 40.404.000	•
Water and Sewer development contributions Amortization of bond cost	\$ \$	12,161,089 (159,280)	\$ - \$ (104,320)	\$ - \$ -		\$ -
Amorazation of bond cost	Þ	(133,200)	ψ (104,320)	ψ -	\$ (367,920)	\$ -

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND

June 30, 2007

044-4430-444-44-44-44-44-44-44-44-44-44-44-44-4	
ASSETS	Agency <u>Fund</u>
AGGETG	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 128,163
Total assets	\$ 128,163
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Liabilities:	£ 400.400
Accounts payable	\$ 128,163
Total liabilities	128,163
Net Assets	
Total net assets	0
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 128,163

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The Discretely Presented Component Units are presented separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City, but are a part of the City's reporting entity.

Columbia Action Council provides support to the community through the sponsorship and promotion of community programs and festivals.

Columbia Development Corporation assists the City in promoting and improving the growth and development of business concerns through the strengthening of the economic and residential base of the community.

Columbia Housing Development Corporation assists the City in the development of housing and to promote growth in the residential base of the community.

Eau Claire Development Corporation provides assistance in the conservation and redevelopment of neighborhoods located in North Columbia.

Midlands Authority for Conventions, Sports, and Tourism directs and manages activities and missions of the Columbia Metropolitan Convention Center and Visitor's Bureau.

South Columbia Development Corporation assists the city in promoting the livability, improving the tax base, and enhancing the quality of housing in the South Columbia area.

TN Development Corporation promotes growth and develops opportunities for affordable rental housing.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2007

	Columbia Action Council	Columbia Development Corporation	Col Ho Deve Corp	Columbia Housing Development Corporation	Eau Claire Development Corporation	e su t	Midlands Authority for Conventions, Sports, and Tourism	ပ်မှုလ	South Columbia Development Corporation	Dev	TN Development Corporation		Total
ASSETS													
Current assets:													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,134	\$ 451,387	ss	302,001	\$ 190,	906'06	\$ 804,111	€9	116,995	49	489,540	ss.	2,376,074
Certificates of deposit	107,156	100,000		100,000	100,	100,000	0		100,000		100,000		607,156
Investments	19,403	445,099		91,896	4,	4,892	8,135,944		115,365		0		8,812,599
Accounts receivable	182	166,995		3,132	45,	45,728	781,179		0		95,710		1,092,926
Accrued interest receivable	0	4,164		860		46	3,663		1,079		0		9,812
Mortgage notes receivable, current portion	0	611,819		33,173		0	0		32,095		0		677,087
Inventory	0	0		0		0	1,697		0		0		1,697
Prepaid expenses	2,000	0		4,073	ť.	3,337	56,173		0		31,864		97,447
Due from primary government	0	100,000		0		0	0		0		0		100,000
Real estate held for sale and development	0	320,758		931,685	663,642	642	0	į	0		0		1,916,085
Total current assets	149,875	2,200,222		1,466,820	1,008,551	551	9,782,767		365,534		717,114		15,690,883
Capital assets:													
Land	0	0		0	1,261,522	522	0		119,993		688,731		2,070,246
Buildings	0	0		0	2,057,145	145	0		152,021		4,177,128		6,386,294
Office furniture & fixtures	1,438	19,760		10,287	19,	19,586	365,892		18,573		370,552		806,088
Other capital assets	0	0		0		0	0		0		24,093		24,093
Accumulated depreciation	(1,438)	(13,794)		(8,186)	(250,884)	884)	(276,659)		(20,565)		(1,297,980)		(1,869,506)
Net capital assets	0	5,966		2,101	3,087,369	369	89,233		270,022		3,962,524		7,417,215
Other assets:													
Unamortized bond issue costs	0	0		0	22,	22,272	0		0		0		22,272
Mortgage note receivable, net of allowance	0	0		962,023		0	0		•		0		962,023
Other	0	0		0		0	0		0		11,430		11,430
Total other assets	0	0		962,023	22,	22,272	0		0		11,430	; ; ;	995,725
Total assets	\$ 149,875	\$ 2,206,188	\$	2,430,944	\$ 4,118,192	ii	\$ 9,872,000	\$	635,556	\$	4,691,068	\$	24,103,823

(Continued)

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 2007

I			Columbia		Midlands	40.00			
	Columbia Action	Columbia Development	Housing Development	Eau Claire Development	Conventions, Sports, and	Columbia Development	TN Development		:
•	Council	Corporation	Corporation	Corporation	lourism	Corporation	Corporation		Total
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:	77	,				,		•	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 3 Compensated absences	4.207	\$ 43,249 10.902	13.078	\$ 86,857	50.865	2,634	\$ 48,636	19	683,467
Due to primary government	=	100,000	100,000	409,999	0	100,000	154,410		964,409
Mortgage/bonds/notes payable - current portion Deferred revenue	000	0 00%	233,439	2,838,632	84 7 40	0	137,864		3,209,935
		200,0	007.12.		017,40	200	0+0,0		200,002
Total current liabilities	115,295	159,651	546,449	3,349,491	567,942	111,929	367,486		5,218,243
Other liabilities:									
Mortgage/bonds payable	0	000,000	427,052	1,610,826	0	66,000	4,725,458		7,429,336
Total other liabilities	0	600,000	427,052	1,610,826	0	66,000	4,725,458		7,429,336
Total liabilities	115,295	759,651	973,501	4,960,317	567,942	177,929	5,092,944		12,647,579
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	0	5,966	2,101	271,009	89,233	204,022	0		572,331
Unrestricted	34,580	1,440,571	1,455,342	(1,113,134)	9,214,825	253,605	(401,876)	-	10,883,913
Total net assets	34,580	1,446,537	1,457,443	(842,125)	9,304,058	457,627	(401,876)		11,456,244
Total liabilities and net assets See accompanying notes to financial statements.	149,875	\$ 2,206,188	\$ 2,430,944	\$ 4,118,192	\$ 9,872,000	\$ 635,556	\$ 4,691,068	s ·	24,103,823

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Prog	Program Revenue				Net (E	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	pu			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Columbia Action Council	Columbia Development Corporation	Columbia Housing Development Corporation	Eau Claire Development Corporation	Midlands Authority for Conventions, Sports, and Tourism	South Columbia Development Corporation	TN Development Corporation	Totals
Columbia Action Council Parks and recreation	371,905	\$ 194,622	\$ 200,000 \$	\$ 0	22,717 \$	9	\$ 0	\$	*	9	0	\$ 22,717
Columbia Development Corporation Community development	520,965	0	157,414	0	0	(363,551)	0	0	0	0	0	(363,551)
Columbia Housing Development Corporation Community development	253,236	14,085	279,808	0	0	9	40,657	0	0	0	0	40,657
Eau Claire Development Corporation Community development	592,535	82,511	457,392	62,588	0	0	0	956'6	0	0	0	956'6
Midlands Regional Convention Center Authority Community promotions	6,126,975	4,921,998	1,233,164	0	0	Đ	0	0	28,187	0	0	28,187
South Columbia Development Corporation Community development	164,665	8,785	180,695	0	0	0	•	0	0	24,815	٥	24,815
TN Development Corporation Community development	882,369	732,324	187,585	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37,540	37,540
Total component units	\$ 8,912,650	\$ 5,954,325	\$ 2,696,058	\$ 62,588	22,717	(363,551)	40,657	9,956	28,187	24,815	37,540	(199,679)
		General revenues: Investment earnings Total general revenues			8,645	93,918 93,918	33,257 33,257	6,541	439,853	10,739	21,325	614,277
		Change in net assets		•	31,362	(269,634)	73,914	16,497	468,040	35,554	58,865	414,598
		Beginning net assets Prior period adjustment		·	(10,423)	1,716,171	1,932,317 (548,788)	1,119,986 (1,978,608)	8,836,018	422,073	2,118,533 (2,579,274)	16,134,675 (5,093,029)
See accompanying notes to financial statements.	ıš.	Beginning net assets, as restated Ending net assets	stated	໌ ທ ື	3,218	1,716,171	1,383,529 \$ 1,457,443 \$	(858,622 <u>)</u> (842,125 <u>)</u> \$	8,836,018 9,304,058 \$	422,073 457,627 \$	(460,741) (401,876)	11,041,646

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Index to Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2007

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Columbia, a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina incorporated in 1854, is located in the central part of South Carolina. Columbia is the state capital as well as the county seat of Richland County. The City has a population of 119,961 living within an area of 135.31 square miles. The Greater Columbia Metropolitan Area consists of Lexington and Richland Counties and has an estimated population of 716,030. The City's economy is driven by education, government, military, finance, and industry. In 1950, the City approved a charter adopting a Council-Manager form of government and is governed by a six (6) member council and Mayor.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The basic financial statements of the City present the reporting entity that consists of the primary government and those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Using the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units," discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Units

Public Facilities Corporation

This is a single purpose corporate entity that was formed in 2002 as a non-profit corporation to undertake certain obligations with respect to the acquisition of real and personal property and the design, construction, operation and financing of a multipurpose conference/convention center and other improvements. Its board is comprised of the City Manager of Columbia, the Assistant City Manager for Development, and the Finance Director or the equivalent thereof. For details of the outstanding debt see Note III J.

Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation

Under the guidelines of GASB 34, the Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation (a capital projects fund) is considered a major fund for reporting purposes. This is a single purpose entity that was formed during fiscal year 2007 to undertake certain obligations related to the City's partnership with the University of South Carolina (the University) to build two parking garages. These garages are part of the University's new research campus, Innovista. The Board of Directors is comprised of five members of City Council. For further discussion of this component unit, see Note III. J.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Columbia Action Council (CAC)

The CAC, incorporated in 1979, provides support to the community through the sponsorship and promotion of community programs and festivals. Partial funding is supplied by the City.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (Continued)

Columbia Development Corporation (CDC)

Incorporated in 1980, the CDC was formed to assist the City in promoting and monitoring the growth and development of business concerns through the strengthening of the economic and residential base of the community. The nine member Board of Directors is composed of three members of City Council, the Mayor, the City Manager and four members that are appointed by City Council. The Executive Director of the CDC serves as an ex-officio Administrative Secretary. Funding for the CDC is derived from property sales, contributions, appropriations from the City, and U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Grants that are passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund.

Columbia Housing Development Corporation (CHDC)

The CHDC, an eleemosynary organization, was formed in 1980, to assist the City in the development of housing and to promote growth in the residential base of the community. The twelve member Board of Directors is composed of three members of City Council, the Mayor, the City Manager, and seven members that are appointed by City Council. In an ex-officio capacity, city staff serves as the Secretary/Treasurer and the Executive Director. Funding for the CHDC is derived from sale of properties, interest income, mortgages receivable, and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund.

Eau Claire Development Corporation (ECDC)

Incorporated in 1993, the ECDC provides assistance in the conservation and redevelopment of neighborhoods located in North Columbia. The nine-member Board of Directors is composed of three Council members and six members appointed by City Council. Current funding is derived from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund and the City of Columbia sale of properties and rents.

Midlands Authority for Conventions, Sports, and Tourism (MACST)

The MACST, originally incorporated as the Midlands Regional Convention Center in July 2001, was formed to oversee the development of a regional convention center and operate the convention center under a long-term management arrangement for the mutual benefit of the City and Richland and Lexington Counties of South Carolina (the Governmental Entities). The Governmental Entities have pledged their tourism development fees to support this project. However, outside of this pledge of revenues, the City is responsible for issuing the initial debt to fund this project and will retain title to the Convention Center.

South Columbia Development Corporation (SCDC)

The SCDC, incorporated in 1994, was formed to strengthen the livability, improve the tax base, and enhance the quality of housing in the South Columbia area. The ten-member Board of Directors is composed of three Council members and seven members appointed by City Council. Funding sources for SCDC are the City of Columbia and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Funds.

TN Development Corporation (TNDC)

Incorporated in 1993, as an eleemosynary organization, the TNDC was organized to promote growth and develop opportunities for affordable rental housing. The ten member Board of Directors is composed of three members from Council and seven members appointed by City Council. Funding for the TNDC is derived from rental income, the State of South Carolina Housing Trust Fund, the Federal Home Loan Bank, HOME Program funds passed through the Columbia Housing Development Organization (CHDO), and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants passed through the Community Development Special Revenue Fund.

Complete financial statements of the individual Component Units can be requested from the City's Interim Chief Financial Officer.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. The City's internal service funds do not provide outside uses or grant use. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City uses funds to report financial position and the results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary as follows:

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City that accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, governmental grants and other revenue sources that are designated to finance particular functions or activities of the City. Special Revenue Funds include:

- Accommodation Tax -- accounts for State Hotel Accommodations Tax receipts to promote activities of City organizations.
- Tourism Development -- accounts for the Tourism Development Fee imposed upon the rental of hotels, motels, and other lodging establishments in the City. This fee is dedicated to the attraction of and improving the services provided to tourists.
- Business Improvement District -- accounts for the Business Improvement District taxes assessed on the businesses in the downtown area of the City to promote downtown beautification.
- Hospitality Tax -- accounts for a local 2% gross sales tax on prepared food and beverages sold in establishments.
- Confiscated Drug Program -- accounts for the disposition of forfeited property and money seized in Columbia by law enforcement agencies.
- Land Acquisition -- accounts for future land acquisition and development.
- County Services -- accounts for fire services and 911 emergency communications provided to citizens outside the City limits and the reimbursement for expenditures from Richland County.
- Other Programs -- provides for miscellaneous programs for park improvements and special events

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

- Community Development Grants and Awards accounts for the Community Development Block Grants
- Justice Department Grants -- accounts for receipt of Federal and State funds for programs to improve public safety and law enforcement to the community.
- Other Grants -- accounts for the receipt of Federal and State funds used for various signal grants, and highway safety grants, various tree-planting projects, and various public services and planning projects.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the City, other than debt service payments financed by proprietary fund types. Ad valorem taxes, interest earned on the investments of the Debt Service Fund and, if applicable, interest earned on investments of certain Capital Projects Funds are used for the payment of principal, interest, and fiscal agent expenditures on the City's general obligation and revenue bonds, and bond anticipation notes.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds account for all capital improvements, except those accounted for in Proprietary Funds, financed by the City's general obligation bond issues, tax increment district property taxes, certain Federal grants and other specific receipts. These funds include:

- Tax Increment District -- accounts for the construction and development of parks and infrastructure, within the Congaree Vista Redevelopment District, and is funded by tax increment district property tax revenues.
- Streetscaping -- accounts for capital improvements to street landscaping.
- General Obligation Bonds 2002 accounts for funds designated from the General Obligation Bonds Series 2002.
- Parking Facilities Corporation accounts for funds designated for the Innovista parking garages.
- General Capital Projects-- accounts for various capital projects funded by various funds.
- Miscellaneous Projects -- accounts for various capital projects funded by the General Fund.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs. This fund includes:

Anna Dickson Park Fund -- accounts for trust funds specifically intended for the income to be used for beautification of the parks. The total expendable amount for this endowment is \$287 and is shown as an expendable trust on the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The funds are invested in an interest bearing account. The amount invested equals the fair value.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Types:

Business-type Funds

The business-type funds are used to account for operations of the City (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, where the intent is for the cost of providing goods or services to be recovered, in whole or in part, through user charges; or (b) where the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. These funds include:

- Water/Sewer Facilities Fund -- accounts for water and sewer utility activities.
- Hydro-Electric Plant -- accounts for hydro electric plant activities.
- Storm Water Fund -- accounts for storm water utility activities
- Parking Facilities Fund -- accounts for parking garage and parking ticket activities.
- Transportation Operating Fund -- accounts for the operation of the Bus Transfer Station.
- Redevelopment Programs Fund -- accounts for various home rehabilitation and mortgage lending programs funded from various sources.

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a user charge basis. These funds include:

- Fleet Management -- accounts for the maintenance and repair of movable vehicles.
- Support Services -- accounts for a decentralized governmental and business-type inventory system, a central supply facility, procurement functions and the City's general maintenance functions.
- Risk Management accounts for the costs associated with self-funded liability plans for employee health, worker's compensation, unemployment, and tort liability for all City departments.

Fiduciary Funds Types (Not included in government-wide statements):

Transactions, related to assets held by the City as an agent of a private organization, are accounted for in Fiduciary Fund types. These are presented separately in the statements. The City's fiduciary fund types are comprised of:

Agency Fund

This fund is used to account for assets held by the City as an agent and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The County Services Fund accounts for fire services provided to citizens outside the City limits and the reimbursement for expenditures from Richland County.
- The Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation Fund accounts for certain obligations related to the City's partnership with University of South Carolina (the University) to build two parking garages. These garages are part of the University's new research campus, Innovista.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water and Sewer Facilities Fund accounts for the activities of the water and sewer facilities.
- The Parking Facilities Fund accounts for the activities of the parking facilities.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Additionally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for amounts due between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities.

The governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets, and the unreserved fund balance is a measure of available spendable resources.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the transaction can be identified, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the Debt Service Fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of the qualifying expenditures. When the revenue recognition criteria are met and the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet, and revenue is recognized.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Proprietary fund financial statements are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary fund types. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidelines.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense, the allowance for doubtful accounts and certain claims and judgment liabilities, among other accounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deposits

City procedures require that all unrestricted cash belonging to the City be placed in a "Pooled Cash" account to maintain the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, all cash is pooled for investment purposes, and each fund has equity in the pooled amount.

The City considers cash and cash equivalents, (including restricted cash and cash equivalents), to be: currency on hand, demand deposits with banks, amounts included in pooled cash and investment accounts, and liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

In accordance with GASB 31, investments in all funds are stated at fair value. State statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, United States Treasury and United States Agency obligations and repurchase agreements secured by these obligations.

Inventory and Prepaid Assets

In the fund financial statements all governmental City inventories are recorded in the Internal Service Fund at cost or estimated historical cost on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. All proprietary inventories are recorded in the respective fund at cost or estimated historical cost on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. The related expenditures or expenses are recognized when inventories are consumed. Changes in the year-end inventory are reflected in expenses.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Real Estate

Real estate held for resale and real estate under development in the proprietary funds are recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Mortgage Notes and Notes Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses

Mortgage notes receivable, secured by the property, and other notes receivable are recorded in various business-type funds and component units and are stated at unpaid principal balances net of an allowance for loan losses. An allowance for loan losses is increased by charges-offs, net of recoveries. Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on past loan loss experiences, known and inherent risks in the portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay the loan, estimated value of any underlying collateral, and current economic conditions.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Bad Debt

Accounts receivable are recorded in various funds and are stated net of their allowance for uncollectible accounts.

All balances between funds that are outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Bond Discount and Issuance Costs

Bond discount and issuance costs are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the applicable bonds, providing no material differences between the straight-line method and the interest method.

Restricted Assets

Restricted accounts in the proprietary fund types are established to account for assets restricted for specific purposes. Certain bond indentures of trust agreements require the establishment of (1) maximum annual principal and interest payments, unless a surety bond was provided, or (2) the next succeeding principal and accrued interest payment.

Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds during the same period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Improvements	10-50 years
Buildings	15-50 years
Equipment	3-15 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as an "other financing source" net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Property Tax Revenues

Real property and business personal property taxes, excluding automobile property taxes, become enforceable liens as of January 1. Real property taxes are levied in November and are payable without penalty before January 16. Automobile property taxes are levied throughout the year depending on vehicle tag expiration dates. Business personal property taxes are levied in September and are payable by January 15. Property taxes are assessed and collected by Richland County under a joint billing and collection agreement. The City collects property taxes assessed in Lexington County on property annexed into Columbia

That portion of General Fund property taxes allocated for payment of debt services is transferred to the Debt Service Fund. All Special District, Tax Increment property taxes are recorded as revenue in the Debt Service Fund and any excess revenues over debt service requirements are remitted as principle outstanding on the balance of the debt.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Sales Tax Revenue

The City incorporated a Local Option Sales Tax during the year ended June 30, 2006 of 1% to offset a reduction in property taxes. The tax generated \$15.5 million and was capped in order to prevent a windfall effect of taxes collected. This "cap" created deferred revenue of \$.5 million in the General Fund. Deferred revenue of the Local Option Sales Tax will be utilized to offset any reduction of property tax revenue and/or adjust future property tax increases.

Investment Income

The City has a policy of allocating interest income on pooled cash and investments to appropriate funds on an annual basis. The allocation is based on a percentage of the fund's average daily equity in pooled cash and investments to the total average daily-pooled equity in pooled cash and investments.

Grant Revenue

Revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized when qualifying expenditures are made and all grant requirements have been met. Cash received by the City prior to the City making qualifying expenditures is recorded as deferred revenue.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to allow employees to accumulate unused vacation and sick leave benefits up to certain maximum hours. Once an employee has completed the probationary period, accumulated unused vacation and 20% of unused sick leave, as restricted below, are payable upon termination of employment with the City. An employee with service of less than ten years may receive up to a maximum of two weeks of vacation. An employee with service of ten to twenty years may receive up to a maximum of four weeks, and service of over twenty years may receive a maximum of five weeks. Maximum carryover allowed per employee is two calendar years of accrued compensated absences.

The liability for compensated absences in the financial statements is calculated based upon recorded balances of unused leave for which the City would compensate employees if employment ended June 30, 2007. The change in this calculated amount from the previous year is expensed in current operations.

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water/sewer facilities fund, the parking facilities fund and the transportation operations fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for business-type funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – By Characteristic: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Proprietary Funds – By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

Interfund transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

F. FUND BALANCE

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A legal operating budget is prepared annually for the General Fund on a GAAP basis. Informal budgetary controls are maintained for other fund types, and therefore, budgetary comparisons to actual amounts are not presented.

The approved budget and amendments are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance authorizing the City Manager to administer the budget and to transfer necessary appropriations among funds. Additional budget appropriations must be approved by Council, and at the fund level expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements and supplementary information have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budget during the year. Appropriations, except remaining project appropriations, encumbrances and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at year-end.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN APPROPRIATED BUDGET FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Or	riginal Adopted	Final Budget	Revised
		Budget	 Amendments	 Budget
General Fund	\$	94,851,113	\$ 5,867,225	\$ 100,718,338

B. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting represents commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. These contracts record expenditures as reserves to the applicable appropriation in each fund. At year-end, encumbrances are carried forward and related appropriations are considered to be budget amendments. Certain of the encumbrances will be paid by subsequent receipt of entitlements.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

Business Improvement District, Other Grants, County Services and Other Programs of the Special Revenue Fund had a combined deficit fund balance of \$1,367,517 at June 30, 2007. General Capital Projects and Miscellaneous Projects, which are capital projects funds, had a total deficit fund balance of \$2,321,142. Support Services and Risk Management of the Internal Service Funds have a combined deficit of \$3,935,781. Eau Claire Development Corporation, a component unit, has a total deficit fund balance of \$401,876. Revenues and transfers from other funds in subsequent years will fund these deficits.

D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is self insured for medical and dental coverage. Health claims for individuals are limited to a lifetime amount of \$1,000,000 with a stop-loss provision of \$275,000 per year. The accrued liability for prior year claims represents estimates for medical and dental claims incurred as of June 30, 2007. Some of these claims were reported at June 30, 2007, while others may not be reported until a later date. The incurred but not reported (IBNR) is estimated by the City's independent insurance administrator based on historical results.

The City self-insures worker's compensation and general liability programs. The City accounts for the Worker's Compensation program in the Risk Management Fund (an internal service fund) by charging premiums to user departments. The stop-loss provision for Worker's Compensation is \$800,000. The limits of liability for tort actions not specifically exempt by the South Carolina Government Tort Claims Act are \$300,000 per person and \$600,000 per occurrence.

The Risk Management Fund establishes claim liabilities (health, dental, worker's compensation and legal) based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Estimated amounts of salvage, subrogation, and reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount, particularly for coverage such as general liability. Adjustments to claim liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made.

Changes in the aggregate liability for health, dental, worker's compensation and legal claims were as follows:

			Current			
			Year			
			Claims and			
		Beginning	Changes in	Claims	Ending	
_	Fiscal Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability	
	2001	\$ 6,477,288	\$ 9,532,803	\$ (9,198,983)	\$ 6,811,108	
	2002	6,811,108	10,066,475	(11,641,002)	5,236,581	
	2003	5,236,581	14,028,269	(12,344,944)	6,919,906	
	2004	6,919,906	24,459,308	(15,449,295)	15,929,919	
	2005	15,929,919	18,002,543	(24,871,127)	9,061,335	
	2006	9,061,335	21,391,141	(21,291,502)	9,160,974	
	2007	9,160,974	22,532,516	(15,791,677)	15,901,813	

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

D. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Fiscal 2007 aggregate liability includes the following amounts for legal claims: \$1,667,464 beginning liability, \$7,175,528 current year claims and changes in estimates, and \$1,466,292 claims payments. The ending liability for legal claims is \$7,376,700.

Property and Boiler Coverage policies are accounted for in the Risk Management Fund, as well as other small insurance policies, such as surety bond coverage and miscellaneous floaters. Funds are charged expenditures based on premium amounts and administrative charges. The City has had no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2007, the City had the following investments (in thousands):

		<u>lnv</u>	<u>estment Mati</u>	urities (in Y	ears)
	Fair	Less			
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	Than 1	<u>1-3</u>	<u>4-7</u>	<u>8-29</u>
Money market	\$29,709	\$29,709	\$0	\$0	\$0
U.S. Government Securities	81,495	19,970	35,686	25,839	0
Mortgage Backed Securities	48,665	964	0	0	47,701
Repurchase Agreement	23,500	0	23,500	0	0
Total	\$183,369	\$50,643	\$59,186	\$25,839	\$47,701

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values typically by limiting the maturity of its portfolio to no more than seven years. However, during the year ended June 30, 2007, the City purchased Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation mortgage backed securities, that have maturities extending into 2036.

Credit Risk

State law and the City's investment policy limit investments to the following securities:

- Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof.
- General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political subdivisions.
- Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally insured by securities described above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest.
- Repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities set forth above.

At June 30, 2007 the City owned only obligations of the United States and its agencies and collateralized certificates of deposit.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy prohibits investing more than 10% of the total portfolio in a single holding or more than 25% in any one issuer except for United States Treasury securities and money market mutual funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The City's cash deposit policy requires that United States Treasury securities of a fair value equal to the bank deposits be held by a third party custodian in the City's name. At June 30, 2007 the City was in full compliance with its collateral policy.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Similarly the City uses an independent investment custodian who takes direction from the outside portfolio managers and independently settles all trades with the securities being held by the custodian on behalf of and in the name of the City.

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables for the primary government, as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities Property taxes Federal government State government Accounts Accrued Interest Receivable	\$	General 958 0 933 1,613 119	Columbia Parking Facilities 0 0 5,614		Ť	Non- Major Total 5,534 3,049 461 457 118	\$	Internal Service 0 0 0 33 135	\$ Total 6,492 3,049 1,394 7,717 372
Net total receivables	\$_	3,623	\$_	5,614	_ \$	9,619	\$.	168	\$ 19,024
		Water/ Sewer <u>Facilities</u>		Parking Facilities		Non- Major <u>Total</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Business-type activities									
Accounts	\$	7,266	\$	28	\$	990	\$	8,284	
Contracts		0		0		955		955	
Interest receivable		1,156		78		293		1,527	
Notes receivable		526		0		0		526	
Mortgage notes	-	0	-	0	_	24,184	_	24,184	
Net total receivables	\$_	8,948	\$_	106	\$	26,422	\$_	35,476	

The above receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management's estimates of uncollectible accounts at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

General Fund	\$ 800,157
Water/Sewer Facilities	\$ 1,392,588
Parking Facilities	\$ 1,514,690
Non Major Business-type activities	\$ 1,602,095

Receivables for the Component Units consist of items totaling \$1,092,926 at June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, the allowance for doubtful accounts was approximately \$119,000.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

B. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Contractual rights and related obligations:

During the year ended June 30, 2004 the City acquired the contractual right to receive approximately \$1,000,000 per year for seven years in monthly installments. At the same time, the City contracted to pay \$1,000,000 per year annually for seven years to an unrelated governmental entity. No interest was specified in either contract. This receivable and related payable has been discounted at 4.75% (prime rate at the date of the transaction).

C. MORTGAGE NOTES RECEIVABLE AND REVOLVING LOAN POOLS

The various mortgage programs involve the Community Development loan programs which are reported in the non-major proprietary funds and certain component units. The various types of loan programs are complex in nature and require specialized accounting methods, including the valuation of notes and mortgages receivable at the lower of cost or market.

Primary government:

Mortgage notes receivable in the various Community Development Revolving Loan programs are evaluated annually and loan loss allowances are applied where appropriate. All mortgages are secured by the property and delinquent mortgages receivable are estimated to be \$1,602,095 as of June 30, 2007.

Component units:

The Columbia Housing Development Corporation (CHDC) has mortgage notes receivable consisting of \$995,196. Mortgage notes receivable consist of loans to individuals under various federal housing lending programs and have various interest rates and maturity dates. The Columbia Housing Development Corporation is considered a real estate development corporation and revenue recognition is applied under the cost recovery method.

The Columbia Development Corporation (CDC) has mortgage notes receivable consisting of \$611,819. Mortgage notes receivable consist of two loans to corporations for the purpose of community development and have various interest rates and maturity dates. The Columbia Development Corporation is considered a community development corporation and revenue recognition is applied under the cost recovery method.

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

		Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Funds:			
General	\$	9,976,216	\$ 0
Water/Sewer Facilities Fund		8,041,275	0
Other Governmental Funds		0	15,172,538
Other Proprietary Funds		0	1,366,195
Internal Service Fund		0	1,478,758
Total	\$ _	18,017,491	\$ 18,017,491
Other Governmental Funds Other Proprietary Funds Internal Service Fund	\$ _	0 0 0	\$ 1,366,1 1,478,7

The outstanding balance between funds results primarily from one of the following time lags: (1) the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and (3) payments between funds are made.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

The interfund transfers at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

		Transfers Out	Transfers <u>In</u>
General	\$	14,942,142	\$ 6,744,189
County Services		1,265,896	46,871
Non major governmental funds		15,224,656	16,461,068
Water/Sewer		10,402,889	0
Parking		1,530,387	0
Internal service funds		0	16,917,469
Non major proprietary fund	_	236,994	3,433,367
	\$	43,602,964	\$ 43,602,964

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from borrowing to the debt service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, 3) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grants programs.

E. OPERATING LEASES

The City is committed under various operating leases for office and copier equipment. Operating lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2007, were \$729,432. Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2008	\$ 729,308
2009	562,305
2010	562,936
2011	517,496
2012	525,156
Total	\$ 2,897,201

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. CAPITAL LEASE

A capital lease is an agreement, which specifies a transfer of benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee. The City has entered into an agreement to lease equipment under this criterion. The funds are being utilized to upgrade the City's telecommunication connection equipment, update computer equipment, and computer software. As of June 30, 2007, the purchase of this equipment has been completed. The cost and net book value of the assets acquired to date is \$4,362,805 and \$2,469,993, respectively. The lease has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The capital lease outstanding as of June 30, 2007, is as follows:

	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Total Balance Outstanding
Various Funds:			
Computer Equipment	2010	2.75%	\$ 2,246,993
			2,246,993

Minimum lease payments at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Amount
2008	\$ _	790,595
2009		790,595
2010	_	790,595
Total		2,371,785
Less: amount representing interest	_	124,792
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ _	2,246,993

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2007, are as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:		Balance June 30, 2006, as restated (Note VI)		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2007
Land	\$	37,601	\$	0	\$ _	0	· s -	37,601
Construction in progress		14,019		30,067		(3,409)		40,677
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	_	51,620	_	30,067	_	(3,409)		78,278
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		157,765		217		(6,087)		151,895
Machinery and equipment		37,912		3,802		(6,906)		34,808
Infrastructure		11,766		1,947		0		13,713
Total capital assets, being depreciated:		207,443	_	5,966		(12,993)	_	200,416
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		(19,615)		(4,689)		184		(24,120)
Machinery and equipment		(24,666)		(3,646)		6,385		(21,927)
Infrastructure		(4,674)		(604)		0		(5,278)
Total accumulated depreciation		(48,955)	_	(8,839)	_	6,569	_	(51,325)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	158,488	_	(2,973)		(6,424)	_	149,091
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	210,108	\$	27,094	\$	(9,833)	\$	227,369

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

G. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type activities:	Balance June 30, 2006, as						Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	restated (Note VI)	Increases			Decreases		June 30, 2007
Land	\$ 21,433	\$ 0	•	. –	0	\$	21,433
Construction in progress	64,136	37,851			(38,892)		63,095
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	85,569	37,851	-		(38,892)		84,528
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	639,418	51,003			0		690,421
Machinery and equipment	27,517	1,394	_		(1,986)		26,925
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	666,935	52,397	-		(1,986)		717,346
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	(217,502)	(16,300)			0		(233,802)
Machinery and equipment	(13,032)	(2,801)			2,450		(13,383)
Total accumulated depreciation	(230,534)	(19,101)		_	2,450		(247,185)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	436,401	33,296	-		464	_	470,161
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 521,970	\$ 71,147	\$	r	(38,428)	\$_	554,689

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 8,839,232
Business-type activities:	
Water/Sewer facilities	\$ 18,169,069
Storm Water facilities	116,195
Parking facilities	461,781
Transportation operations	30,320
Hydro electric plant	323,466
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 19,100,831

Construction commitments as of June 30, 2007 totaled \$54,002,757.

Under the provisions of GASB 34, the City switched from the modified method to the straight line depreciation method of reporting infrastructure during the year ended June 30, 2006. To determine the historical value of the infrastructure, the City used the information provided by the Department of Utilities and Engineering on streets acquired during fiscal years 2003 through 2006. This information provided the street name and the cost or estimated cost of the street at acquisition. These amounts also included sidewalks, curbs, and gutters adjacent to the street acquired. The City determined the life of the streets to be 20 years using the "Capital Assets of Local Governments Suggested Useful Lives". Infrastructure assets acquired prior to 1986 would have been fully depreciated and were not considered in this calculation. For those assets acquired between fiscal years 1986 and 2006, the acquisition date is assumed to have been on the last day of the fiscal year. Infrastructure assets acquired during fiscal year 2007 were depreciated from the date of acquisition.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

H. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City has two approved deferred compensation plans administered by the South Carolina Public Employees Deferred Compensation Commission. Although the City makes no contributions to either plan, employees may elect to participate under either Internal Revenue Service Section 401K or 457. The amount of the deferred compensation is expensed as salaries and a like amount is remitted to the Deferred Compensation Commission. The City owns none of the plan assets and has no liability to its employees.

I. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides post-employment health care benefits, in accordance with City policy, to all employees who retire from the City under early or regular retirement and have been employed by the City for twenty years or more. Currently, 610 retirees meet those requirements. The City pays all premiums for all qualifying retirees. For the year ended June 30, 2007 premiums totaled \$277,506. Retirees paid dependent coverage of \$412,220. Currently, the City is financing the post-employment retirement benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis and expenditures for these insurance premiums are recorded in the General and Water/Sewer Funds.

The following schedule reflects the costs and number of participants in the City's health care program.

	Year Ended June 30, 2007										
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	2005	2004	2003						
Participants:											
Active	2,162	2,069	1,999	2,007	1,927						
Retired	610	514	512	503	487						
Total Employer Claims											
Active	\$10,754,287	\$8,699,735	\$8,430,837	\$7,265,549	\$5,714,607						
Retired	4,909,064	4,683,189	3,400,508	3,168,890	2,516,346						
% of Active Payroll:											
Active	12.73%	10.91%	10.91%	9.71%	8.21%						
Retired	5.81%	5.87%	4.40%	4.24%	3.61%						
Total	<u>18.54%</u>	<u>16.78%</u>	<u>15.31%</u>	<u>13.95%</u>	<u>11.82%</u>						

In June 2004, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) adopted Statements No. 43 and No. 45 which are new accounting and reporting standards for other post-employment benefits (OPEB). OPEB include post-employment benefits such as medical, prescription drug, and dental insurance benefits provided for retired City government employees. Currently, the City funds these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The new standards, which the City will adopt during the year ending June 30, 2008, will require the City to record the annual required cost (ARC) to fund these benefits and disclose in the notes to the basic financial statements the actuarially determined unfunded liability (an estimate of accumulated benefits expected to be paid in future years) along with current costs associated with these benefits. The City currently estimates that the ARC will be from \$10 to \$20 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 and the unfunded liability will be \$50 to \$150 million, depending on interest rate assumption, method of amortization, and any plan changes that the City may decide to make.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Balance 6/30/2006			Balance	Amount
	0/30/2000	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2007	Due in 2008
Governmental activities:					
Notes payable	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 2,313,526	\$ (75,000)	\$ 3,738,526	\$ 75,000
Bond anticipation notes	0	6,600,000	0	6,600,000	6,600,000
General obligation bonds	18,830,000	0	(1,400,000)	17,430,000	1,410,000
Revenue bonds	51,195,000	13,070,000	(2,080,000)	62,185,000	2,175,000
Tax increment bonds	14,245,754	0	(4,004,169)	10,241,585	3,011,903
Unamortized bond premiums	2,975,705	0	(135,099)	2,840,606	0
Capital lease payable	2,956,233	0	(709,240)	2,246,993	728,758
Compensated absences	5,540,689	6,546,868	(5,540,689)	6,546,868	1,258,320
Total governmental activities	97,243,381	28,530,394	(13,944,197)	111,829,578	15,258,981
Business-type activities:					
Notes payable	1,140,000	0	(620,000)	520,000	45,000
Revenue bonds	204,380,000	0	(9,735,000)	194,645,000	10,605,000
Contracts payable	3,566,640	0	(830,585)	2,736,055	870,039
Unamortized premium	2,396,414	0	(2,809)	2,393,605	0
Compensated absences	1,618,153	1,733,930	(1,618,153)	1,733,930	346,786
Total business-type activities	213,101,207	1,733,930	(12,806,547)	202,028,590	11,866,825
Total all long-term debt	\$ 310,344,588	\$ 30,264,324	\$ (26,750,744)	\$ 313,858,168	\$ 27,125,806

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$255,269 of internal service funds compensated absences is included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. The City has complied in all material respects with the bond covenants as outlined in each issue's indenture.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding debt of the City as of June 30, 2007, including interest payments of \$30,453,199, but excluding accrued vacation payable, are as follows:

Governmental activities:

Note Payable	\$ 75,000	145,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	2,258,526	375,000	300,000	0	\$ 3,738,526			Total Interest	\$ 3,875,197	3,237,891	2,991,160	2,813,209	2,561,265	9,891,159	4,666,003	417,315	0	\$30,453,199
Interest	402,497	250,896	162,960	153,856	85,888	24,146	0	0	0	1,080,243		Total	Principal	14,000,661	8,264,168	5,318,461	4,773,144	7,872,612	23,568,059	27,220,000	8,085,000	3,340,000	102,442,105
	€>									69				•∽									∽ .
Tax Increment Bonds	3,011,903	3,350,354	189,040	198,144	3,132,612	359,533	0	0	0	10,241,585			Interest	61,837	41,782	21,174	0	0	0	0	0	0	124,793
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Interest	2,332,905	2,244,205	2,167,768	2,090,205	1,979,205	7,972,375	3,898,263	417,315	0	23,102,241			Capital Lease	728,758	748,814	769,421	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,246,993
	∽									ı ↔				ا ⊶									⇔
Revenue Bonds	2,175,000	2,500,000	2,635,000	2,730,000	2,885,000	16,685,000	21,450,000	7,785,000	3,340,000	62,185,000			Interest	320,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	320,700
	∽									↔			1	<i>⇔</i>									⇔
Interest	757,258	701,008	639,258	569,148	496,172	1,781,712	767,740	0	0	5,712,296	General Obligation Bond	Anticipation	Notes	6,600,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,600,000
:01	↔									⇔				⊱ 9									S II
General Obligation Bonds	1,410,000	1,520,000	1,530,000	1,650,000	1,660,000	4,265,000	5,395,000	0	0	17,430,000		Note Payable	Interest	0	0	0	0	0	112,926	0	0	0	112,926
Year Ending June 30,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013-2017	2018-2022	2023-2027	2028-2032	↔	Year	Ending	June 30,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013-2017	2018-2022	2023-2027	2028-2032	S

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Business-type activities

Year							
Ending	R	levenue Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Note Payable	Note Payable	Total	
June 30,		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Total Interest
2008 \$		10,605,000	\$ 9,848,825	\$ 45,000	\$ 698	\$ 10,650,000	\$ 9,849,523
2009		11,190,000	9,269,305	25,000	356	11,215,000	9,269,661
2010		11,795,000	8,671,434	25,000	356	11,820,000	8,671,790
2011		12,450,000	8,009,798	425,000	6,037	12,875,000	8,015,835
2012		13,070,000	7,384,425	0	0	13,070,000	7,384,425
2013-2017		25,975,000	31,029,601	0	0	25,975,000	31,029,601
2018-2022		31,155,000	24,051,058	0	0	31,155,000	24,051,058
2023-2027		35,640,000	16,037,890	0	0	35,640,000	16,037,890
2028-2032		29,055,000	6,904,282	0	0	29,055,000	6,904,282
2033-2037		13,710,000	2,123,500	0	0	13,710,000	2,123,500
\$		194,645,000	\$ 123,330,117	\$ 520,000	\$ 7,447	\$ 195,165,000	\$ 123,337,564

Notes Payable

Governmental Activities:

\$1,500,000 note secured for development costs for Drew Wellness Center.

Annual principal installments of \$75,000

through August 14, 2026

Interest rate: 0.0% \$ 1,425,000

\$2,313,526 note secured for the construction of a 1,450 parking space parking deck for Innovista

Annual principal installments of \$5,000 to \$15,000

through March 1, 2017

Interest rate: Adjusted LIBOR rate (5.4048%)

Maximum draw amount: \$5,185,000

2,313,526

Total Governmental Activities Notes Payable

\$ 3,738,526

Business-type Activities:

\$180,000 HUD 108 note, Series 1999-A

Annual principal installments of \$20,000

through August 1, 2007

Interest rate: 4.61%

\$ 20,000

\$180,000 HUD 108 note, Series 1999-A

Annual principal installments of \$25,000 to \$425,000

through August 1, 2010

Interest rate: 5.56%

500,000

Total Business-type Activities Notes Payable

\$ 520,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

In February of 2007, the City created the Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation (the Corporation), a blended component unit, and entered into an agreement with Richland County and the University of South Carolina (the University), related to the construction and operations of two parking garages. These garages are part of the University's development of a research campus known as Innovista. Under this agreement, the City agreed to issue \$7,750,000 in bond anticipation notes (BANS), of which \$6,600,000 were issued, to fund a portion of the construction costs of the first garage. Richland County agreed to issue the same amount of bond anticipation notes to assist in the funding of the first garage, with the remainder of the costs coming from resources of the University. In December of 2007, the City issued general obligation bonds (see Subsequent Events footnote) and retired the bond anticipation notes.

Under this agreement, the City owns the garage and the cost of the garage is included on the governmental activities statement of net assets. Under the operating agreement, the University has agreed to operate the garage, and the revenues related to the garage are remitted to the City and Richland County for the retirement of the debt.

Governmental Activities:

General Obligation Bonds

\$3,760,000 City of Columbia General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Series

Annual principal installment of \$3,760,000

through December 12, 2007

Interest rate: 4.375% \$ 3,760,000

\$2,840,000 City of Columbia General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes,

Series 2006B

Annual principal installment of \$2,840,000

through December 12, 2007

Interest rate: 5.5% 2,840,000

6,600,000

Total General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes

=

The City has issued General Obligation Bonds to fund building programs of the City and also to refinance debt issued to fund parking facilities. The City has complete liability for the retirement of these obligations. Principal payments on all bonds are due annually and interest is due semi-annually.

The South Carolina Constitution limits local unit borrowing power to 8 percent of its assessed property value. The limitation excludes bonded indebtedness existing prior to December 1, 1977, (date of the Constitutional Amendment), certain special levies assessed on properties located in an area receiving special benefits, and other prescribed indebtedness approved by the voters.

In accordance with Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Sections 1.103-13 to 1.103-15 of the related Treasury Regulations, the City must rebate to the federal government "arbitrage profits" earned on governmental bonds issued after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage profits are the excess of the amount earned on investments over the interest paid on the borrowings, if any.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2007, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

\$9,400,000 City of Columbia General Obligation Bonds, Series 1998A

Proceeds for: Refund Series 1991A General Obligation Bonds

Annual Principal Installments of \$770,000 to \$930,000

through February 1, 2012 Interest Rate: 4.3 to 6.0 %

\$ 4,310,000

\$15,500,000 City of Columbia General Obligation Bonds, Series 2002

Proceeds for: Infrastructure improvements, acquisition of land, Annual Principal Installments of \$575,000 to \$1,190,000

through June 1, 2022

Interest Rate: 2.75 to 4.625 %

13,120,000

Total Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds

\$ 17,430,000

Special District Debt

Title 31, Chapter 6 of the South Carolina Code of Laws allows municipalities to redevelop deteriorating areas using incremental tax revenues from property owners located in those areas. In order to finance the development of the Congaree Vista area, the City issued bonds, which are repaid from the incremental taxes of property owners in that neighborhood. The Water and Sewer Facilities Fund revenues are pledged as a junior lien to secure this Special District Tax Increment Debt.

Special District Debt Outstanding at June 30, 2007 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:

\$2,350,000 Tax Increment Bonds Series of 1999

Annual principal installments of \$159,000 to \$205,297

through March 15, 2014

Interest rate 4.75%

\$ 1,306,585

\$25,000,000 Tax Increment Bonds Series of 2001

Annual principal installments of \$1,500,000 to \$3,300,000

through December 1, 2011

Interest rate 2.75% to 5.0%

8,935,000

Total Government Activities Special District Debt

\$ 10,241,585

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are special obligations of the City payable from revenues derived from certain operations. The City's revenue bond ordinances stipulate that the City maintain certain debt service, operations, and renewal and replacement funds.

The second Innovista garage is being funded by the issuance of \$13,070,000 tax-exempt South Carolina Jobs-Economic Development Authority Revenue Bonds, Series 2007. The City, through the Corporation, has ownership of the second garage. This garage is included on the governmental activities statement of net assets. This garage is operated by the University, and the revenues from the garage are remitted to the Corporation to retire the debt. Interest payments for these bonds began on April 1, 2007. The principal balances of these bonds are payable in monthly installments beginning September 1, 2008, together with interest on the unpaid balance, with a final payment of all principal and interest, due and payable in full on March 1, 2031. Interest is at a rate per annum equal to 95% of the LIBOR Rate, which was 5.4048% at June 30, 2007.

An additional \$5,185,000 taxable (based on percent of garage used for private purposes) construction and term loan was made to the Corporation by a bank for the second garage that enables the Corporation to draw down proceeds from the loan as needed during the construction of the second garage. The principal balance and any accrued interest are due in full on March 1, 2017. Interest is payable at an adjusted LIBOR rate, which is a rate of interest per annum equal to the One Month Libor plus 1.5% per year. This rate is adjusted monthly on the first day of each month for each LIBOR interest period (5.4048%, at June 30, 2007). At June 30, 2007, \$2,313,526 was outstanding on the term loan.

In the event of foreclosure of this debt, no judgment for any deficiency upon the indebtedness will be sought or obtained by the bank against the City.

Revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2007 are as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>:

\$19,365,000 Certificates of Participation Hospitality Bond 2004

Payable from revenues derived by the City from hospitality taxes Annual principal installments of \$680,000 to \$1,495,000

through February 1, 2025

Interest rate: 3.75 to 5.25% \$ 18,265,000

\$36,570,000 Certificates of Participation Convention Center Bond 2002

Payable from revenues derived by the City from tourism development fees

Annual principal installments of \$1,305,000 to \$2,810,000

through June 1, 2022

Interest rate: 2.0 to 5.25% 30,850,000

\$13,070,000 South Carolina Jobs-Economic Development Authority Bond 2007

Payable from revenues derived by the City from operation of the garage

Annual principal installments of \$250,000 to \$920,000

through March 1, 2031

Interest rate: Rate per annum equal to 95% of LIBOR

13,070,000

Total Government Activities Revenue Bonds

\$ 62,185,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Business-type Activities:

Parking Facilities Fund:

\$8,605,000 Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1994

Payable from revenues derived by the City from operation of off-street and

on-street parking facilities.

Proceeds for: Refund Series 1987 Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds

Annual principal installments of \$265,000 to \$680,000

through December 1, 2013

Interest rate: 3.2 to 5.875% \$ 4,050,000

\$39,895,000 Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A

Payable from revenues derived by the City from operation of off-street and

on-street parking facilities.

Proceeds for: Expand City parking facilities.

Annual principal installments of \$1,240,000 to \$3,015,000

through February 1, 2037

Interest rate: 4.375 to 5.0% 39,895,000

\$5,380,000 Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B

Payable from revenues derived by the City from operation of off-street and

on-street parking facilities.

Proceeds for: Expand City parking facilities.

Annual principal installments of \$255,000 to \$1,120,000

through February 1, 2017 Interest rate: 4.88 to 5.2%

5,380,000

Total Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds

49,325,000

Water and Sewer Fund:

\$74,765,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1993

Payable from revenues derived from the City's water and sewer system.

Proceeds for: Refunding all Series 1989 (\$31,984,646) and all allocated 1991 Series (\$34,935,000 in May 1993)

Annual principal installments of \$960,000 to \$8,590,000

through February 1, 2012

Interest rate: 3.5 to 5.7% 38,710,000

\$61,125,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1999

Payable from revenues derived from the City's water and sewer system.

Proceeds for: Cost of improvements to the System

Annual principal installments of \$255,000 to \$1,120,000

through February 1, 2010

Interest rate: 3.6 to 6.0% 8,635,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

\$41,500,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001

Payable from revenues derived by the City's water and sewer system. Proceeds for: Refunding portion of Series 1991 (\$3,370,000 and portion of

Proceeds for: Refunding portion of Series 1991 (\$3,370,000 and portion of Series 1991)

Series 1999 (\$36,045,000)

Annual principal installments of \$210,000 to \$4,985,000

through February 1, 2019 Interest rate: 3.375 to 5.5%

interest rate. 5.575 to 5.570

\$60,000,000 Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005

Payable from revenues derived by the City's water and sewer system.

Proceeds for: Cost of improvements to the System

Annual principal installments of \$4,655,000 to \$6,385,000

through February 1, 2030 Interest rate: 3.6 to 5.0%

60,000,000

\$ 37,975,000

Total Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

145,320,000

Total Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds

\$194,645,000

Defeasance Debt:

In prior years, the City defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On June 30, 2007, revenue bonds outstanding, considered defeased in previous years, are approximately \$45,000,000 in the Water and Sewer Facilities Fund.

Conduit Debt:

Resolution 2006-027 passed June 28, 2006 was issued in support of the issuance of not exceeding \$4,500,000 in revenue bonds by JEDA for the Palmetto Health Foundation Project. While the City is not obligated for the repayment of conduit type debt, disclosure is required in the notes to the financial statements. As of June 30, 2007, the balance of this conduit debt was \$4,150,850.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

IV. PENSION PLANS

The City's retirement plans are as follows:

Description of Plans

As a condition of employment, all eligible City employees are required to participate in a pension plan. All firemen and law enforcement officers must belong to the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System (SCPORS). All other eligible employees must belong to the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS). Both plans are a cost-sharing multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) administered by the Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board. Retirement costs are funded by withholding from the employees' salaries, and by a contribution from the City of a percentage of the employees' salaries. Both Retirement Systems are administered by the South Carolina Retirement System, which is a state agency. The City has no fiduciary responsibility for or further liability for either of the retirement plans beyond their current contributions, except as noted below, which are established to fund prior year's liabilities. A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System and Police Officers Retirement System is issued and publicly available by writing the South Carolina Retirement System, Post Office Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960.

Basic Provisions

Benefit provisions are established under the authority of Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under current statutes pertaining to the SCRS, member employees who retire at age 65 or after 28 years of credited service are entitled to an annual full service retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 1.82 percent of the average final compensation (average compensation over the last three years of credited service) times years of credited service. A member with at least 25 years of credited service who terminates employment may continue to pay employee and employer contributions until 28 years of credited service credit is reached. The contributions will be made through the most recent employer on a regular basis and remitted to the South Carolina Retirement System.

Under current statutes pertaining to the SCPORS, member employees who retire at age 65 or after 25 years of credited service are entitled to an annual full service retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2.14 percent of average final compensation times years of credited service.

Member employees who are at least 60 years of age may elect early retirement in which case the full service benefit is reduced by 5 percent for each year the employee's age at retirement is less than 65. In either case, any unrecovered contributions are payable upon death and cost of living adjustments are evaluated annually on an ad hoc basis. Full service or early retirees may elect other optional methods of benefit distributions, including lump sum distributions, benefit levels coordinated with the retiree's social security benefits and distributions to a named beneficiary. Benefits are fully vested on reaching 5 years of service. The SCRS and SCPORS also provide life insurance, survivor and disability benefits to all member employees.

Funding Policy

South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS)

From July 1, 1988 – June 30, 2005 employees participating in the SCRS were required to contribute 6 percent of eligible compensation. Effective July 1, 2006 the employee the employee contribution rate increased to 6.50 percent of eligible compensation. Effective July 1, 2006, the employer contribution rate was 10.95 percent which includes a 3.25 percent surcharge to fund retiree health and dental insurance coverage. Contributions to SCRS for the years ending June 30, 2005, 2006 and 2007 were \$3,220,311, \$3,720,731 and \$4,151,122, respectively equal to the actuarially required contributions for each year.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

IV. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Funding Policy (continued)

Police Officers Retirement System (SCPORS)

Since July 1, 1988, employees participating in the PORS have been required to contribute 6.5 percent of all compensation. Effective July 1, 2004, the employer contribution rate became 13.55 percent which, as for the SCRS, included a 3.25 percent surcharge. Contributions to SCPORS for the years ending June 30, 2005, 2006 and 2007 were \$3,135,162, \$3,246,568, and \$3,475,682, respectively, equal to the actuarially required contribution rates for each year.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB has issued Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures." This statement more closely aligns the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those for other postemployment benefits. The requirements of the new statement become effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2007.

V. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Federal Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to insure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement that may arise as the result of audits of grant funds is not believed by City officials to be material.

Litigation

The City is a party to legal proceedings that normally occur in government operations. The City is involved in unresolved legal actions concerning the procurement of construction contracts and other matters. The City believes its positions are meritorious and is vigorously defending its positions. In the event of an unfavorable outcome, the City's range of potential liability is \$780,097 to \$8,766,485. The City's estimate of ultimate loss has been recorded as a liability in the Risk Management Fund financial statements (Note II. D).

Central Midlands Regional Transit Authority ("CMRTA")

In 2002, the City entered into a conveyance agreement with South Carolina Electric & Gas Company ("SCE&G"). The basic premise of this agreement was to convey the operations of the CMRTA from SCE&G to the direction of the City. The CMRTA was established in October 2002, and is committed to providing safe, dependable and accessible public transit service to the heart of the Midlands, including Columbia, Cayce, West Columbia, Forest Acres, Arcadia Lakes, Springdale and the St. Andrews area. Under the conveyance agreement SCE&G agreed to transfer funds of \$15,000,000 and \$17,290,000, both under installment agreements, to the City. The City then entered into an agreement with CMRTA to transfer these SCE&G payments to the CMRTA. In addition to transferring the SCE&G funds to the CMRTA, the City also made the following commitments:

- 1. The City agreed to pay CMRTA the amount of \$1,000,000 annually on each October 1 beginning October 1, 2003; provided, however, that if a dedicated tax or dedicated source of revenue is approved to provide funds for the operation of transit services, the City's obligation under this Section shall cease on the first anniversary of the approval of the dedicated source of revenue. As of June 30, 2007, this has not occurred.
- 2. The City agreed to transfer to the CMRTA on the effective date all amounts budgeted by the City but unspent for all expenses related to the trolley service for fiscal year 2002/2003. Thereafter, the City shall pay the CMRTA the amount of \$90,000 as verified by the current budget for the fiscal year 2002/2003 annually for seven years on each October 1 beginning October 1, 2003; however, that if a dedicated tax or dedicated source of revenue is approved to provide funds for the operation of transit services, the City's obligation under this Section shall cease on the first anniversary of the approval of the dedicated source of revenue. As of June 30, 2007, this has not occurred.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

V. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Central Midlands Regional Transit Authority ("CMRTA") (Continued)

Also in connection with the conveyance of the CMRTA to the City, the City will receive approximately 5.8 acres of land associated with an old bus barn held by SCE&G. The City estimates that the value of the property is approximately \$4 million, although an appraisal has not been performed. The City plans to sell this land to developers once it is turned over.

Agreement with Columbia Housing Authority ("CHA")

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the City entered into an agreement to provide approximately \$4.7 million to the CHA to construct infrastructure assets for the Rosewood Hills Subdivision. These funds are paid out of the City's Water and Sewer and Storm Water Funds. As of June 30, 2007, the City had spent approximately \$1.8 million under the agreement. At the end of the project, the infrastructure assets will be donated back to the City for continuing maintenance.

VI. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the City performed a physical inventory of its capital assets in all of its funds. In addition, during the year ended June 30, 2007, the City identified certain amounts that were recorded as due from Federal government at June 30, 2006, that should not have been recorded as receivables. As a result, the following adjustments are required to correct net assets at June 30, 2006:

		R	estat	ement	
	Net Assets June 30, 2006	Capital Assets		Accounts <u>Receivable</u>	Restated Net Assets June 30, 2006
Governmental Activities	\$ 173,193,789	\$ 24,451,253	\$	(3,481,929)	\$ 194,163,113
Business-type activities	508,696,080	(4,584,176)		<u> </u>	504,111,904
General Fund	23,520,462	·		(324,770)	23,195,692
County Services Fund	1,268,557	_		(222,209)	1,046,348
Non-major governmental funds	49,037,820			(3,086,159)	45,951,661
Component Units	16,134,675	(5,093,029)			11,041,646
Water and sewer fund	427,477,204	(8,665,270)		_	418,811,934
Parking fund	23,745,299	4,367,185			28,112,484
Non-major proprietary funds	61,454,787	(286,091)			61,168,696
Internal service funds	6,779,976	(19,315)		_	6,760,661

VII. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to June 30, 2007 the City entered into the following transactions:

On September 19, 2007, the City passed an ordinance for the issuance and sale of City of Columbia, South Carolina, Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Bonds (\$105,000,000), General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A (\$9,085,000), and General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series 2007B (\$3,050,000). Two forward starting swap agreements were also approved (\$13,070,000 and \$5,185,000).

On October 17, 2007, the City committed up to \$4.5 million to the Allen Benedict Court Hope VI Project for infrastructure cost.

On October 17, 2007, the City approved a project for the construction of a 2.0 MG elevated water storage tank on Rimer Pond Road in the amount of \$4,291,000.

On October 17, 2007, the City approved a construction project for the Lincoln Street Parking Garage in the amount of \$10,990,386.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

VII. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

On February 20, 2008, the City approved Project North Main Street Streetscape in the amount of \$12,973,447.

On March 5, 2008, the City approved Project Main Street Beautification Phase II in the amount of \$4,681,256.

The Tax Increment District Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction and development of parks and infrastructure, within the Congaree Vista Redevelopment District, and is funded by tax increment district property tax revenues. This fund is the result of an agreement made in 1999 between the City and Richland County. During 2007, a dispute arose between the City and the Council regarding the agreement.

On November 12, 2007, the dispute was resolved and the parties entered into an agreement whereby the County agreed to continue to escrow all ad valorem tax revenues received in the Vista TIF District through the effective date of December 31, 2007, and thereafter, direct that all funds being held in escrow (including interest earnings) pursuant to the 2007 agreement by the Richland County Treasurer be released to the City. In addition, the County released the City from any and all liability for any claims arising from the original agreement. In January of 2008 the original TIF agreement was ended and the City paid off the TIF bonds balance of \$5.11 million. Thus, the Tax Increment District Capital Projects Fund ceased to exist, and the remaining fund balance was transferred to the general capital projects fund.

On December 4, 2008, the City of Columbia's Metro Wastewater Treatment Plant was served with a search warrant obtained by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control and the United States Environmental Protection Agency. Computer and hard copies of various records were seized by these agencies. The search warrant alleged that the City had, since 2005, discharged untreated wastewater into the Congaree River and that certain required testing had been manipulated to conceal the discharges. The allegations are currently being investigated and no criminal charges have been filed at this time. The matter is being investigated by management and legal counsel. It is too early in the investigation to determine whether or not the City will prevail, and the financial impact, if any, is not determinable.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," which provides guidance on how to calculate and report the costs and obligations with pollution cleanup efforts. The requirements of the new statement become effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2007.

VIII. INTEREST RATE SWAP AGREEMENTS

To hedge exposure to rising interest rates the Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation ("The Corporation") entered into two variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements related to \$13,070,000 and \$5,185,000 of Series 2007 South Carolina Jobs-Economic Development Authority Bonds. The agreements were entered into in February 2007 and were effective on February 23, 2007 and March 1, 2007, respectively. The purpose of the swaps was to effectively change the variable rate bonds to fixed rate bonds.

The Series 2007 bonds and related swap agreements mature on March 1, 2017. The notional amounts of the swaps equal the principal amounts of the associated bonds and decrease simultaneously with the reduction in the principal amounts of the associated bonds. As of June 30, 2007, the notional amounts were \$13,070,000 and \$5,185,000.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007

VIII. INTEREST RATE SWAP AGREEMENTS (Continued)

In order to mitigate credit risks, the Corporation diversified its exposure by entering into the swaps with high quality counterparties. The objective of the swaps is to enhance savings to the Corporation from the issuance of the Bonds and to offset changes on tax-exempt variable interest rates applicable to those bonds. The swaps provides for payment by the Corporation of a 5.085% and 6.815% fixed rate on a notional amount, having an amortization schedule equal to that of the bonds. In return, the respective swaps counterparties will pay the Corporation a variable rate equal to 95% of the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) on such notional amount. At June 30, 2007, 95% of LIBOR was 5.054%. As a result of these hedge transactions, the payments received by the Corporation from the counterparties pursuant to the swaps are expected to approximate the interest payment on the bonds, which are based on an auction rate, resulting in net fixed rate debt service. Because the variable interest rates paid by the Corporation and paid to the Corporation are based on different indexes, the Corporation is exposed to basis risk. There can be no assurance that the actual payments received by the City from the counterparties will match the actual interest payments.

The obligation of the Corporation to make regularly scheduled payments under the swaps ranks on a parity basis with the Corporation's obligation to make debt service payments on its outstanding bonds. Under certain circumstances, the swaps are subject to termination prior to their respective scheduled expiration dates and prior to the maturity of the bonds to which each such swaps relates, in which event the Corporation may be obligated to make a substantial payment to the respective counterparty ("Termination Payments"). The obligation of the Corporation to make any termination payments under the swaps is junior and subordinate to the obligation to make debt service payments on bonds. Under the swaps, the counterparties have certain limited rights to consent to modifications to the master resolution, which modifications would affect the rights of the counterparties under the swaps. To minimize credit or repayment risk, the swap agreements contain varying collateral agreements with the counterparties. The swaps require collateralization of the fair value of the swaps should the counterparty's credit rating fall below the applicable thresholds. During fiscal year 2007, the Corporation made no variable bond interest payments and fixed rate payments on the swap. The Corporation also did not receive variable swap payments. The mark to market value of the swaps was \$114,904 and \$64,674 at June 30, 2007, respectively.

The Corporation paid a fee of \$47,500 when the swaps were initiated.

Debt service payments on the Bonds are disclosed in Note III. J.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City that accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

				20	007			
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	38,499,400	\$	41,223,854	\$	41,223,854	\$	0
License and permits		26,553,216		31,162,106		31,162,106		0
Intergovernmental revenue		8,710,820		9,879,961		9,879,961		0
Charges for services		6,492,877		6,859,711		6,859,711		0
Fines and forfeitures		981,000		786,187		786,187		0
Revenues from use of money and property Other revenues		847,500		833,745		833,745		0
Cost recovery fees		241,300		557,992		557,992		0
Cost recovery rees	_	3,200,000	_	3,200,000		3,200,000	_	<u>U</u>
Total revenues		85,526,113		94,503,556		94,503,556		0
EXPENDITURES								
Current		F 670 600		4 020 462		4 000 400		•
General government Judicial		5,672,620 2,092,715		4,932,163		4,932,163		0
Finance department		1,467,775		1,874,399 1,747,050		1,874,399 1,747,050		0
Community development		3,561,691		3,249,126		3,249,126		0
Public safety		45,477,662		42,204,028		42,204,028		Ö
Parks and recreation		9,364,721		8,943,182		8,943,182		Ö
Public services		17,634,403		17,068,283		17,068,283		0
General services		3,665,146		3,221,626		3,221,626		0
Community promotion		200,000		542,106		542,106		0
Nondepartmental	_	1,913,582		1,779,233		1,994,233		(215,000)
Total expenditures		91,050,315		85,561,196		85,776,196		(215,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	_	(5,524,202)		8,942,360	_	8,727,360		(215,000)
OTHER PINANCING COMPOSE (HOSE)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in		9.325,000		6,744,189		6 744 490		0
Operating transfers in		(3,800,798)		(15,157,142)		6,744,189 (14,942,142)		215,000
Operating transfers (out)		(3,000,730)		(13,131,142)	_	(14,342,142)	_	213,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,524,202		(8,412,953)		(8,197,953)		215,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		0		529,407		529,407		0
Fund balance-beginning, as restated		23,195,692		23,195,692	_	23,195,692		0
For Halland and the		00.407.005						_
Fund balance- ending	\$	23,195,692	\$	23,725,099	\$	23,725,099	\$	0

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	-		 20	07	
		Original	Final		
		Budget	 Budget	Actual	 Variance
REVENUES	trock!	**************************************	 The Management of the State of		
General property taxes					
General property taxes - current	\$	33,872,500	\$ 36,184,042 \$		0
General property taxes - prior		1,400,000	1,008,169	1,008,169	0
Real estate tax - Lexington County - current		1,500,000	2,201,888	2,201,888	0
Personal tax - Lexington County - current		25,000	12,760	12,760	0
Personal tax - Lexington County - prior		9,000	3,575	3,575	0
Homestead exemption		950,000	1,043,458	1,043,458	0
Payment in lieu of taxes		40,000	55,498	55,498	0
Merchants inventory tax	_	702,900	 714,464	714,464	
Total general property taxes		38,499,400	 41,223,854	41,223,854	 0
License and permits					
Business license		7,500,000	7,866,311	7,866,311	0
Business license - Telecommunications		1,750,000	1,404,498	1,404,498	0
Business license insurance		9,700,000	10,446,086	10,446,086	0
Delinquent business license		800,000	1,103,377	1,103,377	0
Delinquent business license - prior year		95,000	89,813	89,813	0
Business license franchise fees		4,900,000	8,025,753	8,025,753	0
Franchise fees - vendors		600	300	300	0
Audited license fees		40,000	57,177	57,177	0
Arts and craft permits		1,250 850	1,830 1,008	1,830 1,008	0
New business list sales Business license ordinance sales		50	1,008	1,000	ő
Business license ordinance sales Business license contractor's decals		23,000	22.855	22,855	Ŏ
Group event license/permit		7,000	5,040	5,040	ŏ
Building permits		1,200,000	1.448.698	1,448,698	Ŏ
Electrical permits		140,000	166,947	166,947	Ō
Plumbing permits		66,000	90,468	90,468	0
Gas permits		16,000	12,811	12,811	0
Sign permits		13,000	29,446	29,446	0
Heat permits		110.000	145,025	145,025	0
Zoning permits		65,000	60,317	60,317	0
Dog license		46,000	35,968	35,968	0
Chauffeur license		4,466	4,475	4,475	0
Other miscellaneous - business		75,000	141,823	141,823	0
Other miscellaneous - non business		0	 2,080	2,080	 0
Total license and permits	_	26,553,216	 31,162,106	31,162,106	 0
Intergovernmental revenues					
State shared		3,130,000	3,435,403	3,435,403	0
Miscellaneous tax collected		10,000	0	0	0
SC Motor fuel tax reimbursement		0	7,715	7,715	0
Highway signal maintenance		330,820	320,930	320,930	0
Donated funds recreation		0	1,055	1,055	0
Fire Rebate - Richland County	-	5,240,000	 6,114,858	6,114,858	 0
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	8,710,820	 9,879,961	9,879,961	 00

(Continued) CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES & OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	-	The second secon	 	2007			
		Original	Final	2001			
		Budget	 Budget		Actual		Variance
Charges for services				_		_	_
Trade publication renewals	\$	8,000	\$ 8,302	\$	8,302	\$	0
Return check service charges		2,000	1,878		1,878		0
Regulation code books		1,000	340		340		0
Duplicated business licenses		300	385		385		Ō
Project work		5,000	5,930		5,930		0
Compost sales		5,000	9,371		9,371		0
Recycling sales		85,000	82,852		82,852		0
Solid waste disposal fees		18,000	15,780		15,780		0
Roll cart replacement fees		0	3,041		3,041		0
Commercial bulk container collection		2,000	0		0		0
Commercial bulk container disposal		400,000	377,175		377,175		0
Commercial roll cart disposal		59,000	47,369		47,369		0
Eleemosynary bulk container collection		46,000	45,054		45,054		0
Eleemosynary bulk container disposal		50,000	44,204		44,204		0
Eleemosynary roll cart collection		35,000	31,609		31,609		0
Eleemosynary roll cart disposal		10,000	7,833		7,833		0
Eleemosynary homeowner collection		10,000	8,800		8,800		0
Eleemosynary homeowner disposal		2,500	2,181		2,181		0
Six night service disposal		23,000	18,792		18,792		0
Tree and forestry lot clearance fees		0	45,520		45,520		0
Demolition charges		60,000	13,383		13,383		0
Animal shelter fees		285,000	275,019		275,019		0
Employee animal clinic fees		2,100	766		766		0
Hydrants fees		4,800,000	5,168,852		5,168,852		0
Police accident report copies		16,082	27,442		27,442		0
Reimbursement police services		. 0	1,960		1,960		Ō
False fire alarm charges		10,000	8,200		8,200		Ō
Maxcy Gregg admissions fees		23,000	22,958		22,958		Ō
Drew Park admissions fees		302,380	391,633		391,633		0
Greenview pool admissions fees		8,000	16,278		16,278		0
Recreation athletics		53,500	43,928		43,928		0
Tennis court fees		42,000	42,481		42,481		0
Golf Center		22,640	13,199		13,199		0
Other parks/recreation fees		106,375	 77,196		77,196	_	0
Total charges for services	_	6,492,877	 6,859,711		6,859,711		0

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	•			200	7		
		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance
Fines and forfeitures	CORE	Buuget		Daaget	Actual		Variance
Criminal court fines	\$	193,194	\$	144,896 \$	144,896	\$	0
Traffic court fines		757,306		583,854	583,854		0
Bond forfeiture from county courts		15,000		0	0		0
Late Fees		0		672	672		0
Uniform ordinance inspections Uniform ordinance animal control		0		14,343 15,998	14,343 15,998		0
Uniform ordinance business license		0		23,451	23,451		0
Uniform ordinance fire department		0		2,973	2,973		0
Fines - miscellaneous		15,500		2,313	0	_	0
Total fines and forfeitures	_	981,000	_	786,187	786,187	_	0
Revenues from use of money and property							
Interest on investments general		700,000		628,497	628,497		0
Interest gain/loss cost /market		100,000		194,063	194,063		0
Interest - Lexington County tax collections		5,000		8,685	8,685		0
Rents and Royalties	_	42,500	_	2,500	2,500	_	0
Total revenues from use of money and property	_	847,500	_	833,745	833,745	_	0
Other revenues							
Miscellaneous revenue		111,300		386,583	386,583		0
Reimbursement property damage		5,000		4,517	4,517		. 0
Collection agency		5,000		4,180	4,180		0
Police revolvers		5,000		0	0		0
Community Development Week Auction sales		445,000		21,845 140.593	21,845 140,593		0
Donations	•	115,000 0	_	274	274	_	0
Total other revenues		241,300	_	557,992	557,992	_	0
Cost recovery fees	_	3,200,000		3,200,000	3,200,000	_	0
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers from other funds							
Water and sewer operating		4,500,000		4,500,000	4,500,000		0
Parking operating		1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000		0
Accommodations/Hospitality		825,000		1,244,189	1,244,189		0
Unappropriated surplus transfer	_	3,000,000	_	0	0	_	0
Total transfers from other funds		9,325,000	_	6,744,189	6,744,189	_	0
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$_	94,851,113	\$_	101,247,745 \$	101,247,745	\$_	0

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Name and the state of the state			
	0.1.1.1	2007		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES		/		······································
General Government				
Legislative				
Personnel services \$	262,161 \$	264,026 \$	264,026	\$ 0
Supplies	22,250	15,269	15,269	0
Other services and charges	148,221	122,522	122,522	0
Total Legislative	432,632	401,817	401,817	0
Executive/Administration				
Personnel services	2,017,740	1,905,300	1,905,300	0
Supplies	144,509	58,560	58,560	0
Other services and charges	480,281	362,712	362,712	0
Capital outlay	48,000	28,064	28,064	0
Special events	0	36	36	0
Total Executive/Administration	2,690,530	2,354,674	2,354,674	0
Human Resources and Training				
Personnel services	648,151	654,026	654,026	0
Supplies	50,362	30,782	30,782	0
Other services and charges	76,494	53,833	53,833	0
Capital outlay	2,300	2,307	2,307	0
Total Human Resources and Training	777,307	740,948	740,948	0
Legal Personnel services	804,251	640,534	640,534	0
Supplies	60,625	47,376	47,376	0
Other services and charges	482,240	346,231	346,231	0
Capital outlay	27,000	48,675	48,675	0
Total Legal	1,374,116	1,082,816	1,082,816	0
Public Information				
Personnel services	242,855	238,346	238,346	0
Supplies	68,980	68,483	68,483	0
Other services and charges	86,200	40,271	40,271	0
Capital outlay	0	4,808	4,808	0
Total public information	398,035	351,908	351,908	0
Total General Government	5,672,620	4,932,163	4,932,163	0
Judicial				
Municipal Court				
Personnel services	1,854,824	1,741,169	1,741,169	0
Supplies	74,893	51,035	51,035	0
Other services and charges	142,998	77,865	77,865	0
Capital outlay	20,000	4,330	4,330	0
Total Municipal Court	2,092,715	1,874,399	1,874,399	0
Total Judicial	2,092,715	1,874,399	1,874,399	0
Finance Department:				
Administration				
Personnel services	256,814	235,180	235,180	0
Supplies	3,770	4,764	4,764	0
Other services and charges	2,985	137,521	137,521	0
Special events		55	55	0
Total Administration	263,569	377,520	377,520	0

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

			The state of the s	
	Original	2007 Final		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Accounting				
	\$ 494,858 \$	684,305 \$	· ·	0
Supplies	19,850	37,507	37,507	0
Other services and charges	44,100	11,573	11,573	0
Total Accounting	558,808	733,385	733,385	0
Business License				
Personnel services	568,799	563,305	563,305	0
Supplies	24,288	22,107	22,107	0
Other services and charges	22,311	24,007	24,007	0
Capital outlay	30,000	26,726	26,726	0
Total Business License	645,398	636,145	636,145	0
Total Finance Department	1,467,775	1,747,050	1,747,050	0
Development Services				
Personnel services	2,569,301	2,355,333	2,355,333	0
Supplies	158,600	140,806	140,806	ō
Other services and charges	97,700	100,993	100,993	0
Capital outlay	92,800	52,382	52,382	0
Total Development Services	2,918,401	2,649,514	2,649,514	0
Planning				
Personnel services	465,347	449,184	449,184	0
Supplies	38,550	27,299	27,299	0
Other services and charges	139,393	123,129	123,129	0
Total Planning	643,290	599,612	599,612	0
Total Development Services and Planning	3,561,691	3,249,126	3,249,126	0
Public Safety				
Police Department				
Administrative Service				_
Personnel services	2,082,072	1,837,396	1,837,396	0
Supplies	663,327	1,122,356	1,122,356	0
Other services and charges Capital outlay	952,240 406,122	779,473 0	779,473 0	0
		3,739,225	3,739,225	0
Total Administrative Service	4,103,761	3,739,223	3,7 33,223	
Operations				-
Personnel services	13,286,062	13,006,494	13,006,494	. 0
Supplies	779,377	873,873	873,873	0
Other services and charges	848,148	745,020	745,020	0
Capital outlay	593,127	128,964	128,964	0
Total Operations	15,506,714	14,754,351	14,754,351	0
Special Services			, ,	_
Personnel services	4,434,809	4,837,902	4,837,902	0
Supplies	120,716	97,188	97,188	0
Other services and charges	53,025	71,158	71,158	0
Capital outlay	103,232	82,526	82,526	0
Total Special Services	4,711,782	5,088,774	5,088,774	0
Total Police Department	24,322,257	23,582,350	23,582,350	0

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Care Care Control of the Control of	<u> </u>	Name Care (1970) - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 - 1970 -	
	Original	2007 Final		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Fire Department - City				
Administration				
Personnel services	\$ 636,503 \$	446,051 \$	446,051	\$ 0
Supplies	24,666	16,888	16,888	0
Other services and charges	30,912	19,972	19,972	0
Capital outlay	14,100	1,374	1,374	0
Total Fire Department - City	706,181	484,285	484,285	0
Fire Prevention				
Personnel services	770.312	714,827	714,827	0
Supplies	44,240	44,674	44,674	0
Other services and charges	50,992	53,231	53,231	0
Capital outlay	75,900	65,708	65,708	0
Total Fire Prevention	941,444	878,440	878,440	0
Fire Suppression Personnel services	11,914,541	11,446,995	11,446,995	0.
Supplies	552,116	835,647	835,647	0
Other services and charges	1,350,429	1,297,996	1,297,996	0
Capital outlay	1,770,275	197,969	197,969	0
Total Fire Suppression	15,587,361	13,778,607	13,778,607	0
What has been				
Fire Logistics Personnel services	251,821	279,374	279,374	0
Supplies	114,709	60,179	50,179	0
Other services and charges	82,218	71,258	71,258	o
Capital outlay	21,900	12,002	12,002	0
Total Fire Logistics	470,648	422,813	422,813	0
Total Fire Department	17,705,634	15,564,145	15,564,145	0
Homeland Security				
Personnel services	1,268,437	1,188,958	1,188,958	0
Supplies	100,698	41,027	41,027	0
Other services and charges	67,108	71,118	71,118	0
Capital outlay	20,576	40,939	40,939	0
Total Homeland Security	1,456,819	1,342,042	1,342,042	0
911 Emergency and 311 Center				
Personnel services	1,827,055	1,590,236	1,590,236	0
Supplies	33,125	32,148	32,148	0
Other services and charges	129,272	91,046	91,046	0
Capital outlay	3,500	2,061	2,061	
Total 911 Emergency and 311 Center	1,992,952	1,715,491	1,715,491	0
Total Public Safety	45,477,662	42,204,028	42,204,028	0

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original	2007 Final		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Parks and Recreation Recreation				
Personnel services	\$ 4,832,963 \$	4,839,732 \$	4,839,732	\$ 0
Supplies	285,178	281,292	281,292	0
Other services and charges	1,148,609	1,431,826	1,431,826	0
Community promotions Capital outlay	358,000 61,160	0 70,681	0 70,681	0
Total Recreation	6,685,910	6,623,531	6,623,531	0
Parks Personnel services	1,935,607	1,625,615	1,625,615	0
Supplies	154,729	122,609	122,609	0
Other services and charges	266,974	159,789	159,789	0
Capital outlay	55,960	90,510	90,510	0
Total Parks	2,413,270	1,998,523	1,998,523	0
		1,000,000	1,000,000	<u>_</u>
Swimming Pools Personnel services	96,557	158,562	158,562	0
Supplies	4,487	4,495	4,495	0
	5,000	1,240	1,240	0
Other services and charges Capital outlay	6,300	1,240 5,615	5,615	0
Total Swimming Pools	112,344	169,912	169,912	0
Tennis Courts				
Personnel services	142,392	145,217	145,217	0
Supplies	3,425	3,962	3,962	0
Other services and charges	7,380	2,037	2,037	0
Total Tennis Courts	153,197	151,216	151,216	0
Total Parks and Recreation	9,364,721	8,943,182	8,943,182	0
Public Services				
Administration				
Personnel services	342,564	255,977	255,977	0
Supplies	12,870	10,892	10,892	0
Other services and charges	110,067	110,505	110,505	0
Capital outlay	8,000	7,570	7,570	0
Total Administration	473,501	384,944	384,944	0
Solid Waste				
Personnel services	5,003,614	4,772,094	4,772,094	0
Supplies	1,082,882	991,466	991,466	0
Other services and charges	3,485,412	3,504,736	3,504,736	0
Capital outlay	30,000	125,052	125,052	0
Total Solid Waste	9,601,908	9,393,348	9,393,348	0
Streets and Storm Drains				
Personnel services	1,116,300	975,458	975,458	0
Supplies	178,961	215,622	215,622	0
Other services and charges	132,394	168,888	168,888	0
Total Street and Storm Drains	1,427,655	1,359,968	1,359,968	0
Animal Control:				
Personnel services	829,267	781,494	781,494	0
Supplies	123,639	123,314	123,314	0
Other services and charges	137,595	275,631	275,631	0
Total Animal Control	1,090,501	1,180,439	1,180,439	0

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		2007		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Trees and Forestry				
Personnel services	\$ 1,531,409 \$	1,232,191 \$	1,232,191	s 0
Supplies	241,527	188,866	188,866	0
Other services and charges	352,530	266,376	266,376	0
Capital outlay	28,000	6,296	6,296	0
Total Trees and Forestry	2,153,466	1,693,729	1,693,729	0
Traffic Engineering				
Personnel services	1,293,124	4 466 400	4.400.400	
Supplies	182,479	1,166,129 167,651	1,166,129	0
Other services and charges	1,228,790		167,651	
Capital outlay	182,979	1,693,872 28,203	1,693,872 28,203	0
Total Traffic Engineering	4 007 272			
Total Traffic Engineering	2,887,372	3,055,855	3,055,855	0
Total Public Services	17,634,403	17,068,283	17,068,283	0
Information Technology				
Personnel services	1,330,741	995,963	995,963	0
Supplies	39,680	70,445	70,445	0
Other services and charges	552,404	492,861	492,861	0
Capital outlay	553,658	462,286	462,286	0
Total Information Technology	2,476,483	2,021,555	2,021,555	0
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,410,400	2,021,000	2,021,000	
Public Buildings				
Personnel services	230,025	228,416	228,416	0
Supplies	56,995	49,778	49,778	0
Other services and charges	832,643	872,095	872,095	0
Capital outlay	69,000	49,782	49,782	0
Total Public Buildings	1,188,663	1,200,071	1,200,071	0
Total General Services	3,665,146	3,221,626	3,221,626	0
Community Promotion				
Donated Funds	0	531	531	0
Other services and charges	200,000			
Community Promotion	200,000	90 541,485	90 541,485	0
Total Community Promotion	200,000	542,106	542,106	0
Nondepartmental Contingencies				
Personnel services	12,071	0	0	0
Supplies	50,000	0	0	0
Other services and charges	498,460	230,647	445,647	(215,000)
Community Promotions		59,997	59,997	0
Total Contingencies	560,531	290,644	505,644	(215,000)
General Insurance				
Other services and charges	329,500	329,500	329,500	0
Total General Insurance	329,500	329,500	329,500	0
		220,000	323,300	
Administration				
Other services and charges		17,192	17,192	
Total Administration	0	17,192	17,192	0

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		20	007	***************************************
	Original	Final	, , ,	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
Bank Service Charges:				
Other services and charges	\$0	\$5,376	\$5,376	\$0
Total Bank Service Charges	0	5,376	5,376	0
Employee Holiday				
Supplies	110,000	36,251	36,251	0
Other services and charges	0	88,029	88,029	0
Total Employee Christmas Baskets	110,000	124,280	124,280	0
Retired Employee Benefits:				
Other services and charges	913,551	1,012,241	1,012,241	0_
Total Retired Employee Benefits	913,551	1,012,241	1,012,241	0
Total Nondepartmental	1,913,582	1,779,233	1,994,233	(215,000)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers to Other Funds				
Debt service	2,285,798	2,210,798	2,210,798	0
Transfers Interfund	1,300,000	12,746,344	12,531,344	215,000
Transfers Capital Fund Projects	215,000	200,000	200,000	0
Total Transfers to Other Funds	3,800,798	15,157,142	14,942,142	215,000
Total Expenditures and Other financing Uses	\$ 94,851,113	\$ 100,718,338	\$100,718,338_	\$ 0

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Accommodation Tax accounts for State Hotel Accommodations Tax receipts to promote activities of City organizations.

Tourism Development Convention Center accounts for the Tourism Development Fee imposed upon the rental of hotels, motels, and other lodging establishments in the City. This fee is dedicated to the attraction of and improvement of the services provided to tourists.

Business Improvement District accounts for the Business Improvement District taxes assessed on the businesses in the downtown area of the City to promote downtown beautification.

Hospitality Tax accounts for a 2% gross sales tax on prepared food and beverages sold in establishments to promote activities of City organizations.

Confiscated Drug Program accounts for the disposition of forfeited property and money seized in Columbia by law enforcement agencies.

Land Acquisition accounts for future land acquisition and development.

Other Programs provides for miscellaneous programs for park improvements and special events.

Community Development grants and awards accounts for the Community Development Block Grants and Emergency Shelter Grant.

Justice Department Grants accounts for receipt of Federal and State funds for programs to improve public safety and law enforcement to the community.

Other Grants accounts for the receipt of Federal and State funds for programs to improve public safety and law enforcement to the community, various tree-planting projects, and various public service and planning projects.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the general long-term debt of the City, other than debt service payments financed by proprietary fund types. Ad valorem taxes, interest earned on the investments of the Debt Service Fund and interest earned on investments of certain Capital Projects Funds are used for the payment of principal, interest, and fiscal agent expenditures on the City's general obligation and revenue bonds.

Capital Project Funds

Tax Increment District accounts for the construction and development of parks and infrastructure, within the Congaree Vista District funded by tax increment district property tax revenues.

Street Scaping accounts for capital improvements to street landscaping.

General Obligation Bonds 2002 accounts for funds designated from the General Obligation Bonds series 2002.

General Capital Projects accounts for various capital improvements in the City.

Miscellaneous Projects accounts for various capital projects funded by the General Fund.

Permanent Trust

Annie Mae Dickson Fund accounts for an endowment for which the investement income must be used to purchase flowers for the parks.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLIN/ COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2007

Improvement Hospitality Commission Community				Tourism	777			Special Revenue							Debt Service		
equivalentit 5 (30,422) 5 (30,422) 5 (30,422) 5 (30,422) 5 (30,422) 5 (30,424) 5 (30,424) 6 (30,422) 6 (30		Accommo		Development	Improvement	Hospitality	Confiscated Drug	Land	Other	Community	Justice Department	Other		6.0.	Special District		
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	SSETS			mention center	District	ıax	Program	Acquisition	Programs	Development	Grants	Grants	Totals	Bonds	Bonds		Total
13,257,036 2,112,360 367 3,377,847 59,336 1,191,326 4,348 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ash and cash equivalent	\$ 13		406,900 \$	\$75	3,419,481 \$	276,005 \$	\$ 0	\$ 20	9	319.038 \$	477.363 \$	5.029.844	1 196 198			1 106 108
State Stat	westments ecologhies not	13,25	57,036	2,112,950	267	3,371,847	59,836	1,191,926	43,349		0	0	20,037,511	0	,	•	
Mathematical Heat of the color of the colo	Property taxes		0	0	68,507	0	0	¢	c	c	•	c	58 507	•	190 901		700 007
Strategy	Federal government		0	0		•	0		123.554	309-931	213 005	4 670 099	2 346 589	> <	190,004,0		3,463,0
est 0 43584 0 15.56 11.53 11.53 0	State government	45	13,857	0	•	•	0	· C			2006	0000	453 857	> 0			
Street S	Accounts		0	425,860	•	•		10.500	· c			208.00	455,537	- 0			
Comparison Com	Accrued interest		0	3,754	ın	31.550	260	11 153	405	•		20,02	267,164	- <	•		
S	epaid expenses		0	0	0	0	0		10.341	•	, c		17,421	> 0			
ESS ESS ESS ESS ESS ESS ESS ESS	e from component units		0	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	2,009	• •		2,009	•	• 0		
ES	tal assets	\$ 13,84	11,325 \$	2,949,464 \$	69,654 \$	6,822,878 \$	336,401 \$	1,213,579 \$	\$ 669'221	311,940 \$	532,043 \$	2.168.354 \$	28.423.337 \$	1.196.198	\$ 5 465 061		6 661 250
suble \$ 25,525 \$ 52,625 \$ 52,625 \$ 13,280 \$ 4,384 \$ 6,500 \$ 177,894 \$ 134,061 \$ 1574 \$ 29,270 \$ 513,166 \$ ribble 0 </th <th>ABILITIES ANC IND BALANCES Abilities:</th> <th></th>	ABILITIES ANC IND BALANCES Abilities:																
Fig. 201768 2017	ccounts payable	\$*	15,625 \$	52,409 \$			4,384 \$	\$ 005'9	177,594 \$	134,061 \$	1,574 \$	29,270 \$	573,166 \$	9	•	w	
The control of the co	icel ded salaties and Denetit.			-	0 (9 1	0		17,692	20,762	0	976	39,430	0	0		
Linds 4,839,918 0 0 0 0 125,323 0 19,717 0 19,226 15,433 0 19,447 220 1,29,208 1,324 3,31,47 2,32,209 2,31,202 2,897,035 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	leferred revenue		٥ د		> 0	•	0	0	0	•	0	849,465	849,465	0	0		
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	Die to other funds	7 8 V	90,00		5	-	215,323	0	26,483	0	93,249	36,147	371,202	0	0		
4,866,543 52,469 73.280 68,469 219,707 297,736 940,975 311,840 532,043 2,175,166 9,537,268 encumbrance 71,328 0 128,761 132,112 15,050 0 141,759 1,942,403 40,211 2,795,483 5,267,107 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		2	20,010				9	291,236	719,206	157,117	437,220	1,259,308	7,704,005	1,031,245	744,717		1,775,962
T1,328	al liabilities	4,86	15,543	52,409	73,280	68,469	219,707	297,736	940,975	311,940	532,043	2,175,166	9,537,268	1,031,245	744,717		1,775,962
## Sparson control con	nd balances																
Habit Color Color	Reserved for encumbrances	7	1,328	0	128,761	132,112	15,050	0	141,759	1,942,403	40,211	2,795,483	5.267,107	•	•		
# 8,004,454	Reserved for debt service served		0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	164,953	4,720,344		4,885,297
# 8,504,454	Nonexpendable		0	0	0	0	•	0	0	٥	0	o	c	c	•		
8,044,454 2,897,055 (132,337) 6,622,297 101,644 915,843 (905,035) (1,942,403) (1,042,14) (2,002,295) 13,618,952	Expendable		0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	. c			• •	•		
nncet 8,975,782 2,897,055 (3,626) 6,734,409 116,694 915,843 (763,276) 0 0 (6,812) 18,886,069	Unreserved	8,90	14,454	2,897,055	(132,387)	6,622,297	101,644	915,843	(905,035)	(1,942,403)	(40,211)	(2,802,295)	13,618,962				
AINCRE \$ 13,841,325 \$ 2,949,464 \$ 69,654 \$ 6,822,878 \$ 336,401 \$ 1,213,579 \$ 177,699 \$ 311,940 \$ 532,043 \$ 2,168,354 \$ 28,423,337 \$	ntal fund balances	126'8	5,782	2,897,055	(3,626)	6,754,409	116,694	915,843	(763,276)	0	0	(6,812)	18,886,069	164,953	4,720,344		4,885,297
	ıtal ilabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,84	1,325 \$	2,949,464 \$	69,654	6,822,878	336,401	1,213,579 \$		311,940 \$	532.043 \$	2.168.354 \$	28.423.337 \$	1 196 198	5 465 061		6 664 260

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTA, FUNDS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2007

	İ				Cap	Capital Projects							
		Tax								ţ		-	Total Nonmajor
		Increment	i		General Obligation	General	Miscellaneous			_	Dickson		Governmental
888678		District	Streetscaping		Bonds 2002	Capital Projects	Projects		Total	ı	Trust	i	Funds
Sash and cash equivalents	49	4,251,980 \$	3,305,600	49	9	\$ 620.009	262.358	4	8 439 947	66	7 270		14 673 250
rivestments Receivables, net		11,860,943	3,259,552		2,160,456	611,372	262,092	,	18,154,415	,	0		38,191,926
Property taxes		0	0		0	0	•				•		5.533.568
Federal government		0	690,414		•	42.000	•		732.414				3 049 003
State government		0	•		0	7.500	0		7.500				461.357
Accounts		•	0										457 262
Accrued interest		23.327	30 499		8 706	6 7 20	2 453		70 705				448 423
Prepaid expenses					3		2		2.5		•		10,13
Due from component units	ı	0	0	,	0	0	• •	1	0	i	- 0	ĺ	2,009
fotal assets	\$	16,136,250	\$ 7,286,065	φ.	2,169,162	1,286,601	526,903	.s¹	27,404,981	٠,	7,270	"l	62,496,847
JABILITIES AND TUND BALANCES Jabilities;													
Accounts payable	49	216,684	\$ 4,554	₩.	0	416,653		₩	637,891	44	•	49	1,211,057
Accided salaries and denema		022.240	> 0		-	0 000	0 !		0 7		•		39,430
Deferred revenue		016,158			9 6	4 000 000	/cc'l		1,629,161		-		2,479,226
Due to other funds	1	1,931,679	0		1,735,350	0	2,025,542	t	5,692,571	1	•	I	15,172,538
fotal liabilities	1	3,085,673	4,554		1,735,350	2,107,547	2,027,099	1	8,960,223	l	۰	I	20,273,453
Fund balances Becomed for engineerings		2 043 480	400 001 0		·	200	000		707 000		•		
Reserved for debt service		0	0			0,430	012,605		12,250,481				4,885,297
Reserved													
Nonexpendable		•	•		0	0	•		0		1,983		1,983
Lexpendable		000000	0 000		0	0 7 700 0	0		0		5,287		5,287
Deviseano	l	10,008,088	492,820	'	433,812	(2,637,442)	(1,113,001)	!	6,184,277	I		١	19,803,239
Fotal fund balances	1	13,050,577	7,281,511		433,812	(820,946)	(1,500,196)	ı	18,444,758	1	7,270		42,223,394
fotal flabilities and fund balances	•	16,136,250	\$ 7,286,065	₩.	2,169,162	1,286,601	\$ 526,903	44	27,404,981	40	7,270	ø,	62,496,847

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

•	Accommodation	Tourism Development	Business Improvement	Hospitality	Confiscated Drug	Land	Other	Community	Justice	Other		0	Special	
REVENUES	Так	Convention Center	District	Тах	Program	Acquisition	Programs	Development	Grants	Grants	Totals	Bonds	Bonds	Total
Federal government	\$ 0	\$ 0		6	\$ +	\$ 0	\$ 0	3,457,784 \$	437,261 \$	2.147.849 \$	6.042.894	9	0	
State government	1,318,945	300,633	9	0	0	0	0	0		•	1,619,578			
County government	-	2,006,504	0	7,571,767	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,578,271		0	•
Confiscated funds			•	0 (0	0	188,563	0	0	0	188,563	0	0	
Current taxes			3 C		44,057	0 (0		0	0	44,057	0	0	•
Interest	819.961	116 271	94	215 902	200	0 00	0 000	o (0 1	o ·	0	0	5,460,858	5,460,858
Other revenues	0	2,255,256	748,012	0 0	6,303	43,530	768,950	5	00	0	1,199,175	0 0	a C	_
Fotal revenues	2,138,906	4,678,664	748,056	7,787,765	46,962	185,031	958,173	3,457,784	437,261	2,147,849	22.586.451		5.460 858	5 460 858
EXPENDITURES														0,000
Current		;												
Serieral government Parks and recreation	94,184	069	850,628	7,484	35,461	0 (1,117,146	2,835,600	361,978	3,408,357	8,711,528	0	0	•
Public services		• •	, 0	9 0			00	0 0	0 0		۰ ۰	0 (0	•
Community promotion	1,111,817	1,326,225	0	5,048,244			. 0	• •	• •	-	7.486.286		0 0	0 0
Other charges Debt Service	0	0	0	0	38,181	1,522,813	0	•		•	1,560,994	• •	6,947	6,947
Principal payment on bonds	650,000	1,430,000	0	0	o	•	•	c		,	000			
Interest on bonds	915,493	1,514,213	0	0	. 4				• •		2,080,000	1,400,000	4,004,169	5,404,169
Fiscal agent charges Canital outlay	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	. 0	. 0	0	0	87,360	87,360
Capital outlay	29,711	0	0	0	36,365	95,000	227.567	c	199 533	612 731	1 200 907	٠		•
					-				200,001	01710	1,400,301		-	9
Total expenditures	2,801,205	4,271,128	850,628	5,055,728	110,007	1,617,813	1,344,713	2,835,600	561,511	4,021,088	23,469,421	2,210,797	4,662,057	6,872,854
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over (under) expenditures	(662,299)	407,536	(102,572)	2,732,037	(63,045)	(1,432,782)	(386,540)	622,184	(124,250)	(1,873,239)	(882,970)	(2,210,797)	798,801	(1,411,996)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1 700 000	202 070 0	•	•										
Transfers (out)	(4.111.206)	(2.266.366)	-	0 500 0001		0 444 000)	210,656	0	319,038	4,581,096	9,183,381	2,210,798	0	2,210,798
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Total other floancing		0	0	0	0 0	2,526,053	(309,176)	(1,244,459)	0 0	(868)	(13,680,984) 2,526,053	00		
sources (uses)	(2,411,206)	106,225	0	(2,500,000)	0	(662,856)	(158,520)	(1,244,459)	319,038	4,580,228	(1,971,550)	2,210,798	0	2.210.798
Net change in find balances	(303 570 57	200		;										
	(2022)	10/610	(102,57.2)	232,037	(63,045)	(2,095,638)	(545,060)	(622,275)	194,788	2,706,989	(2,854,520)	-	798,801	798,802
Beginning fund balances(deficits) Prior period adjustment	12,049,287	2,383,294	98,946	6,522,372	179,739 0	2,711,481 300,000	(218,216) 0	622,275 0	(194,788) 0	(2,713,801)	21,440,589	164,952	3,921,543	4,086,495
Beginning fund balances as restated	12,049,287	2,383,294	98,946	6,522,372	179,739	3,011,481	(218,216)	622,275	(194,788)	(2,713,801)	21,740,589	164,952	3,921,543	4,086,495
Find helemore (Anticite) and at some	207 270 0			į						ı				
		2,897,055 \$	(3,626) \$	6,754,409 \$	116,694 \$	915,843 \$	(763,276) \$	\$ 0	\$ 0	(6,812) \$	18,886,069 \$	164,953 \$	4,720,344 \$	4,885,297

CITY OF COLLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONHAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	7		Capital Figures					
	lax frcrement	Street	General Obligation	General	Miscellaneous	Total	Dickson	Total Nonmajor Governmental
	District	Scaping	Bonds 2002	Capital Projects	Projects	2007	Trust	Funds
REVENUES Federal government \$	•	212,088	\$ 0	42,000 \$	\$	254.088	9	\$ 6.296.982
State government	0	3,074		7,500		10,574		1,630,152
County government	0	0	0	0	•		0	9,578,271
Promotions	0	•	•	•	•	0	•	188,563
Confiscated funds	0	•	0	0	-	0	•	44,057
Current taxes	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	5,460,858
Interest	686,701	211,204	102,069	46,887	14,860	1,061,721	288	2,261,184
Other revenues	15,282	500,750	3,264	•	0	519,296	0	4,433,209
Total revenues	701,983	927,116	105,333	96,387	14,860	1,845,679	288	29,893,276
EXPENDITURES								
Conseil assessment	2 462 423	•	*	***	•		•	
Parks and repression	3,163,127		-	23,5T3	0 1	3,186,640	0 (11,898,168
Public services	• •	688 429	- 6	2 262 440	13,933	15,953		15,953
Community promotion		605,420		041,363,6	- 6'-	9,659,140		7.406.006
Other charges			• •	•			•	1,400,200
Debt Service	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	te' anc's
Principal payment on bonds	•	0	0	•	0	0	0	7.484.169
Interest on bonds	0	0	•	•	•	0	•	3,804,084
Fiscal agent charges	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87,360
Capital outlay	•	•	•	•	•			
Capital Cuitay			-	0	9	=		1,200,907
Total expenditures	3,163,127	585,429	0	3,275,653	17,524	7,041,733	0	37,384,008
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,461,144)	341,687	105,333	(3,179,266)	(2,664)	(5,196,054)	288	(7,490,732)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	•	2,775,170	0	2,166,719	125.000	5,066,889	0	16.461.058
Transfers (out)	(626,321)	0	•		(917,351)	(1.543,672)	•	(15,224,656)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	0	0	0	0		0	0	2,526,053
sources (uses)	(626,321)	2,775,170	0	2,166,719	(792,351)	3,523,217	0	3,762,465
Net change in fund balances	(3,087,465)	3,116,857	105,333	(1,012,547)	(795,015)	(1,672,837)	288	(3,728,267)
Beginning fund balances(deficits)	16,138,042	7,550,813	328,479	191,601	(705,181)	23,503,754	6,982	49.037.820
Prior period adjustment	0	(3,386,159)	0	0	0	(3,386,159)	0	(3,086,159)
Beginning fund balances as restated	16,138,042	4,164,654	328,479	191,601	(705,181)	20,117,595	6,982	45,951,661
Fund balances (deficits), and of year 💲	13,050,577 \$	7,281,511 \$	433,812 \$	(820,946) \$	(1,500,196)	18,444,758	\$ 7,270	\$ 42,223,394

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds are used to account for operations of the City (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, where the intent is for the cost of providing goods or services to be recovered, in whole or in part, through user charges; or (b) where the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. These funds include:

Hydro-Electric Facilities Fund accounts for hydro electric plant activities.

Storm Water Facilities Fund accounts for storm water utility activities.

Transportation Operating Fund accounts for the operation of the Bus Transfer Station.

Redevelopment Programs Fund accounts for various home rehabilitation and mortgage lending programs funded from various sources.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2007

	Hydro Electric	Storm Water	Transportation	Redevelopment	
	Facilities Fund	Facilities	Operating	Programs	Tatala
ASSETS	runa	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 923,594	\$ 6,223,211	\$ 267,187	\$ 5,389,542	\$ 12,803,534
Investments	910.729	6,136,522	263,465	4,108,770	11,419,486
Accounts receivable, net	871,905	0,130,322	203,403	118,565	990,470
Mortgage notes receivable, net	0. 1,505	0	0	2,835,398	2,835,398
Accrued interest receivable	74,816	57,418	2,467	158,023	292,724
Real estate held for resale	. 4,510	0.,4.0	2,407	336,425	336,425
Total current assets	2,781,044	12,417,151	533,119	12,946,723	28,678,037
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	326,700	0	0	0	206 700
Buildings, improvements and utility plant	•	2,580,944	742,000	0	326,700
Machinery and equipment	16,173,300 0	113,627	9,600	0	19,496,244 123,227
Less, accumulated depreciation	(1,536,464)		•	0	•
Construction in progress	(1,550,404)	(287,796) 3,718,555	(317,827) 0	0	(2,142,087) 3,718,555
Net capital assets	14,963,536	6,125,330	433,773	- 0	21,522,639
Mortgage notes receivable, net	14,503,330	0,123,330	433,773	21,348,341	21,348,341
Contract receivable	954,654	0	0	21,340,341	954,654
Total noncurrent assets	15,918,190	6,125,330	433,773	21,348,341	43,825,634
	13,310,130	0,123,330	433,113	21,040,041	43,023,034
Total assets	\$ 18,699,234	\$ 18,542,481	\$ 966,892	\$ 34,295,064	\$ 72,503,671
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 0		\$ 0	\$ 814	\$ 1,502,609
Accrued salaries and benefits	0	23,020	0	0	23,020
Compensated absences Retainage payable	0	4,796 407.878	0	0	4,796
Due to other funds	0	407,878	0	1,366,195	407,878
Note payable	0	0	0	45,000	1,366,195 45,000
Contract payable	870.039	0	0	45,000	870,039
Accrued interest payable	97,205	0	0	5,191	102,396
· •					102,000
Total current liabilities	967,244	1,937,489	0	1,417,200	4,321,933
Noncurrent libilities:					
Note payable	0	0	0	475,000	475,000
Contract payable	1,866,018	0	0	0	1,866,018
Compensated absences	0	19,183	0	0	19,183
Total non-current liabilities	1,866,018	19,183	0	475,000	2,360,201
Total liabilities	2,833,262	1,956,672	0	1,892,200	6,682,134
Net Assets:					
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	14,963,536	6,125,330	433,773	0	21,522,639
Restricted	97,205	0	0	5,191	102,396
Unrestricted	805,231	10,460,479	533,119	32,397,673	44,196,502
Total net assets	15,865,972	16,585,809	966,892	32,402,864	65,821,537
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 18,699,234	\$ 18,542,481	\$ 966,892	\$34,295,064	\$ 72,503,671

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	-	Hydro Electric Facilities Fund		Storm Water Facilities Fund	T	ransportation Operating Fund		Redevelopment Programs Fund		Totals
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	0	\$	3,982,150	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,982,150
Other operating revenue		479,433		0		0		495,150	•	974,583
Total operating revenue	_	479,433		3,982,150	_	0		495,150	_	4,956,733
Operating expenses:										
Personnel services		0		1,251,908		0		0		1,251,908
Materials and supplies		0		106,432		0		Ō		106,432
Other services and charges		0		145,431		0		83,168		228,599
Heat, light and power		556,759		0		0		0		556,759
Depreciation		323,466		116,195		30,320		0		469,981
Bad debt expense		0		0		. 0		658,188		658,188
Total operating expenses	_	880,225	-	1,619,966	_	30,320	-	741,356	_	3,271,867
Operating income (loss)	_	(400,792)	_	2,362,184	_	(30,320)	_	(246,206)	_	1,684,866
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Investment income		152,640		383,402		17,082		807,556		1,360,680
Other nonoperating expense		13,857		1,440		0		0		15,297
Gain (loss) from sale of assets		0		0		0		41,423		41,423
Interest expense		(139,907)		0		0		(33,579)		(173,486)
Intergovernmental expenses		0	_	(1,472,311)		0		0		(1,472,311)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		26,590	_	(1,087,469)	_	17,082	_	815,400		(228,397)
Income (loss) before transfers		(374,202)		1,274,715		(13,238)		569,194		1,456,469
Transfers:										
Transfers in		0		1,000,000		0		2,433,367		3,433,367
Transfers out		0	•	(236,994)		0	_	0		(236,994)
Change in net assets		(374,202)		2,037,721		(13,238)		3,002,561		4,652,842
Beginning net assets		16,240,174		15,096,076		990,071		29.128.466		61,454,787
Prior period adjustment	_	0		(547,988)		(9,941)	_	271,837	_	(286,092)
Ending net assets	\$_	15,865,972	\$_	16,585,809	\$	966,892	\$_	32,402,864	\$	65,821,537

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Hydro Electric Facilities	Storm Water Facilities	Transportation Operating	Redevelopment Programs	Total Nonmajor
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 718,205	\$ 3,982,151	\$ 0	\$ 376,583	\$ 5,076,939
Payments to suppliers	(556,759)	(533,738)		(135,641)	(1,226,138)
Payments to employees	0	(1,012,578)	0		(1,012,578)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	161,446	2,435,835	0	240,942	2,838,223
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Due to (from) others	0	0	0	1,366,195	1,366,195
Transfers in	0	1,000,000	0	2,433,367	3,433,367
Transfers out	0	(236,994)	0	0	(236,994)
Net cash provided by noncapital and			_		
related financing activities	0	763,006	0	3,799,562	4,562,568
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of capital assets	0	(1,053,627)	0	0	(1,053,627)
Principal paid on bonds and notes	(830,583)	0	0	(620,000)	(1,450,583)
Interest paid on debt	(169,415)	0	0	(52,400)	(221,815)
Net cash used by capital and					
related financing activities	(999,998)	(1,053,627)	0	(672,400)	(2,726,025)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of investments	0	0	0	(397,654)	(397,654)
Proceeds from sale of investments	119,193	291,292	72,959	41,423	524,867
Decrease in contract receivable, net	911,364	0	0	0	911,364
Increase in mortgage notes receivable, net	477 400	0	0	(2,908,517)	(2,908,517)
Interest received Rent received	177,429 13,857	413,200 1,440	17,738 0	767,938 0	1,376,305
Sale of inventory for resale, net	13,037	0	0	280,615	15,297 280,615
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	1,221,843	705,932	90,697	(2,216,195)	(197,723)
			COLUMN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	383,291	2,851,146	90,697	1,151,909	4,477,043
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2006					
	540,303	3,372,065	176,490	4,237,633	8,326,491
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2007					
	\$ 923,594	\$ 6,223,211	\$ 267,187	\$ 5,389,542	\$ 12,803,534
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO					
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)	\$ (400,792)	\$ 2,362,184	\$ (30,320)	\$ (246,206)	\$ 1,684,866
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to	4 (400,132)	2,302,104	φ (30,320)	\$ (246,206)	1,004,000
net cash provided (used) by operating activities	i				
Depreciation	323,466	116,195	30,320	0	469,981
Bad debt expense	0	0	0	658,188	658,188
Change in operating assets and liabilities	200 772	•		(445 -55)	
Accounts receivable	238,772 0	(27.492)	0	(118,565)	120,207
Accounts payable Accrued salaries	0	(27,482) 556	0	(52,475) 0	(79,957) 556
Accrued vacation		(15,618)	0	0	(15,618)
Total adjustments	562,238	73,651	30,320	487,148	1,153,357
Not each avoided (word) by an artist and the	e 404 440	6 0.405.005			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 161,446	\$ <u>2,435,835</u> 82	\$0	\$ 240,942	\$

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a user charge basis. These funds include:

Fleet Management accounts for the maintenance and repair of vehicles.

Support Services accounts for a decentralized governmental and enterprise inventory system, a central supply facility, procurement functions and the City's general maintenance functions.

Risk Management accounts for the costs associated with self-funded liability plans for employee health, worker's compensation, unemployment and tort liability for all City departments.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2007

	-							
		Fleet Management		Support Services	1	Risk Management		Totals
	reason.							
ASSETS								
Current assets:						4 4 4 4 070	•	0.745.700
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,347,640	\$	223,789	\$	1,144,273	\$	2,715,702
Investments		1,330,731		552,889		12,590,702		14,474,322
Accounts receivable		27,548		1,592		4,250		33,390
Accrued interest receivable		12,451		5,173		117,808		135,432
Deposits		0		0		78,745		78,745
Prepaid expenses		0		0 1,218,553		43,087 0		43,087 1,218,553
Inventory	_	<u>U</u>		1,210,333				1,210,333
Total current assets	_	2,718,370		2,001,996		13,978,865		18,699,231
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets								
Buildings		903,586		0		0		903,586
Machinery and equipment		8,280,864		632,878		18,428		8,932,170
Less, accumulated depreciation	_	(4,409,614)		(261,455)	-	(18,428)		(4,689,497)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated								
depreciation)	_	4,774,836		371,423		0		5,146,259
Total assets	\$_	7,493,206	_ \$_	2,373,419	\$	13,978,865	\$	23,845,490
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	451,149	\$	478,038	\$	34,259	\$	963,446
Accrued salaries and benefits		35,674		14,871		7,940		58,485
Accrued vacation pay		129,877		72,226		53,166		255,269
Capital lease payable		0		728,758		0		728,758
Due to other funds		0		0		1,478,759		1,478,759
Accrued liability for claims	_	0		0		15,901,813	********	15,901,813
Total current liabilities	_	616,700		1,293,893	_	17,475,937		19,386,530
Non-Current Liabilities:								
Capital lease payable		0		1,518,235		0		1,518,235
Total long term liabilities	_	0		1,518,235		0	-	1,518,235
Total liabilities	_	616,700		2,812,128		17,475,937	_	20,904,765
NET ASSETS								
Investment in capital assets		4,774,836		371,423		0		5,146,259
Unrestricted		2,101,670		(810,132)		(3,497,072)		(2,205,534)
Total net assets		6,876,506		(438,709)	-	(3,497,072)		2,940,725
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	7,493,206	\$	2,373,419	\$	13,978,865	\$	23,845,490
	· —	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	= '=				-	

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Fleet		Support		Risk	
	Management	*********	Services	www.	Management	 Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 9,386,430	\$	631,783	\$	10,807,081	\$ 20,825,294
Total operating revenues	9,386,430		631,783		10,807,081	20,825,294
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	1,956,281		793,612		462,204	3,212,097
Materials and supplies	6,262,527		307,868		12,597	6,582,992
Contractual services	4,660		0		0	4,660
Heat, light and power	68,180		0		0	68,180
Other charges and services	96,566		708,322		1,899,374	2,704,262
Claims and premiums	. 0		0		28,169,809	28,169,809
Depreciation	1,088,694		94,091		1,843	1,184,628
Debt service	0		101,235		0	101,235
Capital outlay	0		426,844		0	426,844
Total operating expenses	9,476,908		2,431,972		30,545,827	42,454,707
Operating loss	(90,478)		(1,800,189)		(19,738,746)	(21,629,413)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Interest income	91,973		178,823		887,557	1,158,353
Loss on sale of assets	(266,344)		0		0	(266,344)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(174,371)		178,823		887,557	892,009
Loss before transfers	(264,849)		(1,621,366)		(18,851,189)	(20,737,404)
Transfers in	1,457,705		2,459,763		13,000,000	16,917,468
Change in net assets	1,192,856		838,397		(5,851,189)	(3,819,936)
Total net assets - beginning	5,849,680		(1,423,821)		2,354,117	6,779,976
Prior period adjustment	(166,030)		146,715		0	(19,315)
Total net assets - beginning, as restated	5,683,650		(1,277,106)		2,354,117	6,760,661
Total net assets - ending	\$ 6,876,506	\$	(438,709)	\$	(3,497,072)	\$ 2,940,725

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Fleet Management		Support Services	Risk Management		Total
0 4 0 11 F1 0 11 10 FD 0 11 0 DFD 4 TIMO 4 0 TWEETE		Management		Sei vices	Management		rotar
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	0.440.022		631,786 \$	11,242,951	\$	21,293,770
Receipts from customers and users	ð.	9,419,033 (6,198,731)	Þ	(229,990)	(23,432,351)	Ψ	(29,861,072)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(1,964,631)		(798,335)	(448,915)		(3,211,881)
Payments to employees	-	(1,904,031)					
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	1,255,671	-	(396,539)	(12,638,315)		(11,779,183)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Due to (from) others		0		(4,525,534)	1,478,759		(3,046,775)
Transfers in	_	1,457,705		2,459,763	13,000,000		16,917,468
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital and							
related financing activites	_	1,457,705		(2,065,771)	14,478,759		13,870,693
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of capital assets		(2,029,201)		(429,120)	0		(2,458,321)
Principal and interest paid on lease		0		(709,240)	0	_	(709,240)
Net cash used by capital and							
related financing activities	_	(2,029,201)	_	(1,138,360)	0		(3,167,561)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES							
Purchase of investments		(1,330,731)		(552,889)	(2,004,085)		(3,887,705)
Interest received		89,604		173,650	868,007		1,131,261
Net cash used by investing activities		(1,241,127)		(379,239)	(1,136,078)	_	(2,756,444)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash							
equivalents		(556,952)		(3,979,909)	704,366		(3,832,495)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2006	_	1,904,592		4,203,698	439,907		6,548,197
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2007	\$ _	1,347,640	\$_	223,789 \$	1,144,273	\$	2,715,702
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating loss	\$	(90,478)	. \$	(1,800,189) \$	(19,738,746)	\$	(21,629,413)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to							
net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation		1,088,694		94,091	1,843		1,184,628
Change in operating assets and liabilities		1,000,00		• .,•••	7,000		.,,
Accounts receivable		32,603		0	174,483		207,086
Inventory		0		1,157,761	0		1,157,761
Prepaid expenses		0		0	(43,087)		(43,087)
Accounts payable		233,202		156,518	(48,323)		341,397
Accrued salaries		(438)		(773)	1,154		(57)
Accrued vacation		(7,912)		(3,947)	12,132		273
Accrued liability for claims		0		0	6,740,839		6,740,839
Customer deposits		0		0	261,390		261,390
Total adjustments	_	1,346,149		1,403,650	7,100,431	_	9,850,230
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	1,255,671	\$_	(396,539) \$	(12,638,315)	\$	(11,779,183)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodial trustee, and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	alance 30, 2006	Ac	Iditions	Dec	ductions	Balance ne 30, 2007
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 117,913	\$	60,131	\$	49,881	\$ 128,163
Total assets	\$ 117,913	\$	60,131	\$	49,881	\$ 128,163
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 117,913	\$	60,131	\$	49,881	\$ 128,163
Total liabilities	\$ 117,913	\$	60,131	\$	49,881	\$ 128,163

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges Year Ended June 30, 2007

Court Fines and Assessments	
Fines Collected	\$ 879,568
Assessments	794,199
Surcharges	343,053
Total Court Fines and assessments collected	\$ 2,016,820
Fines, Surcharges and Assessments Remitted to State Treasurer DUI/DUS/BUI	
Municipal DUI Assessment	\$ 2,808
Municipal DUI Surcharge	5,800
Municipal DUI DPS Pullout	2,500
Municipal Drug Surcharge	2,600
Municipal Law Enforcement Surcharge	307,549
Other Assessments - State Shared	 700,898
Total Revenue Remitted to State Treasurer	\$ 1,022,155
Fines, Surcharges and Assessments Retained by City	
Fines	\$ 879,568
Assessments	87,993
Surcharges	 27,104
Total Revenue Retained by City	\$ 994,665
Funds Allocated to Victims Service	
Carryover funds from prior year	\$ -
Assessments retained	87,993
Surcharges Retained	27,104
Expenditures for victims service	(158,906)
Transfers from General Fund	43,809
Total unexpended victims rights assistance	\$ _

STATISTICAL SECTION

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Total	74,544,840	76,666,071	83,898,646	95,709,228	111,553,759	130,274,680	136,878,699	140,824,395	148,855,158	160,750,119
	₩									
Debt Service	3,013,103	2,765,682	2,820,608	3,135,293	4,633,150	4,969,839	7,138,852	6,765,479	9,800,114	11,450,613
	s s									
(2) Non- Departmental	4,403,575	4,854,289	6,533,274	13,799,625	6,737,131	8,068,918	7,915,399	7,122,359	18,208,113	40,249,283
	63				_					
General Services	2,003,885	1,827,872	2,011,780	2,830,930	2,256,629	2,489,298	2,467,729	2,366,418	5,181,242	3,221,626
	69									
Parks and Recreation	4,548,342	4,780,980	5,166,101	5,320,632	6,397,916	8,319,793	7,753,513	13,063,008	6,857,319	8,959,135
	ઝ									
Public Services	14,048,222	14,504,870	14,814,481	14,653,490	15,081,382	17,609,130	22,669,683	25,087,460	21,433,541	20,907,423
	₩									
Public Safety	27,978,282	29,007,448	31,254,495	31,023,855	33,818,006	37,735,589	38,176,476	37,548,549	37,555,878	42,204,031
	€9									
Finance Department	637,919	640,029	660,500	754,291	794,471	889,279	1,022,332	1,192,351	1,252,432	1,747,050
	4A									
General Government (including Judicial)	17,911,512	18,254,231	20,637,407	24,191,112	41,835,074	50,192,834	49,734,715	47,678,771	48,566,519	32,010,958
	₩									
Fiscal Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007

(1) Includes total governmental funds.

(2) Includes non-departmental, community promotions, community development, capital outlay of special revenue and paid to component units and other charges

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

				Revenues				
				From Use	inter-		Grants and	
Fiscal	Property	Licenses and	Fines and	of Money	governmental	Charges for	Other	
Year	Taxes	Permits	Forfeitures (2)	and Property	Revenues	Services (3)	Revenues (4)	Total
			* 10 de 10 d	Activities of the control of the con				
1998 \$	28,546,763	\$ 17,222,175	\$ 1,217,634	\$ 854,790	\$ 20,899,052	\$ 8,615,795	\$ 3,175,917	\$ 80,532,126
1999	29,994,261	18,581,361	1,264,924	765,599	19,858,343	8,957,722	3,501,962	82,924,172
2000	31,156,007	19,473,839	1,138,140	954,736	24,464,558	9,012,986	3,936,122	90,136,388
2001	33,545,198	3 21,331,968	957,822	1,465,644	31,889,662	9,177,057	4,275,664	102,643,015
2002	34,670,479	•••	986,247	1,371,073	30,318,580	9,351,199	6,687,714	105,961,827
2003	36,233,504	•	881,319	853,450	26,535,765	9,420,593	17,949,043	115,361,424
2004	36,099,720	25,431,285	792,154	52,231	34,697,772	9,517,515	11,723,684	118,314,361
2005	36,529,356	3 26,666,050	903,730	1,114,238	29,144,146	6,059,904	8,574,582	108,992,006
2006	41,546,505	•	788,374	1,869,260	39,299,499	7,708,719	10,403,418	129,526,792
2007	46,684,713	31,162,106	786,187	3,512,130	45,353,794	8,412,727	8,423,821	144,335,478

(1) Includes total governmental funds. Transfers from enterprise funds are excluded.

(2) Certain parking fees and fines were pledged to the parking enterprise fund.

(3) Includes indirect cost reimbursement from water and sewer facilities fund.

(4) Includes sale of property.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

							Ratio of		Ratio of
			Percent of	Delinguen	₩		Total Tax	Outstanding	Delinquent
Total		Current Tax	Current Taxes	Tax		Total Tax	Collections to	Delinquent	Taxes to Total
Tax Levy (1)	(1)	Collections (2)	Collected	Collections (3	(3)	Collections (4)	Total Tax Levy (2)	Taxes	Tax Levy
25 653 727	\$ 727	23 841 043	92.93	\$ 1.078.1	17 \$	24.919.160	97.14	961.349	3.75
26,157	433	25.102.033	95.97	794,0	92	25,896,125	00.66	860,375	3.29
27.960.908	806	26,694,938	95.47	949,2	37	27,644,175	98.87	972,640	3.48
30,342	200	27.581,071	90.90	1,448,7	32	29,029,803	95.68	1,025,138	3.38
30.747.	522	27,930,552	90.84	1.542,7	94	29,473,346	95.86	1,136,150	3.70
30.717.	596	28.041.551	91.29	1,663,3	05	29,704,856	96.70	1,155,090	3.76
30.246.	516	28.162.482	93.11	1,574,5	90	29,737,072	98.32	770,230	2.55
30,483,	195	27,959,678	91.72	1,632,5	22	29,592,200	97.08	797,804	2.62
36.175.	060	34.021.898	94.05	1,216,0	10	35,237,908	97.41	482,045	1.33
39,338,096	960	38,398,690	97.61	1,011,744	44	39,410,434	100.18	600,849	1.53

(1) The City levied and collected real and personal property taxes in some areas of Lexington County due to annexation.

Includes only 80% of taxes levied on real property on which the assessment has been appealed.

8

This represents delinquent taxes collected within the fiscal year. A breakdown of delinquent tax collections by year of tax is not available. Therefore, the ratio of total tax collections to total tax levy may exceed 100%. 3

(4) Does not include payment in lieu of taxes from Columbia Housing Authority.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Ratio of Total Assessed Value	To Estimated Actual Value	6.16	6.16	6.12	6.78	6.10	6.02	5.88	5.85	5.52	5.55
	Estimated Actual Value	4,208,878,633	4,290,653,992	5,078,377,849	4,864,944,238	5,478,959,183	5,547,758,900	5,591,360,359	5,660,805,379	7,048,456,340	7,224,107,275
Total	Assessed Value	259,128,600 \$	264,216,492	310,676,759	329,804,421	334,212,200	333,886,916	328,766,451	330,918,419	388,844,481	400,925,762
		\$									
erty (4)	Estimated Actual Value	895,068,506	944,391,074	1,037,154,941	716,246,505	1,172,654,757	1,150,448,599	1,063,887,735	1,069,412,879	1,128,091,643	1,178,467,212
l Prop		↔									
Personal Property (4)	Assessed Value (3)	91,059,760	96,120,012	108,901,269	121,371,772	120,460,950	115,566,596	103,567,184	102,543,149	102,642,841	108,588,202
İ		\$									
erty (2)	Estimated Actual Value	3,313,810,127	3,346,262,917	4,041,222,908	4,148,697,733	4,306,304,426	4,397,310,301	4,527,472,624	4,591,392,500	5,920,364,697	6,045,640,063
roper		\$	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Real Prop	Assessed Value	168,068,840	168,096,480	201,775,49(208,432,649	213,751,25(218,320,320	225,199,26;	228,375,270	286,201,640	292,337,560
i		\$									
	Tax Year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006
	Fiscal Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007

(1) Total assessed value based upon assessment ratios set by state statutes.

Does not include real property assessment under appeal.

8

Merchants inventory tax was eliminated in 1987. Funds are appropriated by the state to make up the loss of revenues from the phase-out a higher minimum assessed value was also established for autos. 3

Personal Property includes all Manufacturing Property, Utilities and Railroads in Richland County. **4**

Note:

The Act, which provides for statewide uniform assessment ratios, established assessment rates of 10.5% for manufacturers' equipment, furniture, and fixtures, and autos; 6% for inventory; and either 6% or 4% for real estate. A county-wide reassessment of real property and manufacturers was completed in 1992 tax year. The source for the non-accounting data above is the assessment and miliage worksheets received from Richland and Lexington Counties.

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Strict No. 1 (1) School District No. 2 School District No. 2 School District School District 2CC Millage District 2CC Millage District 2CC Millage District 2CC Millage District 382.7 209.4 373.9 212.4 393.5 214.6 373.9 212.4 393.5 214.6 354.5 197.5 368.1 197.2 363.5 208.8 379.3 212.9 401.7 258.1 420.9 255.6 448.8 281.8 450.2 267.5 461.1 289.5 440.6 234.6 427.6 279.0 440.6 234.6 458.1 295.4 470.8 253.0			Richlar	Richland County	Richla	Richland County	Richlan	Richland / Lexington
lotal lotal Overlapping School District 1CC Millage District 2CC Millage 362.5 206.8 382.7 209.4 373.9 212.4 393.5 214.6 354.5 197.5 368.1 197.2 363.5 208.8 379.3 212.9 372.8 230.0 387.7 235.4 401.7 258.1 420.9 255.6 448.8 281.8 450.2 267.5 461.1 289.5 440.6 234.6 458.1 295.4 470.8 253.0	· 1.	00	-	strict No. 1 (1)	School Di	strict No. 2	School Di	Strict No. 5
Overlapping School Overlapping School District 1CC Millage District 2CC Millage 362.5 206.8 382.7 209.4 373.9 212.4 393.5 214.6 354.5 197.5 368.1 197.2 363.5 208.8 379.3 212.9 372.8 230.0 387.7 235.4 401.7 258.1 420.9 255.6 448.8 281.8 450.2 267.5 461.1 289.5 440.6 234.6 458.1 295.4 470.8 253.0				otal		logal	,	200
District 1CC Millage District 2CC Millage 362.5 206.8 382.7 209.4 373.9 212.4 393.5 214.6 354.5 197.5 368.1 197.2 363.5 208.8 379.3 212.9 372.8 230.0 387.7 235.4 401.7 258.1 420.9 255.6 461.1 289.5 461.5 266.4 427.6 279.0 440.6 234.6 458.1 295.4 470.8 253.0	48	hool		Overlapping	School	Overlapping	School	Overlapping
206.8 382.7 209.4 212.4 393.5 214.6 197.5 368.1 197.2 208.8 379.3 212.9 230.0 387.7 235.4 258.1 420.9 255.6 281.8 450.2 267.5 289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0	Miliage Miliage	llage	- 1	District 1CC	Millage	District 2CC	Millage	District 6CC
212.4 393.5 214.6 197.5 368.1 197.2 208.8 379.3 212.9 230.0 387.7 235.4 258.1 420.9 255.6 281.8 450.2 267.5 289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0	76.9 186.6	36.6		362.5	206.8	382.7	209.4	385.3
197.5 368.1 197.2 208.8 379.3 212.9 230.0 387.7 235.4 258.1 420.9 255.6 281.8 450.2 267.5 289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0	•	72.8		373.9	212.4	393.5	214.6	395.7
208.8 379.3 212.9 230.0 387.7 235.4 258.1 420.9 255.6 281.8 450.2 267.5 289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0		33.9		354.5	197.5	368.1	197.2	367.8
230.0 387.7 235.4 258.1 420.9 255.6 281.8 450.2 267.5 289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0	•	33.0		363.5	208.8	379.3	212.9	383.4
258.1 420.9 255.6 281.8 450.2 267.5 289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0		₹.		372.8	230.0	387.7	235.4	393.1
281.8 450.2 267.5 289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0		38 Q		401.7	258.1	420.9	255.6	418.4
289.5 461.5 266.4 279.0 440.6 234.6 295.4 470.8 253.0	•	30.4		448.8	281.8	450.2	267.5	435.9
295,4 470.8 253.0	•	39.1		461.1	289.5	461.5	266.4	438.4
295.4 470.8 253.0	78.0 266.0	36.0		427.6	279.0	440.6	234.6	396.2
		82.7		458.1	295.4	470.8	253.0	428.4

The City of Columbia is primarily situated in School District No. 1 of Richland County. £

(2) Annexation first occurred in School District No. 5 in tax year 1991.

Principal Taypayers (Unaudited)

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
South Carolina Electric & Gas	Offility	\$ 11,495,160	3.00%
BellSouth Telecom, Inc.	Communications	9,776,500	2.55%
Cingular Wireless	Communications	4,824,950	1.26%
GGP Columbiana Trust	Investment	2,966,460	%92'0
Main Street Associates	Real Estate	2,334,900	0.61%
Baker & Baker	Insurance	2,001,830	0.52%
Time Warner Ent Advance	Cable	1,937,750	0.51%
Unumprovident Corporation	Insurance	1,848,565	0.48%
Colonial Life & Accident	Insurance	1,834,817	0.48%
Parkway Properties LP	Real Estate	1,726,610	0.45%
Totals		\$ 40,747,542	10.62%

Computation of Legal Debt Margin (Unaudited)

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Assessed value as of January 1, 2006 City limits Richland County City limits Lexington County Total Business inventory 1987 assessed value	↔	377,967,692 22,958,070 400,925,762 6,667,290
Total assessed value (see note)	₩	407,593,052
Debt limit - Eight (8%) percent of assessed value, without voters' approval Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:	₩	32,607,444
Total general bonded debt		17,430,000
Legal debt margin without a referendum	₩	15,177,444

government unit cannot at any time have total debt outstanding in any amount that exceeds referendum; special bonded indebtedness levies assessed on properties located in an area eight percent (8%) of its assessed property value. Excluded from the limitation are: bonded Constitution which became effective November 30, 1977. This Section provides that a local receiving special benefits from the taxes collected; and bonded indebtedness existing on The City's borrowing power is restricted by amended Article X, Section 14, of the State indebtedness approved by the voters and issued within five years of the date of such November 30, 1977. Note:

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita To Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

						Debt			Ratio of Net	
					<u>u</u> _	Payable From		ш	Bonded Debt	Net Bonded
Fiscal		Assessed	•	Gross Bonded		Enterprise	Net Bonded	-	To Assessed	Debt Per
Year	Population (1)	Value (2)	95	Debt (3)	to to	Revenues (4)	Debt		Value	Capita
1998	126,800	\$ 259,128,600	•>>	11,306,141	s	1,766,141	\$ 9,540,000		3.68	75.24
1999	126,828	264,216,492		10,679,837		1,539,837	9,140,000		3.46	75.24
2000	126,828	310,676,759		10,058,532		1,318,532	8,740,000		2.81	68.91
2001	116,278	329,804,421		9,347,228		1,107,228	8.240.000		2.50	64.97
2002	116,278	334,212,200		8,520,924		875,924	7,645,000		2.29	65.75
2003	117,394	333,886,916		23,194,620		644,620	22,550,000		6.75	192.09
2004	117,394	328,766,451		21,803,315		423,315	21,380,000		6.50	182.12
2005	117,394	331,339,053		20,320,000		210,000	20,110,000		6.07	171.30
2006	117,394	388,844,481		18,830,000		1,400,000	17,430,000		4.48	148.47
2007	116,278	400,925,762		17,430,000		0	17,430,000		4.35	149.90

Source: Bureau of the Census and current Planning Department of the City of Columbia, South Carolina.

 Ξ

From assessed value of property as furnished by Richland & Lexington counties. 3

(3) Amount does not include revenue bonds.

This amount represents the general obligation refunding bond that is being repaid from the parking operating fund. <u>4</u>

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures General Obligation Bonded Debt (1) Total General Governmental Expenditures (3) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Ratio of	Debt Service to	General Governmental	Expenditures	<u>ن</u>	0.	1.0	0.7	0.	7.0	0.8	7.0	4	
Total	General	Governmental	Expenditures (3)	74,544,840	76,666,071	83,898,646	95,709,228	95,858,067	105,298,901	13,119,371	119,787,994	148,855,158	
	Total	Debt	Service	1,000,175 \$	768,448	840,797	916,398	980,398	769,849	915,245	889,660	2,148,318	•
	-	Bonad	Š	8 7,0		8	G)	O)	7	O	ω	.,	
			nterest (2)	600,175	368,448	440,797	416,398	385,398	174,849	320,245	294,660	868,318	
				\$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
			Principal (1) Interest (2)	400,000	400,000	400,00	500,00	595,00	595,00	595,00	595,00	1,280,00	
		-		₩									
		Fiscal	Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006	

⁽¹⁾ General obligation bonds reported in the enterprise funds have been excluded.

⁽²⁾ Excludes bond issuance and other costs.

⁽³⁾ Includes total governmental funds.

CITY OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2007

Jurisdiction	City Direct G Bonded D	City of Columbia Direct General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding (1)	Overla Obliga Debt	Overlapping General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Direct a Bonded De	Total Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt Outstanding (1)
Direct: City of Columbia	₩	17,430,000	₩	•	↔	17,430,000
Overlapping: Richland County School District No. 1	_	265,038,541		186,801,459		451,840,000
General purposes- Richland County		16,112,422		34,137,578		50,250,000
Riverbanks Park District		2,787,199		11,732,801		14,520,000
Total Overlapping		283,938,162		232,671,838		516,610,000
Total	s	301,368,162	€9	232,671,838	\$	534,040,000

Excluding general obligation refunding bonds reported in the enterprise funds. ε

Revenue Bond Coverage Water and Sewer Bonds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Net Revenue		Debt Service Requirement	Requirem	nent	
Fiscal Year		Gross Revenues (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	est	Total	Coverage
1998	\$	57.353.677	\$ 23.243.021	\$ 34.110.656	\$ 9.085.000	\$ 6,073,683	,683	\$ 15,158,683	2.25
1999	→	65,554,713	24,357,987	41,196,726	9,595,000	•	,408	15,167,408	2.72
2000		71,342,820	27,326,824	44,015,996	10,640,000		,644	16,761,644	2.63
2001		79,051,017	29,725,288	49,325,729	12,700,000	7,701	7,701,563	20,401,563	2.42
2002		77,671,344	29,891,043	47,780,301	13,420,000	~	,440	20,405,440	2.34
2003		78,738,660	34,344,036	44,394,624	9,033,368	dem	0	20,095,478	2.21
2004		77,856,380	41,513,901	36,342,479	8,969,249		,590	20,093,839	<u>~</u>
2005		78,864,065	44,812,297	34,051,768	8,965,071	11,122,212	,212	20,087,283	9.70
2006		92,726,369	53,347,947	39,378,422	14,915,000		7,052,737	21,967,737	1.79
2007		101,657,409	53,436,775	48,220,634	9,275,000		7,889,584	17,164,584	2.81

levied and collected in connection with, and all other income and receipts of whatever kind of character derived by the City from the operation of the system or arising from the system." Accordingly, gross revenues include Gross revenues are defined by the bond ordinance of 1991 as "all fees, tolls, rates, rentals and charges to be operating revenues, interest revenues, and gains/losses on disposals of capital assets. E

Direct operating expenses include all operating and maintenance expenses except depreciation. 3

The next highest annual debt service requirement is \$17,296,703 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2010

Revenue Bond Coverage Parking Bonds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				_	Net Revenue		Det	ot Se	Debt Service Requirement	men		
Fiscal		Gross	Operating	•	Available for	I						
Year	Ľ	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)		Debt Service		Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
					The state of the s		to the second of					
1998	ઝ	4,685,036	\$ 1,541,722	G	3,143,314	↔	300,000	₩	418,906	₩	718,906	4.37
1999		4,687,149	1,315,610		3,371,539		310,000		404,644		714,644	4.72
2000		4,724,509	1,385,585		3,338,924		325,000		389,319		714,319	4.67
2001		5,461,908	1,474,996		3,986,912		345,000		372,904		717,904	5.55
2002		5,462,605	1,555,459		3,907,146		360,000		355,451		715,451	5.46
2003		5,755,703	1,709,237		4,046,466		380,000		336,761		716,761	5,65
2004		5,630,996	1,892,203		3,738,793		395,000		316,703		711,703	5.25
2002		6,213,474	1,914,254		4,299,220		415,000		295,336		710,336	6.05
2006		6,867,719	3,864,972		3,002,747		440,000		640,638		1,080,638	2.78
2007		8,061,224	2,502,413		5,558,811		460,000		2,455,384		2,915,384	1.91

issued." Gross revenues include operating revenues, interest revenues, and gains/losses on year in which additional bonds are proposed to be issued, as certified to by a Certified Public additional bonds which may be then issued, and for all additional bonds then proposed to be The Bond Ordinance earnings test prescribes that "The average of the aggregate of revenue Accountant, shall be not less than one hundred thirty five per centum (135%) of the highest paid into the Gross Revenue Fund for the two fiscal years immediately preceding the fiscal combined interest and principal requirements of any succeeding year of all bonds, for all disposals of capital assets. $\widehat{\Xi}$

maximum debt service of \$4,758,034. The next highest debt service is 2008-2009 for \$708,313 The average earnings for the last two fiscal years is \$6,424,034 which would allow for a leaving a margin of \$4,050,231. Direct operating expenses include all operating and maintenance expenses except depreciation. (7)

Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Per Capita	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Rate (4)
1998	126,800	\$ 24,423	27,079	3.0%
1999	126,828	25,367	26,664	3.8%
2000	126,828	26,855	27,120	3.0%
2001	116,278	27,255	25,753	3.1%
2002	116,278	27,879	25,732	5.4%
2003	117,394	28,577	25,304	4.2%
2004	117,394	29,419	25,770	%6.9
2005	117,394	30,810	24,589	5.7%
2006	117,394	32,308	24,060	6.2%
2007	116,278	32,238	23,658	5.1%

Bureau of the Census and Current Planning Department of the City of Columbia. E Sources:

(2) Office of Research and Statistical Services, State of South Carolina Budget and Control Board, represents Columbia MSA.

(3) Richland County School District One.

(4) South Carolina Employment Security Commission. (Labor market information).

Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Co	Commercial	Res	Residential		
i	Property	Property Value (Estimated A	d Actual Value)	Const	Construction (1)	Constr	Construction (1)		
Fiscal				No. of		No. of		İ	Bank
Year	Commercial	Residential	Total	Units	Value	Units	Value		Deposits (2)
1998 \$	1,768,668,000	1998 \$ 1,768,668,000 \$ 1,548,501,000	\$ 3,317,169,000	92	\$ 66,851,996	821	\$ 57.363.582	582 \$	4.887.000
1999	1,712,281,500	1,633,754,250	3.346.035.750	52	54 695 000	4019	93 140 242	CPC	5 020 000
2000	2,006,126,167	2.034.674.250	4.040.800.417	44	32 910 736	5 6	73 033 (1 0	3,020,000
)) :: 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1		ř	34,310,130	2	500,000,000	200	4,394,107
2001	2,124,236,983	2,023,482,500	4,147,719,483	40	99,802,533	481	76,001,939	339	4.920.952
2002	2,075,747,467	2,229,672,050	4,305,419,517	56	36.417.036	448	62 723 046	746	5 224 62A
2003	4.077 296 267	2 243 842 600	6 324 438 267	. 7	22 042 006		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,01,01
	107100111011	2,443,044,000	0,341,130,401	0	07,040,000	305	58,318,234	.34	5,247,678
2004	2,142,707,533	2,360,137,200	4,502,844,733	83	98,682,615	538	73,330,695	395	5.676.259
2002	2,285,978,500	2,355,197,750	4,641,176,250	24	34.381.801	522	95 558 797	797	7 090 704
2006	2.680.175.167	3 134 568 250	T 844 742 447	40	00 000	0.47	200000		1,000,1
		001100000000000000000000000000000000000		9	20,121,002	/40	110,239,733	33	1,832,236
2002	2,742,031,630	2,923,932,400	5,665,964,030	51	88,313,998	1,548	144.516.429	129	8,565,386
						•			1 - 1 - 1 - 1

(1) Inspection Division of the City of Columbia.

(2) Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, Virginia FY1995-2002. Data represents Columbia MSA as of June 30. Beginning 2003 source: (FDIC) Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. Represented to the (\$000) thousand power.

Net Assets by Component Last Three Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2007	ă	2006		2005
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	⊌ ?	170 666 468	₩.	97.571.357	€ A	45.224.118
Restricted	+	7,270	+	6,982	+	54,858,328
Unrestricted		25,607,280		75,615,450		83,515,738
Total governmental activities net assets	⊌	196,281,018	₩	173,193,789	₩	183,598,184
Business-type activites					-	
invested in capital assets, net of related debt	₩	441,526,920	₩	412,723,624	₩	323,319,938
Restricted for debt service		0		0		18,553,749
Reserved designated		0		0		0
Restricted for capital projects		0		0		0
Unrestricted		87,904,766		95,972,456		153,207,685
Total business-type activities net assets	 \$	529,431,686	₩	508,696,080	₩	495,081,372
Primary Government						
invested in capital assets, net of related debt	₩	612,193,388	₩	510,294,981	₩	368,544,056
Restricted		7,270		6,982		73,412,077
Unrestricted		113,512,046		171,587,906	•	236,723,423
Total primary government net assets	# \$	725,712,704	69	681,889,869	59	678,679,556

Changes in Net Assets Last Three Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Miles alvers		WIND MAKE IN			
_		2007	o decar	2006		2005
Expenses						
Governmental activities:	•					
General government Judicial	\$	35,358,581	\$	51,296,220	,	
Finance department		2,167,922		2,044,037		1,967,326
Community development		1,982,964		1,360,869		1,194,909
Public safety		3,904,174		3,396,497		3,082,389
Parks and recreation		50,306,710		41,619,178		38,027,339
Public services		11,053,830 24,014,241		7,853,425		13,169,502
General services		3,382,092		22,868,279 5,791,988		25,910,346
Community promotions		9,926,673		7,946,764		2,630,296
Interest on bonds		4,081,910		2,275,464		781,376 3,131,666
Non departmental		3,433,419		1,147,254		3,956,106
Total governmental activities expenses		149,612,515		147,599,975		100,764,142
Business-type activities:			•		-	
Water/sewer facilities		83,849,936		80,189,801		67,586,282
Hydro-electric plant		1,020,132		1,010,483		903,114
Storm water operating		3,382,264		1,683,476		1,518,394
Parking facilities		5,139,583		6,149,446		2,745,011
Transportation operating		30,320		31,363		121,363
Redevelopment programs		774,935		901,209		238,547
Total business-type expenses		94,197,170	•	89,965,778	•	73,112,711
Total primary government expenses	\$	243,809,685	\$	237,565,753	\$	173,876,853
Program revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services	\$	56,583,922	\$	51,943,738	\$	62,989,276
Operating grants and contributions		30,413,604		30,208,259		25,839,940
Capital grants and contributions		8,291,673		2,165,766		0
Total governmental program revenues		95,289,199		84,317,763		88,829,216
Business-type activities:		400 400 470		400 000 000		
Charges for services		109,493,479		103,272,992		96,099,207
Operating grants and contributions		0		0		0
Capital grants and contributions		12,161,089		13,738,679		0
Total business-type program revenues: Total primary government revenues	٠.	121,654,568 216,943,767	e	117,011,671 201,329,434		96,099,207
rotal pilliary government rovenaca	٠.	210,343,707	Ψ	201,323,434	Ф	184,928,423
Net (Expense)/Revenue						
Governmental activities	\$	(54,323,315)	\$	(63,282,213)	\$	(11,934,926)
Business-type activities		27,457,398		27,045,893		22,986,496
Total primary government net revenue	\$ =	(26,865,918)	\$	(36,236,320)	\$	11,051,570
General Revenues				* •		
Governmental activities:						
Taxes	\$		\$	27,134,829	\$	36,597,464
Lost revenue		14,988,418		14,241,132		0
Alcoholic beverages taxes		3,435,403		3,204,139		3,131,607
Motor fuel taxes		7,715		9,241		14,239
Miscellaneous state taxes		0		10,383		9,953
Fines and forfeitures		0		0		903,730
Unrestricted investment earnings		4,670,483		2,478,194		2,625,477
Amortization of premium		0		0		91,788
Gain/Loss from disposal of capital assets		(7,426,558)		(2,950,480)		138,844
Transfers		8,736,903		5,832,436		243,168
Total general government revenues/transfers	\$ _	56,441,220	\$	49,959,874	\$	43,756,270
Business-type activities:						
Unrestricted investment earnings		6,715,293		5,536,084		3,368,514
Gain/Loss from disposal of capital assets		(116,006)		22,080		58,153
Transfers		(8,736,903)		(5,832,436)		(243,168)
Total business-type activities:	_	(2,137,616)	_	(274,272)		3,183,499
Total primary government general revenues	\$ _	54,303,604	\$	49,685,602	\$	46,939,769
Change in Net Assets						
Governmental activities	\$	2,117,905	\$	(13,322,339)	\$	31,821,344
Business-type activities	_	25,319,782		26,771,621		26,169,995
Total primary government	\$ _	27,437,687	\$	13,449,282	\$	57,991,339
	_		-			

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Three Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2007		2006	2005
General Fund	parameter de la constantion de	The state of the s	description of the second		
Reserved	\$	2,037,950	\$	1,126,443	\$ 1,647,466
Unreserved		21,687,149		22,394,019	15,196,044
Total General Fund	\$	23,725,099	\$	23,520,462	\$ 16,843,510
All Other Governmental Funds					
Reserved	\$	17,972,849	\$	22,428,329	\$ 18,762,820
Reserve for held in trust					
Nonexpendable		1,983		1,982	723
Expendable		5,287		5,000	5,000
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds		12,579,898		9,751,796	8,152,704
Debt service funds		4,885,298		4,086,495	0
Capital projects funds		10,968,390		14,032,774	12,599,006
Total all other governmental funds	\$	46,413,705	\$	50,306,376	\$ 39,520,253

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Three Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

			der in der in interestelligen der den der erstelligen der einen der erstelligen area recognist		
	2007		2006		2005
Revenues		en en en en en en en en en en en en en e	and the second of the second o		tern konstant et konstant og og en en en en en en en en en en en en en
· · · ·	\$ 46,684,713	3 \$	41,546,505	\$	36,529,356
Licenses and permits	31,162,106	3	27,911,017		26,666,050
Intergovernmental revenue	9,879,961	1	8,884,739		8,728,588
Charges for services	8,412,727	7	7,708,719		6,059,904
Fines and forfeitures	786,187	7	788,374		903,730
Federal government	6,296,982	2	7,364,346		5,053,074
State government	1,630,152	2	2,501,419		3,378,397
County government	27,546,699)	20,548,995		16,772,187
Promotions	188,563	3	60,177		264,974
Confiscated drugs	44,057	7	143,818		40,488
Interest	3,512,130)	1,869,260		1,114,238
Other revenues	4,991,201		6,999,423		19,698,285
Revenue from component units	O)	0		82,107
Cost recovery fees	3,200,000	<u> </u>	3,200,000		3,208,450
Total revenues	144,335,478		129,526,793		128,499,828
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	30,136,559		46,732,884		45,790,642
Judicial	1,874,399		1,833,635		1,888,129
Finance department	1,747,050		1,252,432		1,192,351
Community development	3,249,126		3,093,611		3,161,595
Public safety	42,204,031		37,555,878		37,548,549
Parks and recreation	8,959,135		6,857,319		13,063,008
Public services	20,907,423		21,433,541		25,087,460
General services	3,221,626		5,181,242		2,366,418
Community promotions	8,028,392		7,946,764		781,376
Non departmental	1,994,232		656,597		1,823,582
Paid to component units	0		0		847,697
Other charges	1,567,941		483,367		. 0
Debt service					
Principle retirement	7,559,169		8,168,439		4,914,429
Interest on bonds	3,804,084		1,626,467		1,847,366
Fiscal agent charges	87,360		5,208		3,684
Capital outlay					•
Capital outlay	25,409,592		6,027,774		508,109
Total expenditures	160,750,119	• —	148,855,158	•	140,824,395
Excess (definciency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(16,414,641)		(19,328,365)	_	(12,324,567)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	23,252,127		25,167,313		17,298,701
Transfers (out)	(31,432,694)		(19,334,877)		(16,306,393)
Proceeds from disposal of captial assets	2,526,053		6,485,100		(10,000,000)
Proceeds from note payable issued	22,014,258		1,500,000	_	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,359,744		13,817,536	-	992,308
Net change in fund balances \$	(54,897)	\$	(5,510,829)	\$_	(11,332,259)
Ballia -				-	
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenses	8%		7%	-	5%

Miscellaneous Statistics

(UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Date of Incorporation	THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Assidentialistic en gran en en en en en en en en en en en en en	
Town City			December 21, 1805 December 21, 1854
Form of Government			Council-Manager
Area - Square Miles			135.66
Miles of Streets and Sidewalks Streets Sidewalks			471.29 301.09
Miles of Sanitary Sewers			1019.80
Building Permits Permits issued Estimated Cost - taxable property Estimated Cost - nontaxable property	ty		5,697 386,450,009 7,794,413
Fire Protection Number of stations Number of employees			11 267
Police Protection Number of Stations Authorized strength: Full-time sworn Part-time civilians Full-time civilians			24 340 4 42
Recreation Parks and playgrounds - acres City owned parks and playgrounds			557.8 51
Municipal Water Plants			2
Number of Meters Billed	Inside <u>City Limits</u>	Outside <u>City Limits</u>	<u>Total</u>
Water Sewer	39,003 32,106	91,762 34,983	130,765 67,089
Daily Average consumption billed Plant Capacity Miles of water mains Number of fire hydrants (in-City)			55,199,489 126,000,000 1,887.10 3,063

Miscellaneous Statistics

(UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Flactice Date	
Election Data Registered voters in the City (District 1C) Number of votes cast last election Percentage of registered voters voting	62,990 13,122 21.51%
Traffic Signals and Street Lights Controlled traffic signal intersections Four-way flashing sgnals at intersections School flashing signals Number of street lights	261 16 45 9,067
Education (Public School System Only) City school system(Richland County School District 1) Number of school buildings Number of teachers Number of students registerd Average daily attendance: Elementary schools Middle schools High schools Special schools	51 2,460 23,658 10,552 5,367 6,737 121
Universities and Colleges Number of locations Number of students registered	8 33,198
City of Columbia Permanent Employees Full-time Part-time	2,188 64

City of Columbia, South Carolina